

**Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. and
Subsidiaries**

**Consolidated Financial Statements for the
Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and
Independent Auditors' Review Report**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, changes in equity and cash flows for the six months then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms, and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms, and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of the Bank as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Shu-Lin Liu and Pan-Fa Wang.

Deloitte & Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China

August 11, 2022

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	June 30, 2022 (Reviewed)		December 31, 2021 (Audited)		June 30, 2021 (Reviewed)	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
ASSETS						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Note 6)	\$ 11,959,933	2	\$ 17,964,974	2	\$ 14,186,460	2
DUE FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND CALL LOANS TO OTHER BANKS (Notes 7 and 36)	37,985,918	5	38,193,986	5	34,680,652	5
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Note 8)	32,885,328	4	33,675,502	4	34,374,715	4
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Note 9)	48,808,624	6	48,547,804	6	44,972,375	6
INVESTMENTS IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS AT AMORTIZED COST (Notes 10 and 36)	106,081,022	14	109,181,808	14	109,833,434	15
SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER RESELL AGREEMENTS (Note 11)	6,217,996	1	11,258,439	2	14,604,913	2
RECEIVABLES, NET (Notes 12 and 36)	14,463,262	2	14,351,605	2	16,336,250	2
CURRENT TAX ASSETS (Note 4)	-	-	-	-	20	-
NOTES DISCOUNTED AND LOANS, NET (Notes 13 and 35)	501,484,282	64	479,806,373	62	467,027,787	62
INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD, NET (Note 14)	171,353	-	165,124	-	162,407	-
RESTRICTED ASSETS, NET (Notes 15 and 36)	355,983	-	394,621	-	499,392	-
OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET (Note 16)	316,157	-	437,502	-	-	-
PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT, NET (Note 17)	14,872,781	2	13,755,424	2	12,390,865	2
RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, NET (Note 18)	797,076	-	817,320	-	971,753	-
INVESTMENT PROPERTIES, NET (Note 19)	21,787	-	-	-	17,969	-
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET (Note 20)	207,167	-	220,723	-	208,515	-
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (Note 4)	913,803	-	859,352	-	813,340	-
OTHER ASSETS (Notes 21 and 36)	<u>2,320,279</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,047,836</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2,513,552</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 779,862,751</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 772,678,393</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 753,594,399</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
DUE TO THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS (Note 22)	\$ 4,653,700	1	\$ 3,953,700	1	\$ 5,985,648	1
FUNDS BORROWED FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS (Notes 23 and 36)	7,033,930	1	10,459,156	2	10,052,952	1
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Note 8)	1,568,174	-	512,399	-	644,176	-
SECURITIES SOLD UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (Note 24)	1,203,820	-	1,205,559	-	2,963,834	1
PAYABLES (Notes 25 and 35)	8,179,292	1	11,092,958	2	7,957,207	1
CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (Note 4)	647,265	-	406,178	-	348,933	-
DEPOSITS AND REMITTANCES (Notes 26 and 35)	667,884,668	86	659,116,235	85	648,078,120	86
BANK DEBENTURES (Notes 27 and 35)	16,500,000	2	16,500,000	2	11,500,000	2
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Note 28)	5,045,216	1	2,648,169	-	2,618,348	-
PROVISIONS (Notes 4 and 29)	1,374,011	-	1,355,169	-	1,408,395	-
LEASE LIABILITIES (Note 18)	837,665	-	853,218	-	1,003,692	-
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Note 4)	109,486	-	109,486	-	111,021	-
OTHER LIABILITIES (Note 30)	<u>1,083,772</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,006,181</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,012,837</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>716,120,999</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>709,218,408</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>693,685,163</u>	<u>92</u>
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE BANK (Note 31)						
Ordinary shares	45,385,205	6	45,385,205	6	41,516,943	6
Reserve for capitalization	2,269,260	-	-	-	-	-
Capital surplus	1,054,006	-	1,054,006	-	803,606	-
Retained earnings						
Legal reserve	12,141,002	2	10,677,008	1	9,469,859	1
Special reserve	149,077	-	149,678	-	150,243	-
Unappropriated earnings	2,629,943	-	4,886,043	1	6,435,236	1
Other equity	<u>113,259</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,308,045</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,533,349</u>	<u>-</u>
Total equity attributable to owners of the Bank	<u>63,741,752</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>63,459,985</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>59,909,236</u>	<u>8</u>
Total equity	<u>63,741,752</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>63,459,985</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>59,909,236</u>	<u>8</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 779,862,751</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 772,678,393</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 753,594,399</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30				For the Six Months Ended June 30			
	2022		2021		2022		2021	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
INTEREST REVENUE (Notes 32 and 35)	\$ 3,661,909	102	\$ 3,063,670	93	\$ 6,824,318	97	\$ 6,082,236	92
INTEREST EXPENSE (Notes 32 and 35)	<u>(935,088)</u>	<u>(26)</u>	<u>(747,669)</u>	<u>(23)</u>	<u>(1,679,881)</u>	<u>(24)</u>	<u>(1,519,219)</u>	<u>(23)</u>
NET INTEREST	2,726,821	76	2,316,001	70	5,144,437	73	4,563,017	69
NET INCOME OTHER THAN INTEREST								
Service fee income, net (Notes 32 and 35)	860,065	24	777,988	24	1,722,604	24	1,627,106	25
Gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 32)	368,131	10	128,916	4	460,285	7	375,120	6
Realized gains on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 32)	52,008	1	12,695	-	57,232	1	12,695	-
Foreign exchange (losses) gains, net	(415,735)	(11)	60,252	2	(354,073)	(5)	5,693	-
Impairment gains (losses) on financial assets (Notes 9, 10 and 32)	3,303	-	(1,121)	-	2,314	-	(3,032)	-
Share of gains (losses) of associates for using the equity method (Note 14)	108	-	92	-	(2,638)	-	(681)	-
Other non-interest gains, net (Note 32)	<u>12,256</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,471</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,290</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,899</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL NET REVENUE	<u>3,606,957</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>3,301,294</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>7,044,451</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>6,589,817</u>	<u>100</u>
PROVISION FOR BAD DEBTS EXPENSE, COMMITMENTS AND GUARANTEES (Notes 12, 13, 29 and 32)	<u>(117,826)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(353,251)</u>	<u>(11)</u>	<u>(335,695)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(672,978)</u>	<u>(10)</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Employee benefits expenses (Note 32)	(1,164,038)	(32)	(1,075,506)	(32)	(2,266,793)	(32)	(2,139,888)	(33)
Depreciation and amortization expenses (Note 32)	(107,759)	(3)	(130,161)	(4)	(214,700)	(3)	(262,400)	(4)
Other selling and administrative expenses (Notes 32 and 35)	<u>(515,911)</u>	<u>(15)</u>	<u>(430,098)</u>	<u>(13)</u>	<u>(963,347)</u>	<u>(14)</u>	<u>(879,581)</u>	<u>(13)</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>(1,787,708)</u>	<u>(50)</u>	<u>(1,635,765)</u>	<u>(49)</u>	<u>(3,444,840)</u>	<u>(49)</u>	<u>(3,281,869)</u>	<u>(50)</u>
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	1,701,423	47	1,312,278	40	3,263,916	46	2,634,970	40
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 33)	<u>(371,172)</u>	<u>(10)</u>	<u>(166,204)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(657,651)</u>	<u>(9)</u>	<u>(358,652)</u>	<u>(6)</u>
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	<u>1,330,251</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>1,146,074</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>2,606,265</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>2,276,318</u>	<u>34</u>

(Continued)

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30				For the Six Months Ended June 30			
	2022		2021		2022		2021	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME								
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:								
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ (289,168)	(8)	\$ 131,453	4	\$ (65,550)	(1)	\$ 314,772	5
Share of the other comprehensive income (loss) of associates accounted for using the equity method	1,633	-	(5,930)	(1)	8,867	-	(60)	-
Income tax benefit (expense) relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (Notes 4 and 33)	<u>5,109</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,259)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,179</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,275)</u>	<u>-</u>
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss, net of income tax	<u>(282,426)</u>	<u>(8)</u>	<u>122,264</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>(54,504)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>311,437</u>	<u>5</u>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:								
Exchange differences on the translation of financial statements of foreign operations	(2,823)	-	(14,136)	-	41,126	1	36,059	1
Unrealized loss on investments in debt instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income	<u>(736,370)</u>	<u>(20)</u>	<u>(87,792)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(1,176,490)</u>	<u>(17)</u>	<u>(36,331)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss, net of income tax	<u>(739,193)</u>	<u>(20)</u>	<u>(101,928)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(1,135,364)</u>	<u>(16)</u>	<u>(272)</u>	<u>-</u>
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the period, net of income tax	<u>(1,021,619)</u>	<u>(28)</u>	<u>20,336</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,189,868)</u>	<u>(17)</u>	<u>311,165</u>	<u>5</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 308,632</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>\$ 1,166,410</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>\$ 1,416,397</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>\$ 2,587,483</u>	<u>39</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 34)								
Basic	<u>\$ 0.28</u>		<u>\$ 0.26</u>		<u>\$ 0.55</u>		<u>\$ 0.52</u>	
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.28</u>		<u>\$ 0.26</u>		<u>\$ 0.55</u>		<u>\$ 0.52</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)
(Reviewed, Not Audited)

	Equity Attributable to Owners of the Bank						Other Equity		Total Equity
	Capital Stock			Retained Earnings			Exchange Differences on the Translation of Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	
	Ordinary Shares	Reserve for Capitalization	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings			
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2021	\$ 41,516,943	\$ -	\$ 803,606	\$ 9,469,859	\$ 150,243	\$ 4,077,345	\$ (121,110)	\$ 1,424,867	\$ 57,321,753
Net profit for the six months ended June 30, 2021	-	-	-	-	-	2,276,318	-	-	2,276,318
Other comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2021, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,059	275,106	311,165
Total comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2021	-	-	-	-	-	2,276,318	36,059	275,106	2,587,483
Disposals of investments in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	81,573	-	(81,573)	-
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2021	<u>\$ 41,516,943</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 803,606</u>	<u>\$ 9,469,859</u>	<u>\$ 150,243</u>	<u>\$ 6,435,236</u>	<u>\$ (85,051)</u>	<u>\$ 1,618,400</u>	<u>\$ 59,909,236</u>
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2022	\$ 45,385,205	\$ -	\$ 1,054,006	\$ 10,677,008	\$ 149,678	\$ 4,886,043	\$ (85,087)	\$ 1,393,132	\$ 63,459,985
Appropriation of 2021 earnings									
Legal reserve	-	-	-	1,463,994	-	(1,463,994)	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	-	(601)	601	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(1,134,630)	-	-	(1,134,630)
Share dividends	-	2,269,260	-	-	-	(2,269,260)	-	-	-
Net profit for the six months ended June 30, 2022	-	-	-	-	-	2,606,265	-	-	2,606,265
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2022, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,126	(1,230,994)	(1,189,868)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2022	-	-	-	-	-	2,606,265	41,126	(1,230,994)	1,416,397
Disposals of investments in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	4,918	-	(4,918)	-
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2022	<u>\$ 45,385,205</u>	<u>\$ 2,269,260</u>	<u>\$ 1,054,006</u>	<u>\$ 12,141,002</u>	<u>\$ 149,077</u>	<u>\$ 2,629,943</u>	<u>\$ (43,961)</u>	<u>\$ 157,220</u>	<u>\$ 63,741,752</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 3,263,916	\$ 2,634,970
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	180,577	230,737
Amortization expense	34,123	31,663
Provision for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantees liabilities	335,695	672,978
Gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(460,285)	(375,120)
Losses (gains on) disposal of properties and equipment	151	(1,187)
Interest expense	1,679,881	1,519,219
Interest revenue	(6,824,318)	(6,082,236)
Dividend income	(57,165)	(10,218)
Share of loss of associates	2,638	681
Gains on disposal of investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(67)	(2,477)
(Reversal of) impairment losses on financial assets	(2,314)	3,032
Unrealized (gains) losses on foreign currency exchange	(1,439,081)	209,554
Gains on lease suspension	(415)	(3,861)
Total adjustment	<u>(6,550,580)</u>	<u>(3,807,235)</u>
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	(903,077)	(971,571)
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,660,585	(2,283,867)
Receivables	(41,179)	(2,875,144)
Notes discounted and loans	(21,833,627)	(11,030,199)
Other financial assets	1,435	3,320
Other assets	719,230	29,967
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	700,000	(1,051,690)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	645,649	(989,546)
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	(1,739)	663,757
Payables	(4,386,436)	392,066
Deposits and remittances	8,768,433	11,488,652
Other financial liabilities	1,943,686	57,762
Provision for employee benefits	(26,614)	(38,591)
Other liabilities	35,417	(65,828)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	<u>(12,718,237)</u>	<u>(6,670,912)</u>
Cash used in operations	(16,004,901)	(7,843,177)
Interest received	6,730,612	6,090,308

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TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021
Dividends received	\$ 57,165	\$ 10,218
Interest paid	(1,339,241)	(1,300,962)
Income tax paid	<u>(468,836)</u>	<u>(190,083)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(11,025,201)</u>	<u>(3,233,696)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(2,092,726)	(4,806,277)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	688,096	1,063,958
Purchase of financial assets at amortized cost	(422,441,857)	(451,866,296)
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at amortized cost	427,187,141	454,412,312
Payments for properties and equipment	(1,219,971)	(164,470)
Proceeds from disposal of properties and equipment	-	1,255
Increase in refundable deposits	(248,935)	(162,801)
Payments for intangible assets	(19,397)	(24,427)
Payments for investment properties	<u>(21,787)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash generated from (used in) investing activities	<u>1,830,564</u>	<u>(1,546,746)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
(Repayment of) funds borrowed from Central Bank and other banks	(3,425,226)	1,542,300
Proceeds from commercial papers issued	453,361	864,773
Proceeds from guarantee deposits received	42,174	103,354
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities	<u>(73,427)</u>	<u>(119,548)</u>
Net cash (used in) generated from financing activities	<u>(3,003,118)</u>	<u>2,390,879</u>
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES		
	<u>41,126</u>	<u>36,059</u>
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(12,156,629)	(2,353,504)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	<u>47,367,088</u>	<u>46,249,219</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 35,210,459</u>	<u>\$ 43,895,715</u>

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TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

	<u>June 30</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
RECONCILIATIONS OF THE AMOUNTS IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS WITH THE EQUIVALENT ITEMS REPORTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AT JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021		
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated balance sheets	\$ 11,959,933	\$ 14,186,460
Due from the central bank and call loans to other banks in accordance with cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 “Statement of Cash Flows”	17,032,530	15,104,342
Securities purchased under resell agreements in accordance with cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 “Statement of Cash Flows”	<u>6,217,996</u>	<u>14,604,913</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	<u>\$ 35,210,459</u>	<u>\$ 43,895,715</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. (the “Bank”), formerly known as Taichung District Association Saving Co., Ltd. (Taichung District Association) was established on September 27, 1952 by the Taiwan Provincial Government. It was incorporated in April 1953 and started operations in August of the same year. In July of 1975, the Banking Act of the Republic of China was revised and implemented. On January 1, 1978, the Taichung District Association Saving Co., Ltd. (Taichung District Association) was restructured into Taichung SME Bank Co., Ltd. (Taichung SME Bank) and its shares were listed on May 15, 1984.

In line with the national financial policy to provide public and social financial services and support the economic construction as well as the development of industrial and commercial, Taichung SME Bank was renamed as Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. in December 1998. As of June 30, 2022, the Bank had a business department, a trust department, a foreign exchange transaction department, 81 domestic branches, a Malaysia Labuan branch and an offshore banking unit (OBU). The operations of the Bank consist of planning, managing, operating a trust business and overseas financial business. These operations are regulated under the Bank Law of the Republic of China (“ROC”).

At the time of the establishment, the amount of capital invested by the Bank was \$500 thousand. In order to improve the capital structure and cooperate with the government decree, the Bank has successively applied for increase and decrease of capital. As of June 30, 2022, the Bank’s capital amount was \$45,385,205 thousand.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Bank’s functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Bank’s board of directors on August 11, 2022.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

- a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the “IFRSs”) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

Except for the following, the initial application of the amendments to the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have any material impact on the Group’s accounting policies:

- b. The IFRSs endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2023

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB
Amendments to IAS 1 “Disclosure of Accounting Policies”	January 1, 2023 (Note 1)
Amendments to IAS 8 “Definition of Accounting Estimates”	January 1, 2023 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 12 “Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction”	January 1, 2023 (Note 3)

Note 1: The amendments will be applied prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

Note 2: The amendments are applicable to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies that occur on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

Note 3: Except for deferred taxes that will be recognized on January 1, 2022 for temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations, the amendments will be applied prospectively to transactions that occur on or after January 1, 2022.

Amendments to IAS 1 “Disclosure of Accounting Policies”

The amendments specify that the Group should refer to the definition of material to determine its material accounting policy information to be disclosed. Accounting policy information is material if it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments also clarify that:

- Accounting policy information that relates to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions is immaterial and need not be disclosed;
- The Group may consider the accounting policy information as material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial; and
- Not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material.

The amendments also illustrate that accounting policy information is likely to be considered as material to the financial statements if that information relates to material transactions, other events or conditions and:

- 1) The Group changed its accounting policy during the reporting period and this change resulted in a material change to the information in the financial statements;
- 2) The Group chose the accounting policy from options permitted by the standards;
- 3) The accounting policy was developed in accordance with IAS 8 “Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors” in the absence of an IFRS that specifically applies;
- 4) The accounting policy relates to an area for which the Group is required to make significant judgements or assumptions in applying an accounting policy, and the Group discloses those judgements or assumptions; or
- 5) The accounting is complex and users of the financial statements would otherwise not understand those material transactions, other events or conditions.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

- c. New IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative Information"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"	January 1, 2023

Note: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of above standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC. Disclosure information included in the interim consolidated financial statements is less than those required in a complete set of annual financial statements.

- b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair value and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Accounts included in the Group's consolidated financial statements are not classified as current or non-current but are stated in the order of their liquidity. Refer to Note 39 for the maturity analysis of assets and liabilities.

d. Basis of consolidation

1) Principles for preparing consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Bank and the entities controlled by the Bank (i.e. its subsidiaries).

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

2) Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements

The subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Investor Company	Subsidiary	Main Business and Products	Percentage of Equity Held (%)		
			June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Taichung Bank Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	Insurance broker industry	100	100	100
	Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	Leasing business	100	100	100
	Taichung Commercial Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	Securities industry	100	100	100
Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited TCCBL Co., Ltd.	TCCBL Co., Ltd.	Financial leasing and investment business	100	100	100
	Taichung Bank Financial Leasing (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Financial leasing business	100	100	100
Taichung Commercial Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	Taichung Bank Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Venture capital business	100	100	100

3) Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

e. Other significant accounting policies

Except for the following, please refer to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021.

1) Employee benefits

Retirement benefits

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant plan amendments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

Other long-term employee benefits

Other long-term employee benefits for an interim period are accounted for in the same way as the accounting required for defined benefit plans except that annual remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Interim period income taxes are assessed on an annual basis and calculated by applying to an interim period's pre-tax income the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the Group's management is required to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Group considers the recent development of the COVID-19 in Taiwan and its economic environment implications when making its critical accounting estimates in cash flow projections, growth rate, discount rate, profitability, etc. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revisions affect only that period or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affect both current and future periods.

The same critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty have been followed in these consolidated financial statements as were applied in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. Please refer to Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2021 for the details of critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Cash on hand	\$ 4,212,001	\$ 4,365,955	\$ 4,176,151
Checks for clearing	833,651	4,589,463	867,889
Due from banks	<u>6,914,281</u>	<u>9,009,556</u>	<u>9,142,420</u>
	<u>\$ 11,959,933</u>	<u>\$ 17,964,974</u>	<u>\$ 14,186,460</u>

- a. The loss allowance was measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs per historical experience and forward-looking information; there was no loss allowance on cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021.

- b. Reconciliations of cash and cash equivalents between the consolidated statements of cash flows and the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Reconciliations as of December 31, 2021 are stated below:

	December 31, 2021
Reconciliations of the amounts in the consolidated statements of cash flows with the equivalent items reported in the consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2021	
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated balance sheets	\$ 17,964,974
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks in accordance with cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 “Statement of Cash Flows”	18,143,675
Securities purchased under resell agreements in accordance with cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 “Statement of Cash Flows”	<u>11,258,439</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	<u>\$ 47,367,088</u>

- c. The amount of time deposits due from other banks as the operating deposit of Taichung Commercial Bank Securities Co., Ltd. was \$200,000 thousand on June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, which were transferred to the refundable deposits. Refer to Note 21.

7. DUE FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND CALL LOANS TO OTHER BANKS

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Deposit reserves			
Deposit reserves for checking accounts	\$ 12,032,253	\$ 11,580,438	\$ 11,000,660
Deposit reserves for demand accounts	20,364,305	19,903,431	19,430,130
Inter-bank clearing account	4,040,495	5,015,409	4,006,904
Deposit reserves for foreign currency deposits	89,160	74,739	75,233
Call loans to banks	1,389,705	1,559,969	107,725
Deposit reserves for trust compensation	<u>70,000</u>	<u>60,000</u>	<u>60,000</u>
	<u>\$ 37,985,918</u>	<u>\$ 38,193,986</u>	<u>\$ 34,680,652</u>

- a. The loss allowance are measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs per historical experience and forward-looking information; there was no loss allowance on due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021.
- b. The monthly depository reserves to be deposited in the Central Bank of the Republic of China are calculated by applying the legally required reserve ratio to the monthly average balance of the reserve accounts. These reserve accounts can be used at any time but the demand accounts can only be used for monthly deposit reserve adjustments. In addition, the Group deposited reserves in the amount of \$5,000,000 thousand for demand accounts on deposits paid to other securities lender project from Central Bank on December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021. Refer to Note 36.
- c. The Group deposited the reserves for trust compensation on government bonds measured at amortized cost on June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, with nominal amount of \$70,000 thousand, \$60,000 thousand and \$60,000 thousand, respectively. Refer to Note 36.

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL</u>			
Commercial paper	\$ 23,627,489	\$ 26,680,732	\$ 27,715,268
Domestic listed shares and emerging market shares	757,661	919,500	845,593
Domestic unlisted shares	81,929	81,611	46,270
Foreign listed shares	-	-	130,244
PEM group policy assets	885,248	806,522	802,394
Beneficiary certificate	562,333	757,683	666,208
Corporate bonds	418,176	422,471	392,826
Asset swap contracts	4,838,534	3,555,430	3,274,376
Cross-currency swap contracts	397,605	44,915	80,771
Foreign exchange forward contracts	519,804	96,335	97,824
Cross-currency option contracts	478,713	266,875	316,124
Interest rate-linked structured instruments	<u>317,836</u>	<u>43,428</u>	<u>6,817</u>
	<u>\$ 32,885,328</u>	<u>\$ 33,675,502</u>	<u>\$ 34,374,715</u>
<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL</u>			
Cross-currency swap contracts	\$ 509,975	\$ 166,970	\$ 252,544
Foreign exchange forward contracts	258,209	32,840	65,981
Cross-currency option contracts	482,154	269,161	318,834
Interest rate-linked structured instruments	<u>317,836</u>	<u>43,428</u>	<u>6,817</u>
	<u>\$ 1,568,174</u>	<u>\$ 512,399</u>	<u>\$ 644,176</u>

- a. The Group engages in exchange rate related derivative financial contracts, mainly to provide customers and the Group with hedging instruments for foreign exchange positions arising from transactions such as import/export and currency exchange, to avoid the risks arising from the business and to flatten the demand for foreign exchange funds arising from non-transactional operations.
- b. The nominal principal amounts of outstanding derivative contracts as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		June 30, 2021	
	Contract Amounts	Interest Rate Range	Contract Amounts	Interest Rate Range	Contract Amounts	Interest Rate Range
Asset swap contracts	\$ 4,828,400	0.80%-5.00%	\$ 3,549,800	0.80%-4.25%	\$ 3,263,500	0.80%-4.25%
Cross-currency swap contracts	16,194,640	-	11,403,926	-	8,059,286	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts	12,501,218	-	9,905,735	-	7,975,028	-
Cross-currency option contracts	43,882,647	-	34,792,260	-	38,486,107	-
Interest rate-linked structured instrument contracts	2,528,179	1.50%-10.20%	584,493	4.50%-7.00%	165,008	5.00%-6.20%

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	\$ 5,195,800	\$ 4,255,289	\$ 4,224,502
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI	<u>43,612,824</u>	<u>44,292,515</u>	<u>40,747,873</u>
	<u>\$ 48,808,624</u>	<u>\$ 48,547,804</u>	<u>\$ 44,972,375</u>

a. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Domestic listed shares	\$ 3,957,115	\$ 3,136,272	\$ 3,142,884
Domestic unlisted shares	938,675	810,234	754,083
Foreign listed shares	<u>300,010</u>	<u>308,783</u>	<u>327,535</u>
	<u>\$ 5,195,800</u>	<u>\$ 4,255,289</u>	<u>\$ 4,224,502</u>

These investments in equity instruments are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

The ordinary shares sold had a fair value of \$37,911 thousand and \$261,481 thousand and their related unrealized valuation gains of \$4,918 thousand and \$81,573 thousand were transferred from other equity to retained earnings on June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Dividends income of \$52,008 thousand, \$10,218 thousand, \$57,165 thousand and \$10,218 thousand were recognized in profit or loss for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

b. Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Corporate bonds	\$ 33,047,377	\$ 34,101,503	\$ 29,876,831
Government bonds	5,256,717	4,865,736	5,209,984
Foreign bonds	3,142,210	3,121,222	3,452,659
Bank debentures	<u>2,166,520</u>	<u>2,204,054</u>	<u>2,208,399</u>
	<u>\$ 43,612,824</u>	<u>\$ 44,292,515</u>	<u>\$ 40,747,873</u>

Foreign bonds denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
USD	\$ 39,000	\$ 39,000	\$ 50,000
CNY	445,000	445,000	445,000
AUD	6,000	6,000	6,000

1) The Group recognized the gain on reversal of impairment (loss) of \$2,009 thousand, \$(2,532) thousand, \$1,542 thousand and \$(5,154) thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, after assessing the expected credit losses of the investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI.

2) Refer to Note 39 for information relating to their credit risk management and impairment.

10. INVESTMENTS IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS AT AMORTIZED COST

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Foreign bonds	\$ 26,905,536	\$ 24,252,423	\$ 25,161,773
Government bonds	10,358,027	11,580,851	12,613,841
NCDs issued by the CBC	57,440,000	63,790,000	62,400,000
Corporate bonds	<u>12,028,966</u>	<u>10,505,597</u>	<u>10,607,404</u>
	106,732,529	110,128,871	110,783,018
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	(31,007)	(30,663)	(31,884)
Less: Withdrawal of reserves for trust compensation and refundable deposits	<u>(620,500)</u>	<u>(916,400)</u>	<u>(917,700)</u>
	<u>\$ 106,081,022</u>	<u>\$ 109,181,808</u>	<u>\$ 109,833,434</u>

a. The foreign bonds denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
USD	\$ 695,197	\$ 683,197	\$ 697,159
CNY	920,000	740,000	805,000
AUD	68,500	67,000	66,000
ZAR	450,000	450,000	450,000

b. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the government bonds and the foreign bonds at amortized cost amounted to \$1,200,000 thousand and \$0 thousand (US\$0 thousand), \$1,200,000 thousand and \$0 thousand (US\$0 thousand) and \$1,200,000 thousand and \$1,794,442 thousand (US\$64,400 thousand), respectively, which had been sold under repurchase agreements. Refer to Note 40 for information relating to their carrying amount.

c. The Group recognized the gain on reversal of impairment of \$1,294 thousand, \$1,411 thousand, \$772 thousand and \$2,122 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, after assessing the expected credit losses of the investments in debt instruments at amortized cost.

d. Refer to Note 39 for information relating to their credit risk management and impairment.

11. SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER RESELL AGREEMENTS

Securities purchased amounted to \$6,217,996 thousand, \$11,258,439 thousand and \$14,604,913 thousand under repurchase agreements as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, would subsequently be sold for \$6,219,102 thousand, \$11,259,518 thousand and \$14,605,688 thousand, respectively, with interest rate ranging from 0.75% to 0.77%, 0.32% and 0.20% to 0.21%, respectively.

12. RECEIVABLES, NET

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Notes receivable	\$ 5,901,013	\$ 5,627,820	\$ 6,239,816
Receivables on credit cards	703,468	738,121	601,826
Accounts receivable factored without recourse	387,874	271,434	315,360
Acceptances	625,033	975,287	845,156
Interest receivables	1,235,871	1,089,421	1,129,542
Receivables on foreign currency settlement	3,771	1,559	888
Lease receivables	4,062,805	3,893,833	3,936,379
Assignment receivables	860,794	918,556	890,760
Receivables on securities settlement	1,490,072	1,545,956	3,027,215
Other receivables	<u>346,252</u>	<u>406,093</u>	<u>495,154</u>
	15,616,953	15,468,080	17,482,096
Less: Unrealized interest income	(735,358)	(756,154)	(816,179)
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(418,333)</u>	<u>(360,321)</u>	<u>(329,667)</u>
	<u>\$ 14,463,262</u>	<u>\$ 14,351,605</u>	<u>\$ 16,336,250</u>

- a. Movements in the total carrying amount of receivables for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit- impaired Financial Assets	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 74,748,439	\$ 334,490	\$ 801,948	\$ 75,884,877
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(249,355)	249,432	(77)	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(15,225)	(152,973)	168,198	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	57,779	(7,487)	(50,292)	-
New receivables purchased or originated	5,946,822	3,120	16	5,949,958
Write-offs	-	(5,968)	(26,497)	(32,465)
Derecognition	(13,265,903)	(30,833)	(13,813)	(13,310,549)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>159,417</u>	<u>6,407</u>	<u>2,502</u>	<u>168,326</u>
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 67,381,974</u>	<u>\$ 396,188</u>	<u>\$ 881,985</u>	<u>\$ 68,660,147</u>

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 73,430,829	\$ 371,436	\$ 313,418	\$ 74,115,683
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(156,529)	157,384	(855)	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(23,821)	(31,615)	55,436	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	47,158	(46,705)	(453)	-
New receivables purchased or originated	9,950,374	982	208	9,951,564
Write-offs	-	(14,729)	(88,704)	(103,433)
Derecognition	(6,123,266)	(70,206)	(72,619)	(6,266,091)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>(256,031)</u>	<u>6,982</u>	<u>3,347</u>	<u>(245,702)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 76,868,714</u>	<u>\$ 373,529</u>	<u>\$ 209,778</u>	<u>\$ 77,452,021</u>

The above-mentioned carrying amount of receivables include due from the banks, due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks, securities purchased under resell agreements, notes receivable, receivables on credit cards, accounts receivable factored without recourse, acceptances, interest receivables, lease receivables, assignment receivables, receivables on securities settlement, other receivables, other financial assets (including delinquent receivables not arising from loans) and refundable deposits.

- b. Movements in the allowance for doubtful accounts of receivables for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 108,467	\$ 7,900	\$ 239,926	\$ 356,293	\$ 104,485	\$ 460,778
Reconciliation arising from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(2,461)	2,504	(43)	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(33)	(2,985)	3,018	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	23,344	(1,256)	(22,088)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(55,809)	1,080	(24,644)	(79,373)	-	(79,373)
New financial assets purchased or originated	60,259	419	308	60,986	-	60,986
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	177,728	177,728
Write-offs	(2,108)	(7,612)	(18,616)	(28,336)	(4,129)	(32,465)
Recovery of written-offs	-	-	-	-	14,505	14,505
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>(19,689)</u>	<u>7,220</u>	<u>49,010</u>	<u>36,541</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>36,541</u>
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 111,970</u>	<u>\$ 7,270</u>	<u>\$ 226,871</u>	<u>\$ 346,111</u>	<u>\$ 292,589</u>	<u>\$ 638,700</u>

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 91,312	\$ 9,199	\$ 174,311	\$ 274,822	\$ 49,220	\$ 324,042
Reconciliation arising from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(2,587)	3,223	(636)	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(197)	(972)	1,169	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	5,183	(4,831)	(352)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(40,685)	(2,176)	(29,556)	(72,417)	-	(72,417)
New financial assets purchased or originated	61,019	78	34	61,131	-	61,131
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	51,347	51,347
Write-offs	-	(14,729)	(55,535)	(70,264)	(33,169)	(103,433)
Recovery of written-offs	-	-	-	-	7,617	7,617
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(8,275)	19,765	50,337	61,827	-	61,827
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 105,770	\$ 9,557	\$ 139,772	\$ 255,099	\$ 75,015	\$ 330,114

The allowance for doubtful accounts of the above mentioned receivables includes allowances for delinquent receivables not arising from loans, refer to Note 16.

- c. Refer to Note 36 for information relating to note receivable as a guarantee for interbank financing.

13. NOTES DISCOUNTED AND LOANS, NET

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Bills negotiated	\$ 562,127	\$ 704,340	\$ 265,373
Overdrafts	938	1,559	1,590
Secured overdrafts	9,906	11,066	33,578
Accounts receivable financing	51,270	78,137	48,497
Securities margin loans receivables	1,324,245	1,365,546	1,278,850
Short-term unsecured loans	44,416,964	42,802,949	40,872,465
Short-term secured loans	98,500,520	98,958,147	100,167,933
Medium-term unsecured loans	68,458,875	60,207,188	58,659,113
Medium-term secured loans	123,570,197	119,015,102	113,703,009
Long-term unsecured loans	10,506,397	9,202,678	7,909,213
Long-term secured loans	160,863,012	153,535,754	149,500,526
Delinquent loans	579,523	574,674	919,487
	508,843,974	486,457,140	473,359,634
Add: Adjustment of premium or discount	25,178	30,683	30,368
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(7,384,870)	(6,681,450)	(6,362,215)
	<u>\$ 501,484,282</u>	<u>\$ 479,806,373</u>	<u>\$ 467,027,787</u>

- a. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the delinquent loans on which interest ceased to accrue amounted to \$579,523 thousand, \$574,674 thousand and \$919,487 thousand, respectively. The unrecognized interest receivable on these loans were \$7,354 thousand, \$13,887 thousand and \$10,206 thousand as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively.
- b. There was no credit loan written off without a lawsuit for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.
- c. Movements in the total carrying amount of notes discounted and loans for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 465,545,307	\$ 12,243,822	\$ 8,698,694	\$ 486,487,823
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(3,653,155)	3,666,805	(13,650)	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(164,953)	(560,029)	724,982	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	2,059,397	(2,011,874)	(47,523)	-
New notes discounted and loans purchased or originated	163,569,394	727,758	19,258	164,316,410
Write-offs	-	-	(425,970)	(425,970)
Derecognition	(123,349,585)	(1,937,995)	(372,049)	(125,659,629)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>(15,413,315)</u>	<u>(393,169)</u>	<u>(42,998)</u>	<u>(15,849,482)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 488,593,090</u>	<u>\$ 11,735,318</u>	<u>\$ 8,540,744</u>	<u>\$ 508,869,152</u>

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 439,608,628	\$ 14,857,468	\$ 8,410,617	\$ 462,876,713
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(5,047,788)	5,091,057	(43,269)	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(492,291)	(617,533)	1,109,824	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	1,971,428	(1,955,209)	(16,219)	-
New notes discounted and loans purchased or originated	140,155,996	754,300	97,536	141,007,832
Write-offs	-	-	(870,150)	(870,150)
Derecognition	(109,716,945)	(2,086,906)	(847,812)	(112,651,663)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>(16,172,182)</u>	<u>(612,545)</u>	<u>(188,003)</u>	<u>(16,972,730)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 450,306,846</u>	<u>\$ 15,430,632</u>	<u>\$ 7,652,524</u>	<u>\$ 473,390,002</u>

- d. Movements in the allowance for doubtful accounts of notes discounted and loans for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 1,465,291	\$ 608,655	\$ 1,857,339	\$ 3,931,285	\$ 2,750,165	\$ 6,681,450
Reconciliation arising from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(7,642)	8,517	(875)	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(304)	(29,759)	30,063	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	84,126	(78,853)	(5,273)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(579,507)	(69,605)	(51,103)	(700,215)	-	(700,215)
New financial assets purchased or originated	894,703	65,147	13,204	973,054	-	973,054
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	(610,928)	(610,928)
Write-offs	-	-	(120,813)	(120,813)	(305,157)	(425,970)
Recovery of written-offs	-	-	-	-	973,672	973,672
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	70,518	326,934	96,355	493,807	-	493,807
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,927,185	\$ 831,036	\$ 1,818,897	\$ 4,577,118	\$ 2,807,752	\$ 7,384,870

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 1,725,305	\$ 925,826	\$ 1,856,155	\$ 4,507,286	\$ 1,828,105	\$ 6,335,391
Reconciliation arising from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(9,997)	13,822	(3,825)	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(3,030)	(71,930)	74,960	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	83,496	(81,995)	(1,501)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(616,772)	(96,276)	(203,565)	(916,613)	-	(916,613)
New financial assets purchased or originated	626,454	32,060	40,752	699,266	-	699,266
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	860,211	860,211
Write-offs	-	-	(254,844)	(254,844)	(615,306)	(870,150)
Recovery of written-offs	-	-	-	-	353,240	353,240
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(377,241)	45,811	232,300	(99,130)	-	(99,130)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 1,428,215	\$ 767,318	\$ 1,740,432	\$ 3,935,965	\$ 2,426,250	\$ 6,362,215

14. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD, NET

The following table shows the Group's proportion of ownership and voting right of associates at the end of the reporting date:

	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		June 30, 2021	
	Amount	Proportion of Ownership (%)	Amount	Proportion of Ownership (%)	Amount	Proportion of Ownership (%)
Associates that are not individually material						
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 171,353</u>	38.46	<u>\$ 165,124</u>	38.46	<u>\$ 162,407</u>	38.46

The share of profit (loss) of the investments in associates accounted for using the equity method was as follows:

Investee Company	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 108</u>	<u>\$ 92</u>	<u>\$ (2,638)</u>	<u>\$ (681)</u>

Investment was accounted for using the equity method and the share of profit (loss) of the investment was calculated based on financial statements which have been reviewed.

The Group is the single largest shareholder of Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. with 38.46% interest in the investee, in which the remaining interest is held by several other shareholders. The Group considered the absolute size of its holding, and the relative size and dispersion of the other shareholdings in Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. and concluded that it does not have control over Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. The management of the Group considered the Group as exercising significant influence over Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. and, therefore, classified Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. as associate of the Group.

15. RESTRICTED ASSETS, NET

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Restricted assets - cash in banks	\$ 352,941	\$ 384,756	\$ 464,524
Pending settlement payments	<u>3,042</u>	<u>9,865</u>	<u>34,868</u>
	<u>\$ 355,983</u>	<u>\$ 394,621</u>	<u>\$ 499,392</u>

Refer to Note 36 for information relating to the restricted assets - cash in banks, which are used as collateral for financing to other banks.

16. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Other delinquent receivables, net	\$ <u>316,157</u>	\$ <u>437,502</u>	\$ <u>-</u>

Other delinquent receivables, net were as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Delinquent receivables not arising from loans	\$ 536,524	\$ 537,959	\$ 447
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts (Note 12)	<u>(220,367)</u>	<u>(100,457)</u>	<u>(447)</u>
	<u>\$ 316,157</u>	<u>\$ 437,502</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

17. PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT, NET

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022							
	Land	Building and Structures	Transportation Equipment	Miscellaneous Equipment	Lease Improvement	Construction in Progress	Total
<u>Cost</u>							
Balance, January 1, 2022	\$ 7,859,148	\$ 2,110,482	\$ 65,086	\$ 2,119,596	\$ 25,210	\$ 4,689,196	\$ 16,868,718
Additions	-	32,859	4,501	37,669	5,650	1,139,292	1,219,971
Disposals	-	-	(38)	(31,205)	-	-	(31,243)
Reclassifications	-	-	-	592	-	(1,525)	(933)
Exchange differences, net	-	-	196	1,371	144	-	1,711
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>7,859,148</u>	<u>2,143,341</u>	<u>69,745</u>	<u>2,128,023</u>	<u>31,004</u>	<u>5,826,963</u>	<u>18,058,224</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>							
Balance, January 1, 2022	-	1,267,495	43,401	1,719,631	5,767	-	3,036,294
Additions	-	20,467	3,865	74,727	3,070	-	102,129
Disposals	-	-	(38)	(31,054)	-	-	(31,092)
Exchange differences, net	-	-	98	1,010	4	-	1,112
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>-</u>	<u>1,287,962</u>	<u>47,326</u>	<u>1,764,314</u>	<u>8,841</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,108,443</u>
<u>Impairment</u>							
Balance, January 1, 2022	<u>77,000</u>	-	-	-	-	-	77,000
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>77,000</u>	-	-	-	-	-	77,000
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 7,782,148</u>	<u>\$ 855,379</u>	<u>\$ 22,419</u>	<u>\$ 363,709</u>	<u>\$ 22,163</u>	<u>\$ 5,826,963</u>	<u>\$ 14,872,781</u>
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021							
	Land	Building and Structures	Transportation Equipment	Miscellaneous Equipment	Lease Improvement	Construction in Progress	Total
<u>Cost</u>							
Balance, January 1, 2021	\$ 7,847,588	\$ 2,101,530	\$ 59,101	\$ 2,009,496	\$ 8,975	\$ 3,250,482	\$ 15,277,172
Additions	227	-	627	49,192	353	114,071	164,470
Disposals	-	-	(1,292)	(16,156)	-	-	(17,448)
Reclassifications	-	-	6,246	(6,073)	-	(2,468)	(2,295)
Exchange differences, net	-	-	(5)	(131)	-	-	(136)
Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>7,847,815</u>	<u>2,101,530</u>	<u>64,677</u>	<u>2,036,328</u>	<u>9,328</u>	<u>3,362,085</u>	<u>15,421,763</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>							
Balance, January 1, 2021	-	1,231,486	36,075	1,596,941	3,001	-	2,867,503
Additions	-	19,240	3,425	80,385	819	-	103,869
Disposals	-	-	(1,291)	(16,089)	-	-	(17,380)
Reclassifications	-	-	2,258	(2,258)	-	-	-
Exchange differences, net	-	-	(3)	(91)	-	-	(94)
Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>-</u>	<u>1,250,726</u>	<u>40,464</u>	<u>1,658,888</u>	<u>3,820</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,953,898</u>
<u>Impairment</u>							
Balance, January 1, 2021	<u>77,000</u>	-	-	-	-	-	77,000
Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>77,000</u>	-	-	-	-	-	77,000
Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 7,770,815</u>	<u>\$ 850,804</u>	<u>\$ 24,213</u>	<u>\$ 377,440</u>	<u>\$ 5,508</u>	<u>\$ 3,362,085</u>	<u>\$ 12,390,865</u>

The above items of property and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Building and structures	
Building	30 to 60 years
Renovation	10 to 29 years
Transportation equipment	3 to 5 years
Miscellaneous equipment	1 to 15 years
Lease improvements	2 to 5 years

18. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	
<u>Carrying amounts</u>				
Land and buildings	\$ 752,672	\$ 794,069	\$ 846,222	
Transportation equipment	<u>44,404</u>	<u>23,251</u>	<u>125,531</u>	
	<u>\$ 797,076</u>	<u>\$ 817,320</u>	<u>\$ 971,753</u>	
	<u>For the Three Months Ended June 30</u>		<u>For the Six Months Ended June 30</u>	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Additions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$ 31,011</u>	<u>\$ 66,466</u>	<u>\$ 65,545</u>	<u>\$ 208,522</u>
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets				
Land and buildings	\$ 34,681	\$ 33,853	\$ 69,149	\$ 67,077
Transportation equipment	<u>4,662</u>	<u>29,246</u>	<u>9,299</u>	<u>59,746</u>
	<u>\$ 39,343</u>	<u>\$ 63,099</u>	<u>\$ 78,448</u>	<u>\$ 126,823</u>

The Group suspended the leases of some land and buildings and transportation equipment before the leases expired. The amount of right-of-use assets derecognized was \$6,122 thousand, \$45,031 thousand, \$8,132 thousand and \$87,912 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The disposal gain of \$317 thousand, \$2,110 thousand, \$415 thousand and \$3,861 thousand was recognized for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

b. Lease liabilities

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Carrying amounts	<u>\$ 837,665</u>	<u>\$ 853,218</u>	<u>\$ 1,003,692</u>

Range of discount rate for lease liabilities was as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Land	1.01%-4.14%	1.01%-4.14%	1.01%-4.14%
Buildings	1.01%-5.95%	1.01%-5.95%	1.01%-5.95%
Transportation equipment	1.01%-5.96%	1.01%-5.96%	1.01%-5.96%

c. Material lease-in activities and terms

The Group leases domestic offices, ATM sites and transportation equipment with lease terms of 1 to 15 years. The lease contract specifies that lease payments will be adjusted on the basis of changes in market rental rates. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold land and buildings at the end of the lease terms.

d. Other lease information

Lease arrangements under operating leases for the leasing out of freehold properties are set out in Note 19.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Expenses relating to short-term leases	<u>\$ 1,016</u>	<u>\$ 561</u>	<u>\$ 1,979</u>	<u>\$ 1,174</u>
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	<u>\$ 2,707</u>	<u>\$ 2,228</u>	<u>\$ 5,489</u>	<u>\$ 4,400</u>
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ (48,254)</u>	<u>\$ (70,836)</u>	<u>\$ (96,456)</u>	<u>\$ (144,838)</u>

The Group leases certain office equipment under leases which qualify as short-term leases and certain computer equipment under leases which qualify as low-value asset leases. The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES, NET

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022			
	Land	Structures	Investment Properties Under Construction	Total
<u>Cost</u>				
Balance, January 1, 2022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Additions	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,787</u>	<u>21,787</u>
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,787</u>	<u>21,787</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>				
Balance, January 1, 2022	-	-	-	-
Additions	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 21,787</u>	<u>\$ 21,787</u>

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

	Land	Structures	Investment Properties Under Construction	Total
<u>Cost</u>				
Balance, January 1, 2021	\$ 15,801	\$ 5,972	\$ -	\$ 21,773
Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>15,801</u>	<u>5,972</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,773</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>				
Balance, January 1, 2021	-	3,759	-	3,759
Additions	<u>-</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>45</u>
Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>-</u>	<u>3,804</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,804</u>
Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 15,801</u>	<u>\$ 2,168</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,969</u>

- a. The investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Building and structures

Building	60 years
Renovation	10 to 25 years

- b. The fair value of the investment properties of the Group on June 30, 2022 was \$21,787 thousand. The fair value was not evaluated by independent qualified professional valuers. The valuation was arrived at by reference to the market evidence of transaction price for similar properties, and the fair value was measured by using Level 3 inputs.
- c. The fair values of the investment properties of the Group on December 31, 2020 were \$53,579 thousand. The fair value was not evaluated by independent qualified professional valuers. The valuation was arrived at by reference to the market evidence of transaction price for similar properties, and the fair value was measured by using Level 3 inputs. There was no significant change in the fair value of June 30, 2021 compared to December 31, 2020.
- d. The abovementioned investment properties were leased out for 5 years. The lessees do not have bargain purchase options to acquire the investment properties at the expiry of the lease periods.
- e. The maturity analysis of lease payments receivable under operating leases of investment properties as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	June 30	
	2022	2021
Year 1	\$ 2,792	\$ 864
Year 2	6,746	864
Year 3	6,462	864
Year 4	6,562	864
Year 5	6,679	216
Year 6 onwards	<u>90,042</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 119,283</u>	<u>\$ 3,672</u>

20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Business right	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,000
Computer software	<u>179,167</u>	<u>192,723</u>	<u>180,515</u>
	<u>\$ 207,167</u>	<u>\$ 220,723</u>	<u>\$ 208,515</u>

- a. Business right of the Group arose from the transfer of Fengxing Securities Co., Ltd., with indefinite useful lives and no amortization. As of June 30, 2022, no impairment loss of the business right should be charged.
- b. Movements of intangible assets were as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021
Balance, January 1	\$ 220,723	\$ 213,470
Additions	19,397	24,427
Amortization	(34,123)	(31,663)
Reclassifications	933	2,295
Exchange differences, net	<u>237</u>	<u>(14)</u>
Balance, June 30	<u>\$ 207,167</u>	<u>\$ 208,515</u>

Computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life as follows:

Computer software	1-5 years
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21. OTHER ASSETS, NET

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Refundable deposits	\$ 2,127,604	\$ 2,174,569	\$ 2,358,560
Prepayments	176,818	146,868	147,321
Receipts under payment for shares underwriting	370	724,125	5,702
Others	<u>15,487</u>	<u>2,274</u>	<u>1,969</u>
	<u>\$ 2,320,279</u>	<u>\$ 3,047,836</u>	<u>\$ 2,513,552</u>

As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the time deposits and government bonds at amortized cost which amounted to \$750,500 thousand, \$1,056,400 thousand and \$1,057,700 thousand, respectively, were pledged to the district court for litigation, as collateral for the overdraft of the U.S. dollar clearing account and the guarantee deposit of business operations. These amounts were stated as refundable deposits. Refer to Note 36.

22. DUE TO THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Call loans from banks	\$ 4,600,000	\$ 3,900,000	\$ 5,817,960
Due to Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd.	53,687	53,687	167,675
Due to banks	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>
	<u>\$ 4,653,700</u>	<u>\$ 3,953,700</u>	<u>\$ 5,985,648</u>

23. FUNDS BORROWED FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Funds borrowed from the central banks	\$ -	\$ 3,489,540	\$ 2,554,880
Funds borrowed from other banks	<u>7,033,930</u>	<u>6,969,616</u>	<u>7,498,072</u>
	<u>\$ 7,033,930</u>	<u>\$ 10,459,156</u>	<u>\$ 10,052,952</u>
Funds borrowed from the central banks (%)	-	0.10	0.10
Funds borrowed from other banks (%)	1.10-5.39	0.95-5.66	0.95-5.23

Refer to Note 36 for information relating to collateral of funds borrowed from other banks.

24. SECURITIES SOLD UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Government bonds	\$ 1,203,820	\$ 1,205,559	\$ 1,204,577
Foreign bonds	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,759,257</u>
	<u>\$ 1,203,820</u>	<u>\$ 1,205,559</u>	<u>\$ 2,963,834</u>

The details of repurchase price and interest rate at the end of the period were as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Government bonds	\$ 1,204,250	\$ 1,205,924	\$ 1,204,880
Foreign bonds	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,760,188</u>
	<u>\$ 1,204,250</u>	<u>\$ 1,205,924</u>	<u>\$ 2,965,068</u>
Government bonds	0.38%-0.48%	0.19%-0.21%	0.17%-0.18%
Foreign bonds	-	-	0.21%-0.25%

The foreign bonds denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
USD	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,137

25. PAYABLES

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Accrued expenses	\$ 1,517,194	\$ 2,011,711	\$ 1,337,398
Accounts payable for delivery	1,201,444	1,614,594	3,159,513
Collections payable	1,175,307	774,831	489,059
Cash dividends payable	1,134,630	-	-
Notes and checks in clearing	833,651	4,589,463	867,889
Acceptances	659,564	975,865	849,177
Interest payable	622,022	283,882	543,278
Factored accounts payable	22,749	34,642	113,791
Foreign currency settlement payable	3,976	1,210	968
Other payables	<u>1,008,755</u>	<u>806,760</u>	<u>596,134</u>
	<u>\$ 8,179,292</u>	<u>\$ 11,092,958</u>	<u>\$ 7,957,207</u>

26. DEPOSITS AND REMITTANCES

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Checking	\$ 7,738,102	\$ 11,427,355	\$ 7,188,381
Demand	196,217,822	192,808,322	178,874,167
Demand savings	159,658,875	160,450,666	153,965,600
Time	141,826,825	140,475,464	154,366,369
Time savings	162,372,012	153,899,040	153,630,185
Remittances	<u>71,032</u>	<u>55,388</u>	<u>53,418</u>
	<u>\$ 667,884,668</u>	<u>\$ 659,116,235</u>	<u>\$ 648,078,120</u>

27. BANK DEBENTURES

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Subordinated financial debenture	<u>\$ 16,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 16,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 11,500,000</u>

a. The Bank issued first subordinated financial debenture on December 28, 2015, which was approved under ruling reference No. 10400200460 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC on August 26, 2015. Details of the subordinated financial debenture's issuance are summarized as follows:

- 1) Total approved principal: \$1,500,000 thousand.
- 2) Principal issued: \$1,500,000 thousand.

- 3) Denomination: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - 4) Period: No due date.
 - 5) Nominal interest rate: According to the interest rate of one-year time savings deposit of Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd., plus 3.08%.
 - 6) Repayment: To be executed according to the issuance.
 - 7) The interest will be paid annually from the issuance date.
- b. The Bank issued first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, third no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on March 28, 2017, May 18, 2017, August 28, 2017 and December 28, 2016, respectively, which were approved under ruling reference No. 10500210950 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC on September 2, 2016. Details of the subordinated financial debenture's issuance are summarized as follows:
- 1) Total approved principal: \$3,500,000 thousand.
 - 2) Principal issued:
 - a) Debenture I on 2016: \$1,500,000 thousand.
 - b) Debenture I on 2017: \$1,000,000 thousand.
 - c) Debenture II on 2017: \$500,000 thousand.
 - d) Debenture III on 2017: \$500,000 thousand.
 - 3) Denomination:
 - a) Debenture I on 2016: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - b) Debenture I on 2017: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - c) Debenture II on 2017: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - d) Debenture III on 2017: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - 4) Period: No due date.
 - 5) Nominal interest rate: According to the interest rate of one-year time savings deposit of Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd., plus 3.08%.
 - 6) Repayment: To be executed according to the issuance.
 - 7) The interest will be paid annually from the issuance date.
- c. The Bank issued first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, fourth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and fifth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on April 25 2018, December 5, 2017 and December 27, 2017, respectively, which were approved under ruling reference No. 10600229120 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC on September 22, 2017. Details of the subordinated financial debenture's issuance are summarized as follows:
- 1) Total approved principal: \$5,000,000 thousand.

- 2) Principal issued:
 - a) Debenture IV on 2017: \$1,350,000 thousand.
 - b) Debenture V on 2017: \$2,650,000 thousand.
 - c) Debenture I on 2018: \$1,000,000 thousand.
 - 3) Denomination:
 - a) Debenture IV on 2017: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - b) Debenture V on 2017: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - c) Debenture I on 2018: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - 4) Period: No due date.
 - 5) Nominal interest rate: According to the interest rate of one-year time savings deposit of Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd., plus 3.08%.
 - 6) Repayment: To be executed according to the issuance.
 - 7) The interest will be paid annually from the issuance date.
- d. The Bank issued second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on December 18, 2018, which was approved under ruling reference No. 10702156550 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC on August 23, 2018. Details of the subordinated financial debenture issuance is summarized as follows:
- 1) Total approved principal: \$1,500,000 thousand.
 - 2) Principal issued: \$1,500,000 thousand.
 - 3) Denomination: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - 4) Period: No due date.
 - 5) Nominal interest rate: According to the interest rate of one-year time savings deposit of Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd., plus 3.08%.
 - 6) Repayment: To be executed according to the issuance.
 - 7) The interest will be paid annually from the issuance date.
- e. The Bank issued first subordinated financial debenture on December 27, 2021, which was approved under ruling reference No. 1100226929 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC on October 12, 2021. Detail of the subordinated financial debenture issuance is summarized as follows:
- 1) Total approved principal: \$5,000,000 thousand.
 - 2) Principal issued: \$5,000,000 thousand.
 - 3) Denomination: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - 4) Period: 7 years with maturities on December 27, 2028.
 - 5) Nominal interest rate: Fixed interest, 1.2%.

- 6) Repayment: The subordinated financial debenture will be paid on the maturity date.
- 7) The interest will be paid annually from the issuance date.

28. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Commercial paper payable	\$ 2,517,037	\$ 2,063,676	\$ 2,453,340
Structured commodity principal	<u>2,528,179</u>	<u>584,493</u>	<u>165,008</u>
	<u>\$ 5,045,216</u>	<u>\$ 2,648,169</u>	<u>\$ 2,618,348</u>

29. PROVISIONS

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Provision for employee benefits	\$ 933,500	\$ 960,114	\$ 1,050,691
Provision for losses on guarantees	320,963	297,963	263,963
Other provision	14,964	12,855	16,865
Provision for loan commitments	82,994	65,147	60,286
Provision for outstanding loss	<u>21,590</u>	<u>19,090</u>	<u>16,590</u>
	<u>\$ 1,374,011</u>	<u>\$ 1,355,169</u>	<u>\$ 1,408,395</u>

- a. Details of provision for employee benefits were as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Benefit plans	\$ 745,854	\$ 775,848	\$ 870,283
Preferential interest on employees' deposits	150,285	147,633	141,902
Other long-term employee benefit liabilities	<u>37,361</u>	<u>36,633</u>	<u>38,506</u>
	<u>\$ 933,500</u>	<u>\$ 960,114</u>	<u>\$ 1,050,691</u>

- 1) Defined contribution plans

The Group adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (the "LPA"), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, an entity makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

The amounts of contributions paid by the Group in accordance with the defined contribution plan and recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 in the amounts of \$30,949 thousand, \$27,654 thousand, \$60,707 thousand and \$54,138 thousand, respectively.

2) Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plan adopted by the Bank of the Group in accordance with the Labor Standards Law is operated by the government of the ROC. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the six months before retirement. The Bank contributes amounts equal to 10% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Bank assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Bank is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"); the Bank has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

An analysis by function of the amounts recognized in profit or loss in respect of the defined benefit plans in accordance with the pension cost rate for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	June 30		June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Operating expenses	<u>\$ 2,733</u>	<u>\$ 3,147</u>	<u>\$ 5,466</u>	<u>\$ 6,294</u>

3) Preferential interest on employees' deposits plan

The Group had revised the interest rate of the employees' savings deposit since December 21, 2014, in accordance with the regulations of the Financial Management Law No. 10110000850 and the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, and the preferential interest on employee's deposit liabilities were carried out by qualified actuaries.

For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the expenses under preferential interest on employees' deposits plan recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income amounted to \$1,326 thousand, \$1,248 thousand, \$2,652 thousand and \$2,496 thousand, respectively.

4) Other long-term employee benefit liabilities

Other long-term employee benefits of the Group are long-term disability benefits. If the employee does not encounter any casualty due to occupational disaster or accidental death, the Group will pay the pension according to the seniority.

For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Group recognized total expenses related to the long-term employee benefits in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income were \$873 thousand, \$1,242 thousand, \$1,746 thousand and \$2,484 thousand, respectively.

b. Movements of the provision for losses on guarantees were as follows:

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 171,880	\$ 7,782	\$ 33,375	\$ 213,037	\$ 84,926	\$ 297,963
Reconciliation arising from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(17)	17	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(328)	-	328	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	1,042	(1,042)	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(99,523)	(1,128)	-	(100,651)	-	(100,651)
New financial assets purchased or originated	103,571	59,544	-	163,115	-	163,115
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	(68,295)	(68,295)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	8,528	388	19,915	28,831	-	28,831
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 185,153	\$ 65,561	\$ 53,618	\$ 304,332	\$ 16,631	\$ 320,963

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 168,958	\$ 4,799	\$ 36,355	\$ 210,112	\$ 25,851	\$ 235,963
Reconciliation arising from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(1,706)	1,706	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(5)	-	5	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	740	(740)	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(97,741)	(2,636)	-	(100,377)	-	(100,377)
New financial assets purchased or originated	100,285	-	-	100,285	-	100,285
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	23,287	23,287
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(15,161)	21,123	(1,157)	4,805	-	4,805
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 155,370	\$ 24,252	\$ 35,203	\$ 214,825	\$ 49,138	\$ 263,963

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, a provision was recognized for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantees.

c. Movements of the other provision were as follows:

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 8,629	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,629	\$ 4,226	\$ 12,855
Reconciliation arising from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(8,123)	-	-	(8,123)	-	(8,123)
New financial assets purchased or originated	11,627	-	-	11,627	-	11,627
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	(954)	(954)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(441)	-	-	(441)	-	(441)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 11,692	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,692	\$ 3,272	\$ 14,964

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 9,157	\$ 3,263	\$ -	\$ 12,420	\$ 677	\$ 13,097
Reconciliation arising from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(8,640)	(3,263)	-	(11,903)	-	(11,903)
New financial assets purchased or originated	8,923	-	-	8,923	-	8,923
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	7,168	7,168
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(420)	-	-	(420)	-	(420)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 9,020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,020	\$ 7,845	\$ 16,865

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, a provision was recognized for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantees.

d. Movements of the loan commitments were as follows:

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 45,923	\$ 2,576	\$ 12,005	\$ 60,504	\$ 4,643	\$ 65,147
Reconciliation arising from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(9)	9	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(1)	(17)	18	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	1,796	(1,796)	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(3,246)	(40)	-	(3,286)	-	(3,286)
New financial assets purchased or originated	22,810	1,049	63	23,922	-	23,922
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	(1,851)	(1,851)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(2,067)	1,147	(18)	(938)	-	(938)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 65,206	\$ 2,928	\$ 12,068	\$ 80,202	\$ 2,792	\$ 82,994

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 58,968	\$ 7,205	\$ 2,555	\$ 68,728	\$ 3,332	\$ 72,060
Reconciliation arising from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(10)	10	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(312)	246	66	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	4,893	(4,893)	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(19,962)	(5,427)	(688)	(26,077)	-	(26,077)
New financial assets purchased or originated	11,161	13	-	11,174	-	11,174
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	4,799	4,799
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(4,909)	3,305	(66)	(1,670)	-	(1,670)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 49,829	\$ 459	\$ 1,867	\$ 52,155	\$ 8,131	\$ 60,286

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, a provision was recognized for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantees.

e. Please refer to Note 37 for the amount of \$21,590 thousand, \$19,090 thousand and \$16,590 thousand for the outstanding compensation provision of the Bank on June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021.

30. OTHER LIABILITIES

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Guarantee deposits received	\$ 684,171	\$ 641,997	\$ 670,502
Advance receipts	325,755	285,762	255,399
Credit transactions	1,654	2,782	1,202
Others	<u>72,192</u>	<u>75,640</u>	<u>85,734</u>
	<u>\$ 1,083,772</u>	<u>\$ 1,006,181</u>	<u>\$ 1,012,837</u>

31. EQUITY

a. Share capital

Ordinary shares

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	<u>7,770,000</u>	<u>6,150,000</u>	<u>6,150,000</u>
Shares authorized	<u>\$ 77,700,000</u>	<u>\$ 61,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 61,500,000</u>
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	<u>4,538,521</u>	<u>4,538,521</u>	<u>4,151,694</u>
	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Shares issued	\$ 45,385,205	\$ 45,385,205	\$ 41,516,943
Reserve for capitalization	<u>2,269,260</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 47,654,465</u>	<u>\$ 45,385,205</u>	<u>\$ 41,516,943</u>

Ordinary shares issued at a \$10 par value per share. Each share has one voting right and the right to receive dividends.

As of June 30, 2021, the Bank had issued ordinary shares totaling \$41,516,943 thousand, divided into 4,151,694 thousand ordinary shares at \$10 par value per share. In September 2021, the Bank transferred \$1,868,262 thousand of unappropriated earnings to ordinary shares, divided into 186,826 thousand ordinary shares at \$10 par value per share. In July 2021, the board of directors of the Bank resolved to issue 200,000 thousand ordinary shares with a par value of \$10, for a consideration of \$11.15 per share issued at premium. On October 18, 2021, the above transaction was approved under ruling reference No. 1100359824 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC and the subscription base date was determined as at December 22, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the Bank had increased ordinary shares to \$45,385,205 thousand, divided into 4,538,521 thousand ordinary shares at \$10 par value per share.

As of June 30, 2022, the Bank's shareholders' meeting resolved to issue ordinary shares with \$2,269,260 thousand of unappropriated earnings, which was temporarily accounted under reserve for capitalization until the change of registration has been completed.

b. Capital surplus

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
<u>May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital*</u>			
Issuance of ordinary shares	\$ 943,633	\$ 943,633	\$ 713,633
Issuance of ordinary shares - employee share options	79,040	79,040	58,664
Expired employee share options	6,791	6,791	6,767
<u>May be used to offset a deficit only</u>			
Share of changes in capital surplus of associates	16,813	16,813	16,813
Conversion of bank debentures components	<u>7,729</u>	<u>7,729</u>	<u>7,729</u>
	<u>\$ 1,054,006</u>	<u>\$ 1,054,006</u>	<u>\$ 803,606</u>

* Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Bank has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Bank's capital surplus and to once a year).

c. Appropriation of earnings and dividend policy

Under the Bank's dividend policy as set forth in the Articles, where the Bank made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as legal reserve 30% of the remaining profit, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and if there is still surplus, the board of directors will formulate a surplus distribution proposal and submit it to the shareholders' meeting for approval. Dividends and bonuses to be paid in cash shall be resolved by a vote of more than half of the directors present in a meeting of the board of directors with attendance of more than two-thirds of the directors, and report the resolution to the shareholders' meeting. For the policies on the distribution of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors, refer to compensation of employees and remuneration of directors in Note 32.

The appropriation of earnings mentioned above shall be retained by the board of directors in accordance with the changing operating environment, operating and investment needs. When dividends are declared, cash dividends must be at least 10% of total dividends declared.

An appropriation of earnings to a legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Bank's paid-in capital. The legal reserve may be used to offset deficits. If the Bank has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Bank's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

In addition, the Banking Law limits the appropriation of cash dividends to 15% of the Bank's paid-in capital. But when the legal reserve equals the Bank's paid-in capital, this 15% limit may be waived. If the ratio of own capital to risky assets does not meet the standards set by the business authority, the appropriation of earnings in cash or other properties should be subject to the restrictions or prohibitions of the relevant provisions of the business authority.

Under related regulations, a special reserve is appropriated from the balance of the retained earnings at an amount from the net income and unappropriated earnings that is equal to the debit balance of accounts in the shareholders' equity section. Afterward, if there is any reversal of the decrease in shareholders' equity, the Bank is allowed to appropriating retained earnings from the reversal amount.

According to Order No. 1010012865 issued by the FSC (repealed at December 31, 2021), Order No. 1010047490 issued by the FSC (repealed at March 31, 2021), Order No. 1090150022 issued by the FSC, Order No. 10901500221 issued by the FSC and International Financial Reporting Standards and "Q&A on the application of the reference to the special reserve following adoption of IFRSs", retained earnings should be appropriated to or reversed from a special reserve by the Bank. Afterward, if there is any reversal of the decrease in other shareholders' equity, the Bank is allowed to appropriating retained earnings from the reversal amount. According to Order No. 10510001510 issued by the FSC, a special reserve should be appropriated between 0.5% and 1% of net income after tax when banks appropriate earnings of 2016 through 2018. After that, under No. 10802714560 issued by the FSC, the Bank no longer use special reserve to protect the right of its employee in response to the developments of financial technology since 2019. From the fiscal year of 2019, the Bank can reverse the amount of expenditure of employees' transfer arising from financial technology development within the amount of the abovementioned special reserve from 2016 to 2018.

The appropriations of earnings for 2021 and 2020 had been approved in the shareholders' meetings on May 17, 2022 and July 1, 2021, respectively, as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings		Dividends Per Share (NT\$)	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Legal reserve	\$ 1,463,994	\$ 1,207,149	\$ -	\$ -
Special reserve	(601)	(565)	-	-
Cash dividends	1,134,630	996,407	0.25	0.24
Share dividends	2,269,260	1,868,262	0.50	0.45

d. Other equity items

	Exchange Differences on Translation of the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gain on Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ (85,087)	\$ 1,393,132	\$ 1,308,045
Recognized for the period			
Unrealized gains (losses)			
Equity instruments	-	(65,550)	(65,550)
Debt instruments	-	(1,174,948)	(1,174,948)
Net remeasurement of loss allowance - debt instruments	-	(1,542)	(1,542)
Share from associates accounted for using the equity method	-	8,867	8,867
Cumulative unrealized gain of equity instruments transferred to retained earnings due to disposal	-	(4,918)	(4,918)

(Continued)

	Exchange Differences on Translation of the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gain on Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Total
Cumulative translation adjustment			
Exchange differences for current period	\$ 41,126	\$ -	\$ 41,126
Income tax related to other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	<u>2,179</u>	<u>2,179</u>
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>\$ (43,961)</u>	<u>\$ 157,220</u>	<u>\$ 113,259</u>
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ (121,110)	\$ 1,424,867	\$ 1,303,757
Recognized for the period			
Unrealized gains (losses)			
Equity instruments	-	314,772	314,772
Debt instruments	-	(41,485)	(41,485)
Net remeasurement of loss allowance - debt instruments	-	5,154	5,154
Share from associates accounted for using the equity method	-	(60)	(60)
Cumulative unrealized gain of equity instruments transferred to retained earnings due to disposal	-	(81,573)	(81,573)
Cumulative translation adjustment			
Exchange differences for current period	36,059	-	36,059
Income tax related to other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,275)</u>	<u>(3,275)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2021	<u>\$ (85,051)</u>	<u>\$ 1,618,400</u>	<u>\$ 1,533,349</u> (Concluded)

32. NET PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Net profit from continuing operations was attributable to:

- a. Net interest

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
<u>Interest revenue</u>				
Notes discounted and loans	\$ 2,967,369	\$ 2,489,959	\$ 5,538,333	\$ 4,932,793
Due from banks and call loans to the other banks	47,404	17,405	72,946	36,426
Investment in securities	446,534	366,553	815,818	739,716
Installment plan	89,987	94,737	178,508	178,129

(Continued)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Rental	\$ 85,676	\$ 78,792	\$ 174,682	\$ 161,191
Revolving interests of credit cards	8,550	8,397	16,344	17,852
Securities purchased under resell agreements	12,638	5,901	21,287	12,515
Accounts receivable factoring without recourse	3,613	1,849	6,104	3,395
Others	138	77	296	219
	<u>3,661,909</u>	<u>3,063,670</u>	<u>6,824,318</u>	<u>6,082,236</u>
<u>Interest expense</u>				
Deposits	(727,501)	(568,692)	(1,273,868)	(1,163,532)
Financial debentures	(126,491)	(111,531)	(251,590)	(221,836)
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	(54,518)	(48,194)	(106,618)	(94,699)
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	(147)	(728)	(202)	(1,628)
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	(1,014)	(2,790)	(1,939)	(6,193)
Structured instruments	(13,538)	(1,800)	(22,344)	(3,491)
Lease liabilities	(7,644)	(9,733)	(15,561)	(19,716)
Others	(4,235)	(4,201)	(7,759)	(8,124)
	<u>(935,088)</u>	<u>(747,669)</u>	<u>(1,679,881)</u>	<u>(1,519,219)</u>
	<u>\$ 2,726,821</u>	<u>\$ 2,316,001</u>	<u>\$ 5,144,437</u>	<u>\$ 4,563,017</u> (Concluded)

b. Service fee income, net

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
<u>Service fee income</u>				
Insurance brokering	\$ 214,826	\$ 176,670	\$ 421,412	\$ 353,872
Securities brokering	62,989	126,735	135,409	215,295
Trust business	201,393	269,244	459,273	590,359
Loans	287,718	136,235	520,587	318,212
Guarantee	60,882	51,642	120,985	100,574
Others	101,315	87,448	199,211	177,490
	<u>929,123</u>	<u>847,974</u>	<u>1,856,877</u>	<u>1,755,802</u>
<u>Service fee expense</u>				
Insurance commission	(24,322)	(21,201)	(49,112)	(42,465)
Cross-bank transactions	(9,439)	(9,814)	(18,629)	(19,715)
Others	(35,297)	(38,971)	(66,532)	(66,516)
	<u>(69,058)</u>	<u>(69,986)</u>	<u>(134,273)</u>	<u>(128,696)</u>
	<u>\$ 860,065</u>	<u>\$ 777,988</u>	<u>\$ 1,722,604</u>	<u>\$ 1,627,106</u>

The Group provides custody, trust, investment management and consultancy services to third parties, so the Group's activities involve the planning, management and trading decisions of financial instruments. For the trust funds or investment portfolios that are managed and used on behalf of the trustee, the independent accounting reports and preparation of financial statements for internal management purposes are not included in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

c. Gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
<u>Realized profit and loss</u>				
Commercial papers	\$ 38,066	\$ 15,566	\$ 60,520	\$ 31,006
Shares	66,377	60,649	90,130	123,855
Beneficiary certificates	(9,585)	3,787	14,733	7,756
Derivative financial instruments	345,339	(49,627)	468,099	55,945
Corporate bonds	(1,625)	470	(1,625)	470
Others	557	-	557	-
	<u>439,129</u>	<u>30,845</u>	<u>632,414</u>	<u>219,032</u>
<u>Valuation</u>				
Commercial papers	4,456	3,490	4,222	789
Shares	(197,255)	(2,312)	(219,906)	47,066
Beneficiary certificates	(135,940)	52,419	(200,865)	65,676
PEM Group policy assets	8,145	13,922	18,905	9,713
Derivative financial instruments	251,788	28,793	229,043	29,318
Corporate bonds	(2,192)	1,759	(3,528)	3,526
	<u>(70,998)</u>	<u>98,071</u>	<u>(172,129)</u>	<u>156,088</u>
	<u>\$ 368,131</u>	<u>\$ 128,916</u>	<u>\$ 460,285</u>	<u>\$ 375,120</u>

1) For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, realized profit and loss of gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include disposal profit amounted to \$514,338 thousand and \$141,033 thousand, dividend income amounted to \$16,466 thousand and \$18,099 thousand and interest revenue amounted to \$101,610 thousand and \$59,900 thousand, respectively.

2) Net income from exchange rate commodities includes realized and unrealized gains and losses on exchange forward contracts, cross-currency options and cross-currency swap. The translation gains or losses included net income from exchange rate commodities when significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies classified as at FVTPL, which are not designated for hedging relationship.

d. Realized gains on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Dividend income	\$ 52,008	\$ 10,218	\$ 57,165	\$ 10,218
Gain on disposal of bonds	-	2,477	67	2,477
	<u>\$ 52,008</u>	<u>\$ 12,695</u>	<u>\$ 57,232</u>	<u>\$ 12,695</u>

e. Impairment losses on financial assets

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI	\$ 2,009	\$ (2,532)	\$ 1,542	\$ (5,154)
Financial assets at amortized cost	<u>1,294</u>	<u>1,411</u>	<u>772</u>	<u>2,122</u>
	<u>\$ 3,303</u>	<u>\$ (1,121)</u>	<u>\$ 2,314</u>	<u>\$ (3,032)</u>

f. Other non-interest gains, net

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
(Losses) gains on disposal of properties and equipment	\$ (76)	\$ (15)	\$ (151)	\$ 1,187
Others	<u>12,332</u>	<u>6,486</u>	<u>14,441</u>	<u>8,712</u>
	<u>\$ 12,256</u>	<u>\$ 6,471</u>	<u>\$ 14,290</u>	<u>\$ 9,899</u>

g. Provision for bad-debt expenses, commitments and guarantees

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Bad debt on receivables	\$ 155,834	\$ 44,462	\$ 193,702	\$ 102,280
(Reversal of) bad debt on notes discounted and loans	(96,305)	348,328	100,696	550,526
Losses on (reversal of) losses on guarantees	35,000	(26,500)	23,000	28,000
Loan (reversal of) commitments	21,297	(13,033)	16,297	(11,607)
Others	<u>2,000</u>	<u>(6)</u>	<u>2,000</u>	<u>3,779</u>
	<u>\$ 117,826</u>	<u>\$ 353,251</u>	<u>\$ 335,695</u>	<u>\$ 672,978</u>

h. Employee benefits expenses

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Salaries	\$ 1,007,504	\$ 936,420	\$ 1,942,190	\$ 1,869,866
Labor and health insurance	60,284	57,845	137,674	112,378
Pension expense	33,682	30,801	66,173	60,432
Other employee expenses	<u>62,568</u>	<u>50,440</u>	<u>120,756</u>	<u>97,212</u>
	<u>\$ 1,164,038</u>	<u>\$ 1,075,506</u>	<u>\$ 2,266,793</u>	<u>\$ 2,139,888</u>

i. Employees' compensation and remuneration of directors

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Bank, the Bank accrued employees' compensation and remuneration of directors at rates of 0.5%-3% and no higher than 2.5%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, employees' compensation and remuneration of directors. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the employees' compensation and the remuneration of directors were as follows:

Accrual rate

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021
Employees' compensation	0.75%	0.75%
Remuneration of directors	2.50%	2.50%

Amount

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Employees' compensation	<u>\$ 12,407</u>	<u>\$ 10,541</u>	<u>\$ 24,781</u>	<u>\$ 20,205</u>
Remuneration of directors	<u>\$ 43,024</u>	<u>\$ 39,200</u>	<u>\$ 82,604</u>	<u>\$ 66,900</u>

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

The appropriations of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors for 2021 and 2020 that were resolved by the Bank's board of directors on February 24, 2022 and February 25, 2021 respectively, are as shown below:

	Cash	
	2021	2020
Employees' compensation	<u>\$ 42,277</u>	<u>\$ 35,975</u>
Remuneration of directors	<u>\$ 140,922</u>	<u>\$ 96,195</u>

There was no difference between the actual amounts of employee's compensation and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Information on the employees' compensation and remuneration of directors resolved by the Bank's board of directors in 2022 and 2021 is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

j. Depreciation and amortization expenses

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Properties and equipment	\$ 51,269	\$ 51,367	\$ 102,129	\$ 103,869
Investment properties	-	22	-	45
Right-of-use assets	39,343	63,099	78,448	126,823
Intangible assets	<u>17,147</u>	<u>15,673</u>	<u>34,123</u>	<u>31,663</u>
	<u>\$ 107,759</u>	<u>\$ 130,161</u>	<u>\$ 214,700</u>	<u>\$ 262,400</u>

k. Other selling and administrative expenses

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Taxes	\$ 200,953	\$ 178,464	\$ 388,886	\$ 357,701
Professional service	35,827	47,526	68,581	90,445
Insurance	47,142	43,157	93,275	87,629
Entertainment	19,556	19,370	35,038	35,201
Donation	25,218	26,844	49,273	43,692
Postage	18,470	18,062	34,313	33,850
Others	<u>168,745</u>	<u>96,675</u>	<u>293,981</u>	<u>231,063</u>
	<u>\$ 515,911</u>	<u>\$ 430,098</u>	<u>\$ 963,347</u>	<u>\$ 879,581</u>

33. INCOME TAXES RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Income tax recognized in profits or loss

Major components of income tax expense were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current tax				
In respect of the current period	\$ 383,914	\$ 121,772	\$ 705,737	\$ 403,954
Income tax on unappropriated earnings	633	77	633	77
Adjustments for prior periods	3,553	(23,868)	3,553	(23,868)
Deferred tax				
In respect of the current period	<u>(16,928)</u>	<u>68,223</u>	<u>(52,272)</u>	<u>(21,511)</u>
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 371,172</u>	<u>\$ 166,204</u>	<u>\$ 657,651</u>	<u>\$ 358,652</u>

b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
<u>Deferred tax</u>				
In respect of the current period				
Fair value changes of financial assets at FVTOCI	\$ 5,109	\$ (3,259)	\$ 2,179	\$ (3,275)

c. Income tax assessments

The income tax returns of Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd., Taichung Bank Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd., Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited, and Taichung Commercial Bank Securities Co., Ltd. through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the tax authorities.

34. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Unit: NT\$ Per Share

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.52
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.52

The weighted average number of shares outstanding used for the earnings per share computation was adjusted retroactively for the issuance of bonus shares. The basic and diluted earnings per share adjusted retrospectively for the six months ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Unit: NT\$ Per Share

	Before Retrospective Adjustment	After Retrospective Adjustment
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.52
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.52

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

Net profit for the period

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Earnings used in the computation of basic earnings per share	\$ 1,330,251	\$ 1,146,074	\$ 2,606,265	\$ 2,276,318
Earnings used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	\$ 1,330,251	\$ 1,146,074	\$ 2,606,265	\$ 2,276,318

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (in thousands of shares) was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the computation of basic earnings per share	4,765,447	4,359,279	4,765,447	4,359,279
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares Employees' compensation or bonuses issued to employees	<u>1,829</u>	<u>1,829</u>	<u>2,760</u>	<u>2,891</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	<u>4,767,276</u>	<u>4,361,108</u>	<u>4,768,207</u>	<u>4,362,170</u>

If the Group offered to settle the compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or shares, the Group assumed that the entire amount of the compensation or bonuses will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares were included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

35. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related Party	Relationship with the Group
China Man-Made Fiber Corporation	Parent company of the Bank
Hsu Tian Investment Co., Ltd.	Legal director of the Bank
Kuei-Fong Wang	Natural director of the Bank
Te-Wei Chia	General manager and legal representatives of the Bank's director
Hsin-Chang Tsai, Li-Woon Lim, Pi-Ta Chen, Chien-An Shin	Independent directors of the Bank
Hsin-Ching Chang, Wei-Liang Lin, Ming-Hsiung Huang, Siou-Huei Ye, Shih-Yi Chiang, Li-Tzu Lai	Legal representatives of the Bank's director
24 persons including the Chairman and general manager's spouse	The spouses and second-degree relatives, etc. of the Bank's chairman and general managers
33 persons including the director of the Board's spouse	The spouses and children of the Bank's directors
7 persons including Yi-Yuan Tung	Key management personnel

(Continued)

Related Party	Relationship with the Group
19 persons including associate general manager's spouse	The spouses and children of the Bank's associate general managers
107 persons including Hung-Lung Tsai	Managers of the Bank
12 persons including Kuei-Hsien Wang	The spouses and children of the parent company's chairman and general managers
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	Associate accounted for using the equity method
Pan Asia Chemical Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
China Fiber Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Pan Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Taichung Commercial Bank Cultural and Educational Foundation, Taichung Commercial Bank Workers' Welfare Commission	Related party in substance
Deh Hsing Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Iolite Company Limited	Related party in substance
Hammock (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Related party in substance
Hebei Hanoshi Contact Lens Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Chou Chin Industrial Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Chou Chang Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Greenworld Food Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Nan Chung Petrochemical Corporation	Related party in substance
Xiang Fong Development Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Reliance Securities Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Sheen Ren Knitting Factory Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Ta Fa Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Formosa Imperial Wineseller Corp.	Related party in substance
Tou Ming Industry Limited Company	Related party in substance
Jin Bang Ge Industrial Company Limited.	Related party in substance
Ta Yi Development Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Yu Hui Limited	Related party in substance
Formosawine Vintners Corporation	Related party in substance
Bomi International Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Shanghai Bomi Food Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Noble House Global Limited	Related party in substance
Noble House Glory Corporation	Related party in substance
Wang Wanjin Culture and Education Foundation	Related party in substance
Chaoqing Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Sheng Yuan Ze Investment Limited Company	Related party in substance
Pan Hsu Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Precious Wealth International Limited	Related party in substance
Storm Model Management Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Bonwell Praise Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Chen Teng Public Relations (Shanghai) Company	Related party in substance
Shanghai Bomi Consulting management Limited Company	Related party in substance
Shuo-Jung Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Fengteng Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Shanghai Nianjia Culture Communication Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
General Pride Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Fengqi Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance

(Continued)

<u>Related Party</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
Reliance Kuan Chun Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Reliance Securities Investment Consultant Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Reliance Kuan Chun Venture Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Shen Ching Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Lei Fu Life Business Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Chi Da Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Syu Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Yao Shang Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
China Man-Made Fiber Entertainment Co., Ltd	Related party in substance

(Concluded)

Significant transactions between the Group and related parties:

a. Loans

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	Numbers/ Name	Highest Balance	Balance, End of the Period	Compliance		Interest Revenue	Collaterals	The Difference Between Related and Non-related Party
				Performing Loans	Overdue Loans			
Employees consumption loans	10	\$ 4,772	\$ 3,711	\$ 3,711	\$ -	\$ 30	Credit loans	None
Loans on mortgage	38	205,559	163,892	163,892	-	1,008	Real estate	None
Other loans	Zeng OO	101	81	81	-	1	Real estate	None
	Lee OO	2,273	2,202	2,202	-	15	Real estate	None
	Zeng OO	4,140	4,081	4,081	-	32	Real estate	None
	Liu OO	322	-	-	-	-	Real estate	None
	Tsai OO	5,000	5,000	5,000	-	-	Real estate	None
	Lin OO	321	275	275	-	-	Real estate	None
	Wang OO	6,000	3,000	3,000	-	28	Real estate	None
	Chen OO	80,000	40,000	40,000	-	327	Real estate	None
	Fang OO	20,916	11,916	11,916	-	96	Real estate	None
	Lin OO	16,400	15,800	15,800	-	129	Real estate	None
	Tsai OO	114	46	46	-	1	Real estate	None
	Liang OO	646	586	586	-	4	Real estate	None
	Ye OO	11,000	11,000	11,000	-	72	Real estate	None
	Huang OO	1,298	1,228	1,228	-	8	Real estate	None
	Wang OO	6,120	-	-	-	28	Real estate	None
	Chiu OO	2,627	2,472	2,472	-	15	Real estate	None
	Hsu OO	2,200	2,200	2,200	-	17	Real estate	None
	Huang OO	15,000	11,000	11,000	-	78	Real estate	None

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	Numbers/ Name	Highest Balance	Balance, End of the Period	Compliance		Interest Revenue	Collaterals	The Difference Between Related and Non-related Party
				Performing Loans	Overdue Loans			
Employees consumption loans	13	\$ 5,517	\$ 3,902	\$ 3,902	\$ -	\$ 33	Credit loans	None
Loans on mortgage	40	200,741	150,366	150,366	-	922	Real estate	None
Other loans	Lee OO	2,414	2,344	2,344	-	15	Real estate	None
	Chang OO	4,500	-	-	-	4	Real estate	None
	Liu OO	1,774	336	336	-	7	Real estate	None
	Tsai OO	5,000	-	-	-	8	Real estate	None
	Lin OO	412	367	367	-	-	Real estate	None
	Chiu OO	1,500	1,500	1,500	-	11	Real estate	None
	Chen OO	70,000	40,000	40,000	-	235	Real estate	None
	Fang OO	15,616	11,416	11,416	-	73	Real estate	None
	Wang OO	3,000	3,000	3,000	-	17	Real estate	None
	Lin OO	25,600	24,950	24,950	-	142	Real estate	None
	Tsai OO	248	181	181	-	2	Real estate	None
	Liang OO	767	707	707	-	4	Real estate	None
	Ye OO	11,000	11,000	11,000	-	67	Real estate	None
	Huang OO	1,435	1,367	1,367	-	10	Real estate	None
	Jhuang OO	1,314	-	-	-	7	Real estate	None
	Chiu OO	2,935	2,782	2,782	-	17	Real estate	None
	Hsu OO	2,200	2,200	2,200	-	16	Real estate	None

According to Articles 32 and 33 of the Banking Law, credit loans cannot be made to related parties except loans to government and consumers; secured loans to related parties shall be provided with adequate collateral, and the terms of credits to related parties should be similar to those for third parties.

b. Deposits

	<u>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022</u>		
	Ending Balance	Interest Ratio	Interest Expense
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$ 98,591	0.00-1.04	\$ 281
Taichung Commercial Bank Workers' Welfare Commission	152,485	0.01-5.07	3,587
China Man-Made Fiber Corporation	108,824	0.01-0.35	17
Taichung Commercial Bank Cultural and Educational Foundation	8,232	0.01-1.22	39
Greenworld Food Co., Ltd.	4,801	0.21	1
Pan Asia Chemical Corporation	14,464	0.01-0.21	7
Chou Chin Industrial Co., Ltd.	3,911	0.01-0.21	1
Chou Chang Co., Ltd.	4,369	0.01	-
Lei Fu Life Business Co., Ltd.	2,980	0.21	-
China Man-Made Fiber Entertainment Co., Ltd	1	0.21	1
Yao Shang Investment Co., Ltd.	3,202	0.21	1
Yu Hui Limited	4	0.01	-
Hsu Tian Investment Co., Ltd.	1,224	0.01-0.35	2
Syu Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	3,202	0.21	1
Chi Da Investment Co., Ltd.	3,202	0.21	1
Pan Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	7	0.01	-
Pan Hsu Investment Co., Ltd.	6	0.01	-

(Continued)

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022			
	Ending Balance	Interest Ratio	Interest Expense
Reliance Securities Co., Ltd.	\$ 10,091	0.21-0.79	\$ 34
Shuo-Jung Co., Ltd.	22,123	0.01	1
Deh Hsing Investment Co., Ltd.	8,219	0.17-0.35	81
Fengqi Investment Co., Ltd.	5	0.21	-
Others	<u>393,691</u>	0.00-5.07	<u>1,896</u>
	<u>\$ 843,634</u>		<u>\$ 5,951</u> (Concluded)

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021			
	Ending Balance	Interest Ratio	Interest Expense
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$ 98,643	0.00-0.79	\$ 354
Taichung Commercial Bank Workers' Welfare Commission	144,031	0.01-4.80	3,468
China Man-Made Fiber Corporation	41,319	0.01-0.05	12
Taichung Commercial Bank Cultural and Educational Foundation	8,235	0.01-0.84	34
Formosa Imperial Wineseller Corp.	37	0.04	-
Greenworld Food Co., Ltd.	2,909	0.01-0.04	-
Pan Asia Chemical Corporation	24,416	0.01-0.04	6
Pan Feng Enterprise Co., Ltd.	41	0.04	-
Chou Chin Industrial Co., Ltd.	15,167	0.01-0.04	-
Chou Chang Co., Ltd.	84	0.01	-
Je Mi Fang Corporation	20,120	0.04-0.81	70
Yu Hui Limited	4	0.01	-
Hsu Tian Investment Co., Ltd.	542	0.01-0.05	1
Pan Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	7	0.01	-
Pan Hsu Investment Co., Ltd.	4	0.01	-
Reliance Securities Co., Ltd.	13,784	0.04-0.55	36
Shuo-Jung Co., Ltd.	36,638	0.01	1
Deh Hsing Investment Co., Ltd.	1	0.04	1
Fengqi Investment Co., Ltd.	6	0.04	-
Others	<u>375,735</u>	0.00-4.80	<u>1,771</u>
	<u>\$ 781,723</u>		<u>\$ 5,754</u>

The interest rates do not significantly differ from those with ordinary customers except for the interest rates on the Bank's employee deposits at 5.07%, 4.80% and 4.80% as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021.

c. Financial debenture

The Bank issued, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2015, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2016, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, third no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, fourth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and fifth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2017, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2018, and entrusted Concord Securities Co., Ltd. and KGI Securities Co., Ltd. as financial advisor for the issuance and collection of bonds.

As of June 30, 2022, the related parties subscribed for the financial debentures issued by the Bank through underwriting brokers were as follows:

Counterparty	Subscription	Period
Hsu Tian Investment Co., Ltd.	\$ 4,000,000	First no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2015, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2016, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and fifth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2017, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2018
Others	3,750,000	First no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2015, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2016, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, third no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, fourth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, fifth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2017, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on 2018

The interest payables on the financial debentures of the above-mentioned related parties were \$196,607 thousand, \$47,108 thousand and \$196,607 thousand on June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively. The interest expenses were \$75,162 thousand, \$75,162 thousand, \$149,498 thousand and \$149,498 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

d. Service fee income

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	June 30		June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 738</u>	<u>\$ 207</u>	<u>\$ 1,230</u>	<u>\$ 368</u>

The above amounts are for the promotion and channel revenue, etc. The price of transactions with its related parties is similar to those of the non-related parties.

e. Other expenses

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Greenworld Food Co., Ltd.	\$ 173	\$ 153	\$ 313	\$ 349

The above amounts are other business expenses. The price of transactions with its related parties is similar to those of the non-related parties.

f. Compensation of directors and key management personnel

For the for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, compensation of directors and key management personnel were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Short-term benefits	\$ 74,510	\$ 70,690	\$ 183,430	\$ 164,540
Post-employee benefits	280	141	574	575
Other long-term benefits	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
	\$ <u>74,791</u>	\$ <u>70,832</u>	\$ <u>184,006</u>	\$ <u>165,117</u>

36. PLEDGED ASSETS

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Call loans to other banks - time deposits	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000
Restricted assets - cash in banks	352,941	384,756	464,524
Notes receivable	3,141,505	3,036,279	3,079,799
Investments in debt instrument at amortized cost - government bonds	620,500	916,400	917,700
Deposit reserves for demand accounts	<u>-</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>
	\$ <u>4,314,946</u>	\$ <u>9,537,435</u>	\$ <u>9,662,023</u>

Call loans to other banks - time deposits were the provision of operation deposit. Restricted assets - cash in banks and notes receivable were the guarantee for financing to other banks. Government bonds were pledged to district courts for litigation, the collateral for the overdraft of the clearing account and the compensation reserve for the securities firm and the trust business. The details were as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Guarantee to district courts for litigation	\$ 50,500	\$ 356,400	\$ 357,700
Collateral for overdraft of clearing account	500,000	500,000	500,000
Reserve of trust compensation	<u>70,000</u>	<u>60,000</u>	<u>60,000</u>
	\$ <u>620,500</u>	\$ <u>916,400</u>	\$ <u>917,700</u>

37. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in Notes 8, 11 and 24, significant commitments and contingencies of the Group as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 were as follows:

a. Significant commitments

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Loan commitments (excluding credit card)	\$ 166,496,609	\$ 146,654,164	\$ 140,490,590
Loan commitments - credit card	14,507,498	13,909,975	13,455,985
Guarantee receivable	26,014,954	27,150,584	25,121,561
Trust liabilities	80,183,622	77,982,280	73,015,209
Letters of credit	4,384,453	3,870,866	4,073,558
Lease contract commitment	2,597,584	1,672,014	1,400,228

b. According to Article 17 of the Implementation Rules of Trust Law, the Bank should disclose its balance sheet of trust account and its asset items, which were as follows:

Trust Account Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

Trust Assets	Amount	Trust Liabilities	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 6,518,543	Securities under custody	
Debentures	8,242,461	payable	\$ 4,106,958
Stocks	4,333,802	Trust capital	76,076,664
Funds	48,506,572	Net income	734,861
Structured finance instruments	1,707,455	Deferred carry-over amounts	<u>(734,861)</u>
Real estate			
Land	6,639,646		
Buildings	128,185		
Securities under custody	<u>4,106,958</u>		
Trust assets	<u>\$ 80,183,622</u>	Trust liabilities	<u>\$ 80,183,622</u>

Note: On June 30, 2022, the bank's Offshore Banking Unit invested in foreign securities under specific purpose trust accounts amounting to \$2,560,607 thousand.

Trust Account Asset Items June 30, 2022

Item	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 6,518,543
Debentures	8,242,461
Stocks	4,333,802
Funds	48,506,572
Structured finance instruments	1,707,455
Real estate	
Land	6,639,646
Buildings	128,185
Securities under custody	<u>4,106,958</u>
	<u>\$ 80,183,622</u>

**Trust Account Income Statement
Six Months Ended June 30, 2022**

	Amount
Trust income	
Interest revenue	\$ 1,193,994
Trust expense	
Management fee	(459,133)
Tax	-
Income before income tax	734,861
Income tax expense	-
Net income	\$ 734,861

**Trust Account Balance Sheet
December 31, 2021**

Trust Assets	Amount	Trust Liabilities	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 6,399,616	Securities under custody	
Debentures	7,238,414	payable	\$ 6,646,778
Stocks	3,455,339	Trust capital	71,335,502
Funds	47,078,055	Net income	1,210,606
Structured finance instruments	1,643,837	Deferred carryover amounts	(1,210,606)
Real estate			
Land	5,386,698		
Buildings	132,100		
Securities under custody	6,646,778		
Securities trust services	1,443		
Trust assets	\$ 77,982,280	Trust liabilities	\$ 77,982,280

Note: On December 31, 2021, the bank's Offshore Banking Unit invested in foreign securities under specific purpose trust accounts amounting to \$2,248,226 thousand.

**Trust Account Asset Items
December 31, 2021**

Item	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 6,399,616
Debentures	7,238,414
Stocks	3,455,339
Funds	47,078,055
Structured finance instruments	1,643,837
Real estate	
Land	5,386,698
Buildings	132,100
Securities under custody	6,646,778
Securities trust services	1,443
	\$ 77,982,280

**Trust Account Income Statement
Year Ended December 31, 2021**

	Amount
Trust income	
Interest revenue	\$ 2,428,466
Trust expense	
Management fee	(1,217,830)
Tax	<u>(30)</u>
Income before income tax	1,210,606
Income tax expense	<u>-</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 1,210,606</u>

**Trust Account Balance Sheet
June 30, 2021**

Trust Assets	Amount	Trust Liabilities	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 6,324,075	Securities under custody	
Debentures	8,219,899	payable	\$ 4,707,643
Stocks	2,931,264	Trust capital	68,307,566
Funds	46,135,375	Net income	639,153
Structured finance instruments	1,226,126	Deferred carry-over amounts	<u>(639,153)</u>
Real estate			
Land	3,265,208		
Buildings	205,619		
Securities under custody	<u>4,707,643</u>		
Trust assets	<u>\$ 73,015,209</u>	Trust liabilities	<u>\$ 73,015,209</u>

Note: On June 30, 2021, the bank's Offshore Banking Unit invested in foreign securities under specific purpose trust accounts amounting to \$2,013,583 thousand.

**Trust Account Asset Items
June 30, 2021**

Item	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 6,324,075
Debentures	8,219,899
Stocks	2,931,264
Funds	46,135,375
Structured finance instruments	1,226,126
Real estate	
Land	3,265,208
Buildings	205,619
Securities under custody	<u>4,707,643</u>
	<u>\$ 73,015,209</u>

**Trust Account Income Statement
Six Months Ended June 30, 2021**

	Amount
Trust income	
Interest revenue	\$ 1,228,998
Trust expense	
Management fee	(589,845)
Tax	-
Income before income tax	639,153
Income tax expense	-
Net income	<u>\$ 639,153</u>

c. Maturity analysis of lease commitments and capital expenditures

The lease contract commitments of the Group include operating leases and finance leases.

Operating lease commitment is the minimum lease payment when the Group is lessee or lessor with non-cancelling condition. The lease contract commitments of the operating leases are referred to in Note 19.

The finance lease commitments refer to the total lease investment of the lessor under the finance lease conditions and the present value of the minimum lease payments receivable.

Capital expenditure commitments represent contractual commitments for the acquisition of capital expenditures on construction and equipment.

Considering the expansion of business scale and the increasing number of employees in the future, the Group held a tender for the construction project of head office through an online open bidding process on February 11, 2019. Dacin Construction Co., Ltd. and Earthpower Co., Ltd. won the bidding, both parties entered into a joint venture agreement worth \$11,160,000 thousand on March 29, 2019, and started construction on April 27, 2019. In order to improve construction safety, both parties agreed to change the “reverse drilling steel column well type foundation alternative construction method” and the “raft foundation beam structure optimization alternative plan”. The first supplementary agreement was made on January 8, 2021, and the total contract price after the change was \$11,155,943 thousand. In addition, the second supplementary agreement was processed on May 9, 2022, and the total contract price after the change was \$11,154,971 thousand. The Group entered into a contract of planning, design and supervision worth \$480,492 thousand with YSL Architects & Associates.

Maturity analysis of lease commitments and capital expenditures is summarized as follows:

Financing lease income

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Year 1	\$ 2,736,672	\$ 2,468,413	\$ 3,403,504
Year 2	986,355	1,021,206	330,145
Year 3	165,702	218,035	15,915
Year 4	12,739	18,903	12,739
Year 5	12,739	12,739	12,739
Year 6 onwards	148,598	154,537	161,337
	<u>\$ 4,062,805</u>	<u>\$ 3,893,833</u>	<u>\$ 3,936,379</u>

Present value of financing lease income

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Year 1	\$ 2,412,351	\$ 2,175,166	\$ 3,041,476
Year 2	920,966	937,949	303,218
Year 3	151,712	199,223	6,619
Year 4	4,162	10,068	3,803
Year 5	4,555	4,354	4,162
Year 6 onwards	<u>88,156</u>	<u>90,068</u>	<u>92,718</u>
	<u>\$ 3,581,902</u>	<u>\$ 3,416,828</u>	<u>\$ 3,451,996</u>

Capital expenditure commitment

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Year 1	\$ 4,902,273	\$ 4,670,691	\$ 3,956,468
Year 2	1,380,976	2,532,019	3,271,309
Year 3	81,599	14,394	1,236,643
Year 4	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,394</u>
	<u>\$ 6,364,848</u>	<u>\$ 7,217,104</u>	<u>\$ 8,478,814</u>

- d. The Bank and Pihsiang Energy Technology Co., Ltd. are parties in a consumer consignment litigation. The Taichung District Court of first instance issued a civil judgment on the 2018 case No. 598 that the Bank lost the case on February 4, 2020. The claim of Pihsiang Energy Technology Co., Ltd. against the Bank is \$100 million, and the interest shall be calculated at 5% per annum from April 10, 2018 to the settlement date. The litigation costs shall be borne by the defendant (i.e., the Bank). The appointed lawyer of the Bank assessed that the content of the original judgment is contradictory and unprovoked. Therefore, the Bank filed an appeal on February 27, 2020, and was in the High Court Taichung Branch as 2020 renewed trial No. 78. After the second instance, the High Court Taichung Branch reappealed to trial No. 78 of 2020 on March 29, 2022, ruling that the Bank won the case. However, the plaintiff refused to accept the judgment of the second instance and filed an appeal, which was still pending in the Supreme Court as of June 30, 2022. According to the civil judgment on the 2018 case No. 598 on February 4, 2020, the Bank has prepared in advance the outstanding indemnities (statutory and litigation costs) of the ongoing litigation. Movements of the outstanding loss provision were as follows:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Balance, January 1	\$ 19,090	\$ 14,090
Loss provision	<u>2,500</u>	<u>2,500</u>
Balance, June 30	<u>\$ 21,590</u>	<u>\$ 16,590</u>

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the loss provision of \$2,500 thousand was recognized for interest expense.

38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the carrying amounts of financial instruments recognized in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values or that the fair values cannot be reasonably measured. Therefore, those were not disclosed in this note.

1) Fair value hierarchy

June 30, 2022

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Investments in debt instrument at amortized cost	\$ 106,701,522	\$ 79,766,488	\$ 26,030,322	\$ -	\$ 105,796,810
<u>Financial liabilities</u>					
Financial liabilities at amortized cost					
Bank debentures	16,500,000	-	16,647,059	-	16,647,059

December 31, 2021

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Investments in debt instrument at amortized cost	\$ 110,098,208	\$ 86,270,904	\$ 24,405,895	\$ -	\$ 110,676,799
<u>Financial liabilities</u>					
Financial liabilities at amortized cost					
Bank debentures	16,500,000	-	16,636,344	-	16,636,344

June 30, 2021

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Investments in debt instrument at amortized cost	\$ 110,751,134	\$ 86,100,864	\$ 25,569,638	\$ -	\$ 111,670,484
<u>Financial liabilities</u>					
Financial liabilities at amortized cost					
Bank debentures	11,500,000	-	11,683,787	-	11,683,787

2) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

<u>Financial Instruments</u>	<u>Valuation Techniques and Inputs</u>
Non-derivatives	The market transaction price in the non-active market is taken as the fair value.

b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

1) Fair value hierarchy

	June 30, 2022			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative financial assets	\$ 6,552,492	\$ -	\$ 6,552,492	\$ -
Commercial papers	23,627,489	23,627,489	-	-
Domestic listed shares and emerging market shares	757,661	681,850	75,811	-
Domestic unlisted shares	81,929	-	-	81,929
Beneficiary certificates	562,333	562,333	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds	418,176	418,176	-	-
Others	885,248	-	885,248	-
	<u>\$ 32,885,328</u>	<u>\$ 25,289,848</u>	<u>\$ 7,513,551</u>	<u>\$ 81,929</u>

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments				
Domestic unlisted shares	\$ 938,675	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 938,675
Domestic listed shares	3,957,115	3,957,115	-	-
Foreign listed shares	300,010	300,010	-	-
Investments in debt instruments				
Domestic corporate bonds	33,047,377	33,047,377	-	-
Domestic government bonds	5,256,717	5,256,717	-	-
Foreign bonds	3,142,210	-	3,142,210	-
Bank debentures	2,166,520	2,166,520	-	-
	<u>\$ 48,808,624</u>	<u>\$ 44,727,739</u>	<u>\$ 3,142,210</u>	<u>\$ 938,675</u>

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Derivative financial liabilities	<u>\$ 1,568,174</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,568,174</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
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Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments:

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVTPL							
Unlisted shares	\$ 81,611	\$ 318	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,929

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVOCI							
Unlisted shares	\$ 810,234	\$ 128,441	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 938,675

	December 31, 2021			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative financial assets	\$ 4,006,983	\$ -	\$ 4,006,983	\$ -
Commercial papers	26,680,732	26,680,732	-	-
Domestic listed shares and emerging market shares	919,500	849,850	69,650	-
Domestic unlisted shares	81,611	-	-	81,611
Beneficiary certificates	757,683	757,683	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds	422,471	422,471	-	-
Others	806,522	-	806,522	-
	<u>\$ 33,675,502</u>	<u>\$ 28,710,736</u>	<u>\$ 4,883,155</u>	<u>\$ 81,611</u>

(Continued)

	December 31, 2021			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>				
Investments in equity instruments				
Domestic unlisted shares	\$ 810,234	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 810,234
Domestic listed shares	3,136,272	3,136,272	-	-
Foreign listed shares	308,783	308,783	-	-
Investments in debt instruments				
Domestic corporate bonds	34,101,503	34,101,503	-	-
Domestic government bonds	4,865,736	4,865,736	-	-
Foreign bonds	3,121,222	-	3,121,222	-
Bank debentures	<u>2,204,054</u>	<u>2,204,054</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 48,547,804</u>	<u>\$ 44,616,348</u>	<u>\$ 3,121,222</u>	<u>\$ 810,234</u>
<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative financial liabilities	<u>\$ 512,399</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 512,399</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(Concluded)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments:

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVTPL							
Unlisted shares	\$ 7,508	\$ 7,203	\$ 66,900	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,611

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVTOCI							
Unlisted shares	\$ 751,556	\$ 58,678	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 810,234

	June 30, 2021			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative financial assets	\$ 3,775,912	\$ -	\$ 3,775,912	\$ -
Commercial papers	27,715,268	27,715,268	-	-
Domestic listed shares and emerging market shares	845,593	811,988	33,605	-
Foreign listed shares	130,244	130,244	-	-
Domestic unlisted shares	46,270	-	-	46,270
Beneficiary certificates	666,208	666,208	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds	392,826	392,826	-	-
Others	<u>802,394</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>802,394</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 34,374,715</u>	<u>\$ 29,716,534</u>	<u>\$ 4,611,911</u>	<u>\$ 46,270</u>
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>				
Investments in equity instruments				
Domestic unlisted shares	\$ 754,083	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 754,083
Domestic listed shares	3,142,884	3,142,884	-	-
Foreign listed shares	327,535	327,535	-	-
Investments in debt instruments				
Domestic corporate bonds	29,876,831	29,876,831	-	-
Domestic government bonds	5,209,984	5,209,984	-	-
Foreign bonds	3,452,659	-	3,452,659	-
Bank debentures	<u>2,208,399</u>	<u>2,208,399</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 44,972,375</u>	<u>\$ 40,765,633</u>	<u>\$ 3,452,659</u>	<u>\$ 754,083</u>
<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative financial liabilities	<u>\$ 644,176</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 644,176</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments:

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVTPL Unlisted shares	\$ 7,508	\$ 6,262	\$ 32,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,270

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVOCI Unlisted shares	\$ 751,556	\$ 2,527	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 754,083

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

2) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Inputs
Non-derivatives	The market transaction price in the non-active market is taken as the fair value.
Derivatives	
Option contracts	Valuation model: The execution price, maturity date, market volatility, interest rate and exchange rate set by the contract are used as valuation parameters. The model with closed solution is then used for valuation.
Cross-currency swap contracts, foreign exchange forward contracts	Discounted cash flow: Future cash flows are estimated based on observable forward exchange rates at the end of the reporting period and contract forward rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of various counterparties.
Asset swap contract	Convertible corporate bond closing price on the day minus bond value. The pure bond value is discounted by the cash flow provided by the convertible corporate bonds in accordance with Taiwan Bills Index Rate (TAIBIR).
Structured finance instruments	
Interest rate-linked structured instruments	The counterparty quotes.

3) The quantitative information on fair value of significant unobservable input (Level 3)

The quantitative information on unobservable inputs of the financial instruments classified in Level 3, and held by the Group on June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, were as follows:

Items	Fair value on June 30, 2022	Fair value on December 31, 2021	Fair value on June 30, 2021	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted-average)	Relationship Between Inputs and Fair Value
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Domestic unlisted shares	\$ 81,929	\$ 81,611	\$ 46,270	Seller's quote (Monte Carlo Simulation Method)	Volatility rate	19.97%-33%	The lower the volatility rate, the higher the fair value
					Minority equity volatility rate	34.14%	The lower the minority equity volatility rate, the higher the fair value
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Domestic unlisted shares	938,675	810,234	754,083	Seller's quote (Monte Carlo Simulation Method)	Volatility rate	22.15%-24.58%	The lower the volatility rate, the higher the fair value

4) The assessment of fair value in Level 3

The Group assessed fair value in accordance with evaluation report provided by independent company, and compiled the evaluation result into a quarterly report presented to the board of directors.

5) Sensitivity analysis of Level 3 fair value if reasonable possible alternative assumptions may be used.

The Group uses the volatility rate of quantitative information on significant unobservable input of market multiple. The sensitivity analysis based on assets category is as follows:

June 30, 2022

Significant Unobservable Input	Sensitivity Rate	Impact
Liquidity discount ratio	Increase 10%	\$ (23,936)
	Decrease 10%	23,936

December 31, 2021

Significant Unobservable Input	Sensitivity Rate	Impact
Liquidity discount ratio	Increase 10%	\$ (20,627)
	Decrease 10%	20,627

June 30, 2021

Significant Unobservable Input	Sensitivity Rate	Impact
Liquidity discount ratio	Increase 10%	\$ (19,951)
	Decrease 10%	19,951

c. Categories of financial instruments

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 32,885,328	\$ 33,675,502	\$ 34,374,715
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 1)	680,992,527	674,488,002	659,533,150
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>			
Equity instruments	5,195,800	4,255,289	4,224,502
Debt instruments	43,612,824	44,292,515	40,747,873
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	1,568,174	512,399	644,176
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (Note 2)	711,184,797	705,617,774	689,826,611

Note 1: The balances include financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks, investment in debt instrument at amortized cost, securities purchased under resell agreements, receivables, notes discounted and loans, restricted assets, refundable deposits, receipts under payment for shares underwriting, and other financial assets, net.

Note 2: The balances include financial liabilities at amortized cost, which comprise due to the Central Bank and other banks, funds borrowed from Central Bank and other banks, securities sold under repurchase agreements, payables, deposits and remittances, bank debentures, other financial liabilities, and guarantee deposits received.

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Overview

The financial risk management objectives of the Group is to achieve the goal of balancing risk tolerance, business objectives and external legal restrictions. These risks include market risks (including interest rate, exchange rate, equity securities and product price) and liquidity risks of on and off- balance sheet business.

The Group has formulated a relevant risk management policy, which has been approved by the board of directors to effectively identify, measure, monitor and control credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk.

Risk Management Organizational Structure

The board of directors is the highest decision-making unit for the Group's corporate risk management and assumes the ultimate responsibility for risk management. The Group has a risk management committee and a risk management department, which grants risk authority and confers responsibilities on the relevant departments to ensure the smooth operation of risk management. The responsibilities of the committee are as follows:

- a. Consideration of the risk management programme.
- b. Consideration and review of risk limits.
- c. Consideration of the bill on institutionalization of risk management.

- d. Report to the board of directors regularly.

Members of the risk management committee set up various risk management measurement indicators according to the nature of their business and the scope of their duties, and the risk management department should report to the risk management committee to provide a reference for senior decision-making.

- 1) Market risk

- a) The source and definition of market risk

Market risks refer to the loss due to the changes in market price, such as the changes of the market interest rate, the exchange rate, the share price and the product price.

- b) Market risk management policy

The objective of the Group market risk management is to develop a sound and effective market risk management mechanism that is consistent with the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business to ensure that the risks borne by the Group can be properly managed and market risks are effectively identified, measured, monitored and controlled, and strike a balance between the level of risk tolerance and the expected level of compensation.

- c) Market risk management process

- i. Identification and measurement

The relevant market risks should be assessed through appropriate procedures to consider whether the risk is within an acceptable risk range before new products, business activities, processes and systems are rolled out or operated. The relevant units should use the methods of business analysis or product analysis to identify the sources of market risks, define the market risk factors of each financial commodity and make appropriate specifications.

Market risk measurement can use a variety of effective measures to properly measure risk, including but not limited to the following methods: Statistical basis measures, sensitivity analysis and situational analysis. The risk management department should measure the risk of the site on a daily basis and conduct regular stress tests to measure the amount of abnormal losses that may occur in the current extremes or historical extremes.

- ii. Monitoring and reporting

The risk management department should report to the risk management committee and the board of directors regularly on the implementation of the Group's market risk management, including the Group's market risk allocation, risk level, profit and loss status, quota usage and compliance with relevant market risk management regulations and suggestions. The authorities also set up relevant limit management, stop loss mechanism, overrun treatment and exception management methods to effectively monitor market risks. In the event of an overrun or exception, it should be notified immediately to facilitate the immediate response.

- d) Interest rate risk

- i. Definition of interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the change in interest rate, which causes the Group to bear the risk of changes in the fair value of the interest rate risk or the loss of the surplus. The main sources of risk include deposits and interest-related securities.

ii. Measurement methods and management procedures

The Group monitors the interest rate risk system, sets the scope of the indicators to regularly monitor and report the results to the asset and liability management committee, the risk management committee and the board of directors, and adjusts according to the overall operating conditions of the Group. In addition, the Group measures the interest rate risk by DV01, assuming that the interest rate curve moves 100BP in parallel, the degree of impact on earnings and equity controls the interest rate risk.

iii. The effect of interest rate benchmark reform

For the financial instruments of the Group affected by changes in interest rate benchmark, the linked indicator interest rates include USD LIBOR. It is expected that the US Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) will replace the USD LIBOR. However, there is a fundamental difference between the replacement interest rate and LIBOR. LIBOR is a forward-looking interest rate indicator that implies market expectations for future interest rate trends, and includes inter-Group credit discounts. Each alternative interest rate is a retrospective interest rate indicator calculated with reference to actual transaction data, and does not include a credit discount. Therefore, when an existing contract is modified from a linked LIBOR to a linked alternative interest rate, additional adjustments must be made to the aforementioned differences to ensure that the interest rate basis before and after the modification is economically equivalent.

The Group has formulated a LIBOR conversion plan to deal with risk management policy adjustments, internal process adjustments, information system updates, financial instrument evaluation model adjustments, and related accounting or tax issues that are required to meet the changes in interest rate benchmark. On June 30, 2022, the Group has identified all the information systems and internal processes that need to be updated, and completed some of the updates.

As of June 30, 2022, the financial instruments of the Group that have been affected by the change in interest rate benchmark and have not yet converted to alternative interest rate benchmark are summarized as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>	
	Financial Assets	Financial Liabilities
Non-derivative Financial		
<u>Notes discounted and loans, net</u>		
USD LIBOR	\$ 8,467,000	\$ -
<u>Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks</u>		
USD LIBOR	-	297,200
<u>Financial assets at amortized cost</u>		
USD LIBOR	<u>7,475,000</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 15,942,000</u>	<u>\$ 297,200</u>

Derivative Financial	Nominal Amount	Amount	
		Financial Assets	Financial Liabilities
Interest rate-linked structured instrument contracts			
USD LIBOR	\$ 1,002,158	\$ 124,081	\$ 124,081

e) Exchange rate risk

i. Definition of exchange rate risk

Exchange rate risk is the gain or loss resulting from the conversion of two different currencies at different times. The Group's exchange rate risk is mainly due to the changes in spot and forward foreign exchange rates of the business operations. Since the foreign exchange transactions are mostly based on the principle of flattening the customer's position for the day, the exchange rate risk is relatively small.

ii. Measurement methods and management procedures

The Group adopts the quota management mechanism for the exchange rate risk system, sets the business quota and overnight limit for each currency, controls the maximum net foreign exchange position that can be held by all levels of personnel, and sets the maximum transaction amount according to the counterparty, and monitors it regularly. The results will be reported to the risk management committee and the board of directors for discussion.

In addition, the Group assesses the degree of impact on earnings and equity in the hypothetical scenarios when the USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, and JPY/NTD separately appreciates/depreciates by 3%, in order to control exchange rate risk.

f) Equity securities price risk

i. Definition of equity securities price risk

The market risk of the Group's equity securities is the individual risk arising from changes in the market price of individual equity securities and the general market risk arising from changes in the overall market price. The main risks include listed shares and beneficiary certificates.

ii. Measurement methods and management procedures

The Group adopts a quota management mechanism for the equity securities price risk, ensuring that all levels are traded within the authorized amount, and sets up relevant mechanisms for stop loss control, and regularly reports the monitoring results to the risk management committee and the board of directors for discussion.

In addition, the Group assesses the degree of impact on earnings and equity in the hypothetical scenarios when the price of equity securities rises/falls by 15% in order to control the risk of equity securities.

g) Market risk sensitivity analysis

Interest risk

The Group assumed that when other change factors remain unchanged, if the yield curve increased/decreased by 100 basis points, the income before income tax of the Group as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$693,077 thousand, \$937,186 thousand and \$804,864 thousand, respectively, and other equity would have decreased/increased by \$1,722,636 thousand, \$1,564,751 thousand and \$1,975,282 thousand, respectively.

Exchange rate risk

The Group assumed that when other change factors remain unchanged, if the exchange rate of USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, and JPY/NTD appreciated/depreciated by 3%, the income before income tax as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$62,745 thousand, and decreased/increased by \$10,994 thousand and \$12,291 thousand, respectively, and other equity would have increased/decreased by \$120,197 thousand, \$114,411 thousand and \$122,860 thousand, respectively.

Equity securities price risk

The Group assumed that when other factors remain unchanged, if the price of equity securities increased/decreased by 15%, the income before income tax as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$210,288 thousand, \$263,819 thousand and \$253,247 thousand, respectively, and other equity would have increased/decreased by \$779,370 thousand, \$638,293 thousand and \$633,675 thousand, respectively.

The summary of sensitivity analysis was as follows:

June 30, 2022			
Main Risk	Range of Change	Influence Amount	
		Other Equity	Income
Interest risk	Interest rate curve rises 100BPS	\$ (1,722,636)	\$ 693,077
	Interest rate curve falls 100BPS	1,722,636	(693,077)
Exchange rate risk	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, JPY/NTD increase by 3%	120,197	62,745
	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, JPY/NTD decrease by 3%	(120,197)	(62,745)
Equity securities price risk	Equity securities prices rise by 15%	779,370	210,288
	Equity securities prices fall by 15%	(779,370)	(210,288)

December 31, 2021			
Main Risk	Range of Change	Influence Amount	
		Other Equity	Income
Interest risk	Interest rate curve rises 100BPS	\$ (1,564,751)	\$ 937,186
	Interest rate curve falls 100BPS	1,564,751	(937,186)
Exchange rate risk	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, JPY/NTD increase by 3%	114,411	(10,994)
	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, JPY/NTD decrease by 3%	(114,411)	10,994
Equity securities price risk	Equity securities prices rise by 15%	638,293	263,819
	Equity securities prices fall by 15%	(638,293)	(263,819)

June 30, 2021			
Main Risk	Range of Change	Influence Amount	
		Other Equity	Income
Interest risk	Interest rate curve rises 100BPS	\$ (1,975,282)	\$ 804,864
	Interest rate curve falls 100BPS	1,975,282	(804,864)
Exchange rate risk	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, JPY/NTD increase by 3%	122,860	(12,291)
	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, JPY/NTD decrease by 3%	(122,860)	12,291
Equity securities price risk	Equity securities prices rise by 15%	633,675	253,247
	Equity securities prices fall by 15%	(633,675)	(253,247)

2) Credit risk

a) The source and definition of credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. Credit risk exists in both on and off-balance sheet items. The on-balance sheet exposures to credit risks are mainly from notes discounted ad loans, the credit card business, due from other banks and call loans to other banks, acceptance, investment in debt instrument and derivatives. The off-balance sheet exposures to credit risks are mainly from financial guarantees, letter of credits and loan commitments.

b) Credit risk management policy

Before launching new products or businesses, the Group ensures compliance with all applicable rules and regulations and identifies relevant credit risks. On June 30, 2022, the ratio of loans with collateral to the total amount of loans was approximately 76%. The ratio of financing guarantees to commercial letters of collateral holdings was approximately 26%, and the collateral required for loans, loan commitments or guarantees is usually in the forms of cash, inventories, liquid securities or other property in circulation. If the customers default, the Group will execute its rights on collateral in accordance with the terms of contracts.

c) Credit risk management program

The measurement and management of credit risks from the Group's main businesses were as follows:

i. Loans business (including loan commitment and guarantees)

i) Determination that credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.

The Group assesses the change in the probability of default of loans during the lifetime on each reporting date to determine if the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition. In order to make this assessment, the Group considers the reasonable and supportable information that the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition (including forward-looking information). The main considerations include:

Quantitative indicators

- Changes in external credit ratings of Taiwan Corporate Credit Rating Index (TCRI)

The TCRI rating of the listed cabinet company corresponding to the external rating has been reduced from the investment grade to the non-investment grade, that is, the credit risk has significantly increased since the initial recognition.

- Information on overdue status

When the contract amount is overdue for more than one month, it is determined that the credit risk of the financial asset has increased significantly since the initial recognition.

Qualitative indicators

- Unfavorable changes in the current or projected operating, financial or economic conditions that are expected to result in significant changes in the ability of the debtor to perform debt obligations.
- Significant changes in actual or expected results of the debtor's operations.
- The credit risk of other financial instruments from the same debtor has increased significantly.

ii) Definition of default and credit impairment financial assets

The definition of financial asset default is the same as that of financial asset credit impairment. If one or more of the following conditions are met, the Group determines that the financial asset has defaulted and becomes credit impaired:

Quantitative indicators

- Changes in external TCRI credit ratings

The TCRI rating of the listed cabinet company is default grade, which means that the credit has been deducted since the initial recognition.

- Information on overdue status

When the contract amount is overdue for more than three months, it is determined that the credit of the financial asset has been impaired since the initial recognition.

Qualitative indicators

If there is evidence that the borrower will not be able to pay the contract, or that the borrower has significant financial difficulties, such as:

- The debtor has gone bankrupt or may have called for bankruptcy or financial restructuring.
- Other debt instrument contracts of the debtor have defaulted.
- Due to the economic or contractual reasons associated with the debtor’s financial difficulties, the debtor’s creditors give the borrower an unconfirmed concession and report the overdue loan.

The aforementioned default and credit impairment definitions are used to consolidate all financial assets held by the company and are consistent with the definitions used for the internal credit risk management purposes of the financial assets, and are also applied to the relevant impairment assessment model.

iii) Measurement of expected credit losses

In order to assess the expected credit losses, the combined company divides the credit assets into the following combinations according to the credit risk characteristics such as the use of borrowing, industrial nature, collateral type and borrowing status.

Product Portfolio	
Corporate loans	Corporate loans - secured
	Corporate loans - unsecured
Consumer loans	House mortgage
	Consumer loans - secured
	Consumer loans - unsecured
	Credit loans
	Debit card
	Credit card

The Group evaluates loss allowance of financial assets, which credit risk does not significantly increase after initial recognition based on 12 months expected credit losses. The Group evaluates loss allowance of financial assets, which credit risk significantly increases after initial recognition based on lifetime expected credit losses.

In order to evaluate expected credit losses, the Group takes into consideration the debtor’s probability of default (“PD”) within the next 12 months, which includes the loss given default (“LGD”), the results are then multiplied by the exposure at default (“EAD”), while also considering the effect of time value of money to calculate the expected credit losses during the duration of 12 months.

PD is the default percentage of a borrower. LGD is the loss ratio once a borrower default. The Group applied PD and LGD to evaluate loan business impairment based on each portfolio's historical information calculated internally (i.e. credit loss experience), and adjusted historical data based on current observable information and forward-looking macroeconomic information calculated by using packet direct estimation method.

The Group evaluates the loan default risk by packet direct estimation method. The Group calculates 12 months and lifetime ECLs of financing commitment based on packet direct estimation method. The Group uses credit conversion factor to calculate the portion of financing commitment expected to be used in 12 months after record date and the credit duration to calculate the default exposure amount of ECLs.

Consideration of forward-looking estimation

In considering the expected credit losses, the Group uses forward looking economic factors that affect credit risk and expected credit losses to consider forward looking information. Forward looking information is based on the Taiwan National Development Council's regular promulgation of the "Benefit Strategy Signal" of Taiwan's overall prosperity as indicators, which are divided into boom expansion period, contraction period and flat period. The Group evaluates the economic situation to adjust the default probability every quarter, and then incorporates it into the overall expected credit loss assessment.

ii. Debt instrument investment

The Group considers the historical default loss rate provided by the external rating agencies and the current financial status of the debtor to calculate 12-month and lifetime ECLs of financing commitment in debt instrument investment.

The securities held by the Group recognize the expected credit losses according to the expected credit losses during the lifetime ECLs of financing commitment. The credit quality of the Group's judgment securities was as follows:

- i) The determination since the initial recognition of the credit risk has increased significantly.

The Group assesses the change in the probability of default of debt instrument investment during the lifetime on each reporting date to determine if the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition. In order to make this assessment, the Group considerations show the reasonable and supportable information that the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition. The main considerations include:

Quantitative indicators

- At the time of initial recognition, the issuer's credit rating is above the investment grade, but at the financial reporting date, the issuer's credit rating is reduced to a non-investment grade.
- For debt instrument investments on the initial recognition date, the issuer's credit rating is below the non-investment grade and the credit rating on the reporting day has not changed.
- When the issuer's credit rating is a non-investment grade, the reported daily credit rating is reduced to a certain extent.

Qualitative indicators

- The credit rating of the issuer indicates that its credit risk has increased significantly.
- The fair value of the debt instrument investment is significantly and adversely changed on the reporting date.

ii) Definition of default and credit impairment financial assets

If the debt instrument investment meets one or more of the following conditions, it determines that the financial asset has defaulted and the credit is impaired.

Quantitative indicators

- Debt instrument investment is the credit impairment bond when it is purchased.
- The default rate for credit rating of the issuer or debt instrument investment will be adjusted on the reporting day.

Qualitative indicators

- The issuer modifies the issue conditions of the debt instrument investment due to financial difficulties or fails to pay the principal or interest according to the conditions of the issue.
- The issuer or the guarantee institution has ceased operations or has applied for reorganization, bankruptcy, dissolution, and sale of major assets that have a significant impact on the company's continued operations.

Measurement of expected credit losses

- In order to evaluate expected credit losses, the Group takes into consideration the debtor's probability of default ("PD") within the next 12 months, which includes the loss given default ("LGD"), the results are then multiplied by the exposure at default ("EAD"), while also considering the effect of time value of money to calculate the expected credit losses during the duration of 12 months.
- Comparing the risk of default on the dated debt instrument with the default risk at the time of initial recognition, and considering the reasonable and corroborative information for a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition, to determine whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.
 - Those who meet the normal credit risk status will estimate the expected loss amount based on the one-year probability of default (PD).
 - Those who meet the significant increase in credit risk status must consider the duration of the asset project and calculate the probability of default (PD) for each duration. If the cash flow of the contract in the future period (i.e., the default exposure amount of each period) can be assessed, the cash flow method is used to assess the expected amount of credit loss, and if the cash flow of each period cannot be assessed, and the current risk calculation method is used it.

- Those who meet the abnormal credit risk status are considered to be 100%, and will not consider the probability of default in each duration. Only consider the relevant recoverable amount and evaluate the overall expected credit loss amount.
- Debt instrument investment probability of default is the value released by external credit rating agencies, which implies the possibility of future market fluctuations.

d) Credit risk hedging or mitigation policies

i. Collaterals

The Group implements a series of policies and measures to reduce credit risks when granting of credit. One of the commonly used methods is to require borrowers to provide collaterals. To enforce the rights to collaterals, the Group manages and assesses the collaterals according to the procedures adopted in determining the scope of collateralization and valuation of collaterals.

The main types of collateral for granting credit are as follows:

- i) Real estate.
- ii) Chattels and rights of pledge.
- iii) Guarantee from external agency.

To enhance guarantee of transaction risk, the Group's demand for collaterals depends on the nature of derivative transactions as follows:

- i) Guarantee of amount invested: Asking different ratio of guarantee depends on the credit rating scale of clients.
- ii) Guarantee of high-risk transactions: Asking for collaterals when option contracts are under resell agreement.
- iii) Performance bond (loss on investment position): Asking for collaterals when loss on investment position exceeds the limit of approved market value.

The Group closely observed the value of pledged financial assets and evaluated which financial assets had been impaired in order to recognize allowance for impairment. Credit impaired financial assets and its pledged values which eliminate potential loss, are as follows:

June 30, 2022

	Total Book Value	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Total Value of Exposure	Fair Value of Collateral
Financial assets that were impaired				
Notes discounted and loans	\$ 8,540,744	\$ (1,818,897)	\$ 6,721,847	\$ 6,721,847
Receivables	881,985	(226,871)	655,114	630,142
Guarantees and letters of credit	144,963	(53,618)	91,345	37,864
Debt instrument	8,110	(8,110)	-	-
Others	<u>85,019</u>	<u>(12,068)</u>	<u>72,951</u>	<u>-</u>
Total financial assets that were impaired	<u>\$ 9,660,821</u>	<u>\$ (2,119,564)</u>	<u>\$ 7,541,257</u>	<u>\$ 7,389,853</u>

December 31, 2021

	Total Book Value	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Total Value of Exposure	Fair Value of Collateral
Financial assets that were impaired				
Notes discounted and loans	\$ 8,698,694	\$ (1,857,339)	\$ 6,841,355	\$ 6,841,355
Receivables	801,948	(239,926)	562,022	534,495
Guarantees and letters of credit	88,571	(33,375)	55,196	37,864
Debt instruments	7,554	(7,554)	-	-
Others	<u>85,019</u>	<u>(12,005)</u>	<u>73,014</u>	<u>-</u>
Total financial assets that were impaired	<u>\$ 9,681,786</u>	<u>\$ (2,150,199)</u>	<u>\$ 7,531,587</u>	<u>\$ 7,413,714</u>

June 30, 2021

	Total Book Value	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Total Value of Exposure	Fair Value of Collateral
Financial assets that were impaired				
Notes discounted and loans	\$ 7,652,524	\$ (1,740,432)	\$ 5,912,092	\$ 5,912,092
Receivables	209,778	(139,772)	70,006	66,949
Guarantees and letters of credit	92,522	(35,203)	57,319	39,124
Debt instrument	7,604	(7,604)	-	-
Others	<u>32,000</u>	<u>(1,867)</u>	<u>30,133</u>	<u>-</u>
 Total financial assets that were impaired	 <u>\$ 7,994,428</u>	 <u>\$ (1,924,878)</u>	 <u>\$ 6,069,550</u>	 <u>\$ 6,018,165</u>

ii. Credit risk concentration limits and control

To avoid the concentration of credit risks, the Group has included credit limits for the same person (entity) and for the same related-party corporation (group) based on the credit risk arising from loans, securities investment and derivatives transactions.

Meanwhile, for trading and banking book investments, the Group has set a ratio, which is the credit limit of a single issuer in relation to the total security position. The Group has also included credit limits for a single counterparty and a single group.

In addition, to manage the concentration risk of the financial assets, the Group has set credit limits by industry, conglomerate, country and transactions collateralized by shares, and integrated within one system to supervise the concentration of credit risk in these categories. The Group monitors concentration of each asset and controls various types of credit risk concentration in a single transaction involving counterparties, groups, related-party corporations, industries and nations.

iii. Other credit enhancements

To reduce its credit risks, the Group stipulates in its credit contracts the term for offsetting which clearly stated that the Group reserves the right to offset the borrowers' debt against their deposits in the Group.

e) Maximum exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposures of assets on the consolidated balance sheets to credit risks without consideration of guarantees or other credit enforcement instruments approximate the assets' carrying amounts. The maximum exposures of off-balance sheet items to credit risks without consideration of guarantees or other credit enforcement instrument were as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Irrevocable loan commitments	\$ 10,347,374	\$ 8,946,143	\$ 9,474,096
Credit card commitments	14,507,498	13,909,975	13,455,985
Guarantee receivables	26,014,954	27,150,584	25,121,561
Letters of credit	4,384,453	3,870,866	4,073,558

The management of the Group believes their abilities to minimize the credit risk exposures of the off-balance sheet items are mainly attributed to their rigorous evaluation of extended credit and the periodic reviews of these credits.

f) Credit risk concentration of the Group

When the counterparty of financial product transactions is concentrated on one person, or when there are several counterparties but they are mostly engaged in similar economic activities and have similar economic characteristics, causing their abilities to fulfill contract obligations to be similarly affected by economic or other situations, credit risk concentration is deemed to have occurred. The characteristics of significant credit risk concentration include the nature of the debtor's activities. The Group's transactions are not concentrated on a single customer or counterparty but spread among counterparties with similar industry types and operating regions. The contract amounts of significant credit risk concentration was as follows:

Counterparty	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Private enterprise	\$ 279,556,630	\$ 272,232,887	\$ 269,630,852
Natural person	265,066,512	251,463,839	237,860,229
Government agencies	-	-	1,000,000
Others	<u>2,637,341</u>	<u>2,194,108</u>	<u>2,099,968</u>
	<u>\$ 547,260,483</u>	<u>\$ 525,890,834</u>	<u>\$ 510,591,049</u>

Credit Risk Profile by Group or Industry	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Natural person	\$ 265,066,512	\$ 251,463,839	\$ 237,860,229
Manufacturing	84,760,612	82,428,014	80,485,318
Commercial	54,066,019	55,055,686	55,080,169
Real estate and leasing	69,544,588	68,116,161	68,487,029
Construction industry	23,863,836	21,651,987	19,670,432
Servicing	12,615,082	10,721,758	11,917,256
Finance and insurance	21,257,747	20,517,085	19,998,548
Transportation warehousing and information communication	8,207,317	9,110,025	9,379,615
Others	<u>7,878,770</u>	<u>6,826,279</u>	<u>7,712,453</u>
	<u>\$ 547,260,483</u>	<u>\$ 525,890,834</u>	<u>\$ 510,591,049</u>

Credit Risk Profile by Regions	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Domestic	\$ 512,720,654	\$ 494,778,509	\$ 476,103,251
Asia	21,518,791	18,613,232	19,168,031
North America	9,897,358	9,615,136	11,355,716
Others	<u>3,123,680</u>	<u>2,883,957</u>	<u>3,964,051</u>
	<u>\$ 547,260,483</u>	<u>\$ 525,890,834</u>	<u>\$ 510,591,049</u>

Credit Risk Profile by Collaterals	December 31,		
	June 30, 2022	2021	June 30, 2021
Unsecured	\$ 87,891,342	\$ 83,184,331	\$ 80,287,813
Secured			
Real estate	405,150,838	389,570,276	379,421,303
Letter of bank guarantee	17,946,864	18,341,803	17,666,842
Chattel	7,053,741	6,481,073	6,616,736
Debenture	16,227,737	16,708,301	15,503,224
Notes receivable	1,659,283	1,906,758	1,921,432
Stocks	6,177,013	5,375,785	5,041,606
Others	<u>5,153,665</u>	<u>4,322,507</u>	<u>4,132,093</u>
	<u>\$ 547,260,483</u>	<u>\$ 525,890,834</u>	<u>\$ 510,591,049</u>

g) Write-off policy

If one of the following events have occurred, overdue loans and delinquent receivables should have the estimated recoverable amount deducted and should then be written off as bad debt:

- The debtor may not recover all or part of the obligatory claim due to dissolution, escape, settlement, bankruptcy or other reasons.
- The appraisal of collateral and properties of the main and subordinate debtors are very low, or the compensation is not available after deducting the amount of the first mortgage, or it is not beneficial that execution fee is close to or may exceed the Bank's reimbursable amount.
- The collateral and the properties of the main and subordinate debtors are auctioned off at multiple auctions and the Bank did not bear the benefit.
- Overdue loans and delinquent receivables which have been overdue for more than 2 years have been collected but not yet received.
- The minimum payable amount of credit card which is overdue for six months that should be written off in three months.

h) Information of credit quality

i. Notes discounted, loans and receivables

June 30, 2022

Product category	Notes Discounted and Loans				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL		
Corporate loans	\$ 235,756,214	\$ 2,636,808	\$ 6,096,099	\$ -	\$ 244,489,121
Consumer loans	252,812,579	9,097,811	2,444,463	-	264,354,853
Others	<u>24,297</u>	<u>699</u>	<u>182</u>	-	<u>25,178</u>
Total book value	488,593,090	11,735,318	8,540,744	-	508,869,152
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,927,185)	(831,036)	(1,818,897)	-	(4,577,118)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	<u>(2,807.752)</u>	<u>(2,807.752)</u>
	<u>\$ 486,665,905</u>	<u>\$ 10,904,282</u>	<u>\$ 6,721,847</u>	<u>\$ (2,807.752)</u>	<u>\$ 501,484,282</u>

Receivables					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 12,137,069	\$ 372,754	\$ 796,473	\$ -	\$ 13,306,296
Consumer loans	2,200,471	23,427	34,967	-	2,258,865
Others	<u>53,044,434</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>50,545</u>	-	<u>53,094,986</u>
Total book value	67,381,974	396,188	881,985	-	68,660,147
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(111,970)	(7,270)	(226,871)	-	(346,111)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(292,589)	(292,589)
	<u>\$ 67,270,004</u>	<u>\$ 388,918</u>	<u>\$ 655,114</u>	<u>\$ (292,589)</u>	<u>\$ 68,021,447</u>

Irrevocable Loan Commitments					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 8,770,595	\$ 33,250	\$ 85,019	\$ -	\$ 8,888,864
Consumer loans	<u>1,458,510</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u>1,458,510</u>
Total book value	10,229,105	33,250	85,019	-	10,347,374
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(60,067)	(767)	(12,068)	-	(72,902)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(2,710)	(2,710)
	<u>\$ 10,169,038</u>	<u>\$ 32,483</u>	<u>\$ 72,951</u>	<u>\$ (2,710)</u>	<u>\$ 10,271,762</u>

Credit Card Commitments					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Consumer loans	<u>\$ 14,411,015</u>	<u>\$ 96,483</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 14,507,498</u>
Total book value	14,411,015	96,483	-	-	14,507,498
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(5,139)	(2,161)	-	-	(7,300)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(82)	(82)
	<u>\$ 14,405,876</u>	<u>\$ 94,322</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (82)</u>	<u>\$ 14,500,116</u>

Guarantee Receivables					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	<u>\$ 25,555,304</u>	<u>\$ 314,687</u>	<u>\$ 144,963</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 26,014,954</u>
Total book value	25,555,304	314,687	144,963	-	26,014,954
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(185,153)	(65,561)	(53,618)	-	(304,332)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(16,631)	(16,631)
	<u>\$ 25,370,151</u>	<u>\$ 249,126</u>	<u>\$ 91,345</u>	<u>\$ (16,631)</u>	<u>\$ 25,693,991</u>

Letters of Credit					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 4,384,453	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,384,453
Total book value	4,384,453	-	-	-	4,384,453
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(11,692)	-	-	-	(11,692)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(3,272)	(3,272)
	<u>\$ 4,372,761</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (3,272)</u>	<u>\$ 4,369,489</u>

December 31, 2021

Notes Discounted and Loans					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 227,290,646	\$ 2,322,566	\$ 6,118,651	\$ -	\$ 235,731,863
Consumer loans	238,225,115	9,920,228	2,579,934	-	250,725,277
Others	29,546	1,028	109	-	30,683
Total book value	465,545,307	12,243,822	8,698,694	-	486,487,823
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,465,291)	(608,655)	(1,857,339)	-	(3,931,285)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(2,750,165)	(2,750,165)
	<u>\$ 464,080,016</u>	<u>\$ 11,635,167</u>	<u>\$ 6,841,355</u>	<u>\$ (2,750,165)</u>	<u>\$ 479,806,373</u>

Receivables					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 12,160,742	\$ 311,725	\$ 712,609	\$ -	\$ 13,185,076
Consumer loans	1,683,488	22,751	37,488	-	1,743,727
Others	60,904,209	14	51,851	-	60,956,074
Total book value	74,748,439	334,490	801,948	-	75,884,877
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(108,467)	(7,900)	(239,926)	-	(356,293)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(104,485)	(104,485)
	<u>\$ 74,639,972</u>	<u>\$ 326,590</u>	<u>\$ 562,022</u>	<u>\$ (104,485)</u>	<u>\$ 75,424,099</u>

Irrevocable Loan Commitments					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 7,175,795	\$ 33,250	\$ 85,019	\$ -	\$ 7,294,064
Consumer loans	<u>1,652,079</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,652,079</u>
Total book value	8,827,874	33,250	85,019	-	8,946,143
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(40,877)	(661)	(12,005)	-	(53,543)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,221)</u>	<u>(4,221)</u>
	<u>\$ 8,786,997</u>	<u>\$ 32,589</u>	<u>\$ 73,014</u>	<u>\$ (4,221)</u>	<u>\$ 8,888,379</u>

Credit Card Commitments					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Consumer loans	\$ 13,827,884	\$ 82,091	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,909,975
Total book value	13,827,884	82,091	-	-	13,909,975
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(5,046)	(1,915)	-	-	(6,961)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(422)</u>	<u>(422)</u>
	<u>\$ 13,822,838</u>	<u>\$ 80,176</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (422)</u>	<u>\$ 13,902,592</u>

Guarantee Receivables					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 26,971,681	\$ 90,332	\$ 88,571	\$ -	\$ 27,150,584
Total book value	26,971,681	90,332	88,571	-	27,150,584
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(171,880)	(7,782)	(33,375)	-	(213,037)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(84,926)</u>	<u>(84,926)</u>
	<u>\$ 26,799,801</u>	<u>\$ 82,550</u>	<u>\$ 55,196</u>	<u>\$ (84,926)</u>	<u>\$ 26,852,621</u>

Letters of Credit					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 3,870,866	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,870,866
Total book value	3,870,866	-	-	-	3,870,866
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(8,629)	-	-	-	(8,629)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,226)</u>	<u>(4,226)</u>
	<u>\$ 3,862,237</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (4,226)</u>	<u>\$ 3,858,011</u>

June 30, 2021

Notes Discounted and Loans					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 227,029,104	\$ 4,181,853	\$ 4,890,704	\$ -	\$ 236,101,661
Consumer loans	223,247,737	11,248,196	2,762,040	-	237,257,973
Others	30,005	583	(220)	-	30,368
Total book value	450,306,846	15,430,632	7,652,524	-	473,390,002
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,428,215)	(767,318)	(1,740,432)	-	(3,935,965)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(2,426,250)	(2,426,250)
	<u>\$ 448,878,631</u>	<u>\$ 14,663,314</u>	<u>\$ 5,912,092</u>	<u>\$ (2,426,250)</u>	<u>\$ 467,027,787</u>
Receivables					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 12,436,412	\$ 352,067	\$ 123,693	\$ -	\$ 12,912,172
Consumer loans	3,471,977	21,456	35,970	-	3,529,403
Others	60,960,325	6	50,115	-	61,010,446
Total book value	76,868,714	373,529	209,778	-	77,452,021
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(105,770)	(9,557)	(139,772)	-	(255,099)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(75,015)	(75,015)
	<u>\$ 76,762,944</u>	<u>\$ 363,972</u>	<u>\$ 70,006</u>	<u>\$ (75,015)</u>	<u>\$ 77,121,907</u>
Irrevocable Loan Commitments					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 8,465,057	\$ 14,250	\$ 32,000	\$ -	\$ 8,511,307
Consumer loans	962,789	-	-	-	962,789
Total book value	9,427,846	14,250	32,000	-	9,474,096
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(44,919)	(307)	(1,867)	-	(47,093)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(5,811)	(5,811)
	<u>\$ 9,382,927</u>	<u>\$ 13,943</u>	<u>\$ 30,133</u>	<u>\$ (5,811)</u>	<u>\$ 9,421,192</u>
Credit Card Commitments					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Consumer loans	\$ 13,454,659	\$ 1,326	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,455,985
Total book value	13,454,659	1,326	-	-	13,455,985
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,910)	(152)	-	-	(5,062)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(2,320)	(2,320)
	<u>\$ 13,449,749</u>	<u>\$ 1,174</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (2,320)</u>	<u>\$ 13,448,603</u>

Guarantee Receivables					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 24,411,969	\$ 617,070	\$ 92,522	\$ -	\$ 25,121,561
Total book value	24,411,969	617,070	92,522	-	25,121,561
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(155,370)	(24,252)	(35,203)	-	(214,825)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(49,138)	(49,138)
	<u>\$ 24,256,599</u>	<u>\$ 592,818</u>	<u>\$ 57,319</u>	<u>\$ (49,138)</u>	<u>\$ 24,857,598</u>
Letters of Credit					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Difference of	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Impairment Loss	Total
				under	
				Regulations	
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 4,073,558	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,073,558
Total book value	4,073,558	-	-	-	4,073,558
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(9,020)	-	-	-	(9,020)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(7,845)	(7,845)
	<u>\$ 4,064,538</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (7,845)</u>	<u>\$ 4,056,693</u>

ii. Debt instrument investments

June 30, 2022

Financial Assets at FVTOCI				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Total
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 43,641,238	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,641,238
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	-	-
Total book value	43,641,238	-	-	43,641,238
Allowance for impairment	(28,414)	-	-	(28,414)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 43,612,824</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 43,612,824</u>
Investments in Debt Instruments at Amortized Cost				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Total
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 49,284,419	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,284,419
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	8,110	8,110
Others (NCDs issued by the CBC)	57,440,000	-	-	57,440,000
Total book value	106,724,419	-	8,110	106,732,529
Allowance for impairment	(22,897)	-	(8,110)	(31,007)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 106,701,522</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 106,701,522</u>

Note: The bond rating is based on the original credit rating of Moody's, Fitch (Fitch), Standard & Poor's (S&P) and China Credit Rating.

The breakdown below shows the Group's investments in debt instruments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI and financial assets at amortized cost:

June 30, 2022

	Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Total book value	\$ 44,653,334	\$ 106,732,529
Loss allowance	<u>(28,414)</u>	<u>(31,007)</u>
Amortized cost	44,624,920	106,701,522
Fair value adjustment	<u>(1,012,096)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 43,612,824</u>	<u>\$ 106,701,522</u>

The Group's current credit risk rating mechanism and the total book value of the investments in debt instruments of each credit rating are as follows:

Credit Rating	Definition	Recognition Basis	Expected Credit Loss	Total Book Value	
				Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Normal (Stage 1)	The debtor has a low credit risk and is fully capable of paying off contractual cash flows.	12-month expected credit losses	0.00%-0.41%	\$ 44,653,334	\$ 106,724,419
Abnormal (Stage 2)	Credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.	Lifetime expected credit losses (no credit impaired)	-	-	-
Default (Stage 3)	There is evidence that the credit is impaired.	Lifetime expected credit losses (credit impaired)	100%	-	8,110
Write offs	There is evidence that the debtor is facing serious financial difficulties and the Bank cannot reasonably expect to recover the debt.	Write-off	-	-	-

With respect to the Group's investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI and at amortized cost, information on the changes in its loss allowance summarized by credit risk rating is as follows:

	Credit Rating		
	Normal (12-month Expected Credit Losses)	Abnormal (Lifetime ECL and Not Credit Impaired)	Default (Lifetime ECL with Credit Impaired)
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>			
Balance, January 1, 2022	\$ 29,891	\$ -	\$ -
Change in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	-	-	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	639	-	-
Dispose	(314)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>(1,802)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Loss allowance, June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 28,414</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

	Credit Rating		
	Normal (12-month Expected Credit Losses)	Abnormal (Lifetime ECL and Not Credit Impaired)	Default (Lifetime ECL with Credit Impaired)
<u>Financial assets at amortized cost</u>			
Balance, January 1, 2022	\$ 23,109	\$ -	\$ 7,554
Change in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	-	-	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	2,716	-	-
Dispose	(2,389)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>(539)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>556</u>
Loss allowance, June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 22,897</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,110</u>

December 31, 2021

	Financial Assets at FVTOCI			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 44,322,406	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,322,406
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	-	-
Total book value	44,322,406	-	-	44,322,406
Allowance for impairment	(29,891)	-	-	(29,891)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 44,292,515</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 44,292,515</u>

Investments in Debt Instruments at Amortized Cost				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Total
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 46,331,317	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,331,317
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	7,554	7,554
Others (NCDs issued by the CBC)	<u>63,790,000</u>	-	-	<u>63,790,000</u>
Total book value	110,121,317	-	7,554	110,128,871
Allowance for impairment	(23,109)	-	(7,554)	(30,663)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 110,098,208</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 110,098,208</u>

Note: The bond rating is based on the original credit rating of Moody's, Fitch (Fitch), Standard & Poor's (S&P) and China Credit Rating.

The breakdown below shows the Group's investments in debt instruments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI and financial assets at amortized cost:

December 31, 2021

	Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Total book value	\$ 44,159,489	\$ 110,128,871
Loss allowance	<u>(29,891)</u>	<u>(30,663)</u>
Amortized cost	44,129,598	110,098,208
Fair value adjustment	<u>162,917</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 44,292,515</u>	<u>\$ 110,098,208</u>

The Group's current credit risk rating mechanism and the total book value of the investments in debt instruments of each credit rating are as follows:

Credit Rating	Definition	Recognition Basis	Expected Credit Loss	Total Book Value At December 31, 2021	
				Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Normal (Stage 1)	The debtor has a low credit risk and is fully capable of paying off contractual cash flows.	12-month expected credit losses	0.00%-0.42%	\$ 44,159,489	\$ 110,121,317
Abnormal (Stage 2)	Credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.	Lifetime expected credit losses (no credit impaired)		-	-
Default (Stage 3)	There is evidence that the credit is impaired.	Lifetime expected credit losses (credit impaired)	100%	-	7,554
Write offs	There is evidence that the debtor is facing serious financial difficulties and the Bank cannot reasonably expect to recover the debt.	Write-off		-	-

With respect to the Group's investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI and at amortized cost, information on the changes in its loss allowance summarized by credit risk rating is as follows:

	Credit Rating		
	Normal (12-month Expected Credit Losses)	Abnormal (Lifetime ECL and Not Credit Impaired)	Default (Lifetime ECL with Credit Impaired)
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>			
Balance, January 1, 2021	\$ 20,708	\$ -	\$ -
Changes in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	-	-	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	11,833	-	-
Disposal	(1,341)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>(1,309)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Loss allowance, December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 29,891</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Financial assets at amortized cost

Balance, January 1, 2021	\$ 26,472	\$ -	\$ 7,668
Changes in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	-	-	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	1,523	-	-
Disposal	(3,819)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>(1,067)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(114)</u>
Loss allowance, December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 23,109</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,554</u>

June 30, 2021

	Financial Assets at FVTOCI			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 40,773,727	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,773,727
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	-	-
Total book value	<u>40,773,727</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,773,727</u>
Allowance for impairment	(25,854)	-	-	(25,854)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 40,747,873</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 40,747,873</u>

Investments in Debt Instruments at Amortized Cost				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Total
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 48,375,414	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,375,414
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	7,604	7,604
Others (NCDs issued by the CBC)	<u>62,400,000</u>	-	-	<u>62,400,000</u>
Total book value	110,775,414	-	7,604	110,783,018
Allowance for impairment	(24,280)	-	(7,604)	(31,884)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 110,751,134</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 110,751,134</u>

Note: The bond rating is based on the original credit rating of Moody's, Fitch (Fitch), Standard & Poor's (S&P) and China Credit Rating.

The breakdown below shows the Group's investments in debt instruments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI and financial assets at amortized cost:

June 30, 2021

	Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Total book value	\$ 40,398,171	\$ 110,783,018
Loss allowance	<u>(25,854)</u>	<u>(31,884)</u>
Amortized cost	40,372,317	110,751,134
Fair value adjustment	<u>375,556</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 40,747,873</u>	<u>\$ 110,751,134</u>

The Group's current credit risk rating mechanism and the total book value of the investments in debt instruments of each credit rating are as follows:

Credit Rating	Definition	Recognition Basis	Expected Credit Loss	Total Book Value	
				Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Normal (Stage 1)	The debtor has a low credit risk and is fully capable of paying off contractual cash flows.	12-month expected credit losses	0.00%-0.42%	\$ 40,398,171	\$ 110,775,414
Abnormal (Stage 2)	Credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.	Lifetime expected credit losses (no credit impaired)		-	-
Default (Stage 3)	There is evidence that the credit is impaired.	Lifetime expected credit losses (credit impaired)	100%	-	7,604
Write offs	There is evidence that the debtor is facing serious financial difficulties and the Bank cannot reasonably expect to recover the debt.	Write-off		-	-

With respect to the Group's investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI and at amortized cost, information on the changes in its loss allowance summarized by credit risk rating is as follows:

	Credit Rating		
	Normal (12-month Expected Credit Losses)	Abnormal (Lifetime ECL and Not Credit Impaired)	Default (Lifetime ECL with Credit Impaired)
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>			
Balance, January 1, 2021	\$ 20,708	\$ -	\$ -
Change in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	-	-	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	6,268	-	-
Dispose	(333)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>(789)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Loss allowance, June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 25,854</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

	Credit Rating		
	Normal (12-month Expected Credit Losses)	Abnormal (Lifetime ECL and Not Credit Impaired)	Default (Lifetime ECL with Credit Impaired)
<u>Financial assets at amortized cost</u>			
Balance, January 1, 2021	\$ 26,472	\$ -	\$ 7,668
Change in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	-	-	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	1,146	-	-
Dispose	(2,463)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>(875)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(64)</u>
Loss allowance, June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 24,280</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,604</u>

3) Liquidity risk

a) The source and definition of liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk refers to the potential loss resulting from the shortage of funds in acquiring assets or repaying debts on maturity, such as the cash outflow arising from the depositors' withdrawal of deposits, loan drawdown, other interests, expenses, or off-balance sheet transactions. To ensure sufficient capital liquidity, measures that can be taken include enough cash buffer in stock or readily realizable marketable securities, allocation of the period, absorbing deposits or financing borrowing, etc.

b) The Group's liquidity risk policies

The Group establishes a strategy based on the conservatism principle to diversify the source and duration of funds, participates in the fund's lending market and maintains strong relationship with fund providers to ensure the stability and reliability of funding sources.

The Group formulates relevant standards including risk identification, measurement, monitoring and reporting in order to control and grasp the potential adverse effects, regularly performs stress tests and analyzes the crisis situation to mitigate impact of excessive capital flows, establishes a limit monitoring mechanism, and sets management indicators such as liquidity ratios, cash flow gaps, etc.

The Group's liquidity risk management unit is the Asset and Liability Management Committee (hereinafter referred to as the "Committee"). The Committee must adopt necessary monitoring steps to maintain adequate liquidity and ensure that certain committees should regularly report to the board of directors for effective management of liquidity risks.

Maturity analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities

The Group disclosed the analysis of cash outflows from non-derivative financial liabilities by the residual maturities as of the balance sheet date. The amounts used in the maturity analyses of derivative financial liabilities are based on contractual cash flows, so some of these amounts may not correspond to the amounts shown on the consolidated balance sheets.

June 30, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 4,600,750	\$ -	\$ 52,220	\$ 730	\$ -	\$ 4,653,700
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	1,747,845	2,310,245	620,455	1,946,328	409,057	7,033,930
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	1,103,571	100,679	-	-	-	1,204,250
Payables	4,946,106	1,775,517	397,094	830,746	306,692	8,256,155
Deposits and remittances	64,329,778	92,751,519	98,037,064	134,169,317	278,865,455	668,153,133
Bank debentures	97,250	16,359	144,206	59,149	16,500,000	16,816,964
Lease liabilities	14,837	29,629	43,654	83,952	777,685	949,757
Other items of cash outflow on maturity	1,935,735	772,963	78,131	807,546	2,135,012	5,729,387

December 31, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 3,900,014	\$ -	\$ 730	\$ 52,956	\$ -	\$ 3,953,700
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	1,653,991	2,555,307	1,406,005	1,148,161	3,695,692	10,459,156
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	401,059	804,865	-	-	-	1,205,924
Payables	9,108,609	1,514,852	523,948	388,301	276,052	11,811,762
Deposits and remittances	44,500,411	77,736,118	76,585,695	150,354,178	310,138,163	659,314,565
Bank debentures	-	-	-	65,375	16,500,000	16,565,375
Lease liabilities	14,789	29,210	42,950	82,878	797,308	967,135
Other items of cash outflow on maturity	1,824,823	370,311	41,499	233,960	819,573	3,290,166

June 30, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 5,400,751	\$ 419,788	\$ 164,379	\$ 730	\$ -	\$ 5,985,648
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	1,958,730	2,848,690	1,645,266	1,137,717	2,462,549	10,052,952
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	1,716,465	1,248,603	-	-	-	2,965,068
Payables	5,957,623	647,326	315,165	888,621	325,134	8,133,869
Deposits and remittances	55,454,999	76,241,304	95,445,604	131,243,212	289,926,642	648,311,761
Bank debentures	97,250	16,359	113,631	59,149	11,500,000	11,786,389
Lease liabilities	22,649	44,866	65,981	130,292	875,512	1,139,300
Other items of cash outflow on maturity	2,122,892	596,417	65,000	96,127	408,414	3,288,850

Maturity analysis of derivative financial liabilities

a) Derivative instruments settled at net amounts

Derivative instruments settled at net amounts include:

Foreign exchange derivative instruments: Foreign exchange forward contracts and cross-currency option contracts.

The Group assesses the maturity dates of derivative contracts to understand the basic elements of all derivative financial instruments shown on the consolidated balance sheets. The amounts used in the consolidated balance sheets are based on contractual cash flows. Therefore, some amounts may not correspond to the consolidated balance sheets. The maturity analysis of derivative financial liabilities was as follows:

June 30, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL Foreign currency derivative	\$ 29,269	\$ 65,355	\$ 122,920	\$ 78,645	\$ -	\$ 296,189
Total	\$ 29,269	\$ 65,355	\$ 122,920	\$ 78,645	\$ -	\$ 296,189

December 31, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL Foreign currency derivative	\$ 20,678	\$ 50,214	\$ 67,220	\$ 77,111	\$ -	\$ 215,223
Total	\$ 20,678	\$ 50,214	\$ 67,220	\$ 77,111	\$ -	\$ 215,223

June 30, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL Foreign currency derivative	\$ 82,630	\$ 55,175	\$ 81,721	\$ 40,139	\$ -	\$ 259,665
Total	\$ 82,630	\$ 55,175	\$ 81,721	\$ 40,139	\$ -	\$ 259,665

b) Derivative instruments settled at gross amounts

Derivative instruments settled at gross amounts include:

Foreign exchange derivatives instruments: Foreign exchange forward contracts and cross-currency swap contracts.

The Group disclosed the analysis of derivative instruments to be settled at gross amount by the residual maturities as of the balance sheet date. The Group assesses the maturity dates of derivative contracts to understand the basic elements of all derivative financial instruments shown in the balance sheets. The amounts used in the maturity analyses of derivative financial liabilities are based on contractual cash flows, so some of these amounts may not correspond to the amounts shown on the consolidated balance sheets. The maturity analysis of derivative financial liabilities settled at gross amounts was as follows:

June 30, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Foreign currency derivatives						
Outflows	\$ 2,991,554	\$ 8,787,246	\$ 3,440,415	\$ 2,709,651	\$ -	\$ 17,928,866
Inflows	2,931,557	8,242,789	3,345,772	2,640,547	-	17,160,665
Total outflows	2,991,554	8,787,246	3,440,415	2,709,651	-	17,928,866
Total inflows	2,931,557	8,242,789	3,345,772	2,640,547	-	17,160,665
Net flows	\$ (59,997)	\$ (544,457)	\$ (94,643)	\$ (69,104)	\$ -	\$ (768,201)

December 31, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Foreign currency derivatives						
Outflows	\$ 1,860,409	\$ 8,130,465	\$ 847,551	\$ 3,691,713	\$ -	\$ 14,530,138
Inflows	1,845,858	8,057,050	831,979	3,615,157	-	14,350,044
Total outflows	1,860,409	8,130,465	847,551	3,691,713	-	14,530,138
Total inflows	1,845,858	8,057,050	831,979	3,615,157	-	14,350,044
Net flows	\$ (14,551)	\$ (73,415)	\$ (15,572)	\$ (76,556)	\$ -	\$ (180,094)

June 30, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Foreign currency derivatives						
Outflows	\$ 1,013,205	\$ 4,702,626	\$ 2,476,209	\$ 1,965,019	\$ -	\$ 10,157,059
Inflows	992,995	4,553,242	2,400,566	1,933,674	-	9,880,477
Total outflows	1,013,205	4,702,626	2,476,209	1,965,019	-	10,157,059
Total inflows	992,995	4,553,242	2,400,566	1,933,674	-	9,880,477
Net flows	\$ (20,210)	\$ (149,384)	\$ (75,643)	\$ (31,345)	\$ -	\$ (276,582)

4) Maturity analysis of off-balance-sheet items

The following table shows the Group's maturity analysis of off-balance sheet items based on the residual maturities from the consolidated balance sheets. For the financial guarantee contract issued, the maximum amount of guarantee is included in the earliest period that may be required to perform the guarantee. The amounts in the table below were prepared on contractual cash flow basis; therefore, some disclosed amounts would not match with the consolidated balance sheets.

June 30, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Loan commitment	\$ 10,410,059	\$ 20,663,514	\$ 30,028,422	\$ 66,773,518	\$ 53,128,594	\$ 181,004,107
Letters of credit	1,649,413	2,505,921	207,622	21,497	-	4,384,453
Guarantee receivables	7,187,267	5,125,032	1,356,393	2,879,820	9,466,442	26,014,954
Lease contract commitment	2,426,855	70,037	17,760	82,932	-	2,597,584
Total	\$ 21,673,594	\$ 28,364,504	\$ 31,610,197	\$ 69,757,767	\$ 62,595,036	\$ 214,001,098

December 31, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Loan commitments	\$ 10,420,397	\$ 16,346,728	\$ 27,465,124	\$ 61,833,906	\$ 44,497,984	\$ 160,564,139
Letters of credit	1,149,591	2,504,565	195,332	21,378	-	3,870,866
Guarantee receivables	6,880,119	6,232,979	1,557,578	3,017,885	9,462,023	27,150,584
Lease contract commitment	1,427,851	149,460	12,454	82,249	-	1,672,014
Total	\$ 19,877,958	\$ 25,233,732	\$ 29,230,488	\$ 64,955,418	\$ 53,960,007	\$ 193,257,603

June 30, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Loan commitment	\$ 8,205,342	\$ 19,892,792	\$ 27,371,768	\$ 59,307,701	\$ 39,168,972	\$ 153,946,575
Letters of credit	1,158,320	2,642,597	256,752	6,364	9,525	4,073,558
Guarantee receivables	5,247,873	7,518,888	1,800,366	2,696,704	7,857,730	25,121,561
Lease contract commitment	1,195,621	104,259	61,110	39,238	-	1,400,228
Total	\$ 15,807,156	\$ 30,158,536	\$ 29,489,996	\$ 62,050,007	\$ 47,036,227	\$ 184,541,922

5) Cash flow and fair value risk of interest rate fluctuation

The floating-rate assets/liabilities held by the Group may be exposed to risks of future cash inflow/outflow. Since the risk is considered substantial, it is therefore hedged by the Group.

40. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Transferred Financial Assets That Do Not Qualify for Derecognition

Most of the transferred financial assets of the Group that are not derecognized in their entirety are securities sold under repurchase agreements. According to these transactions, the right of the receiving cash flows from transferred financial assets would be transferred to other entities and the associated liabilities of the Group's obligation to repurchase the transferred financial assets at a fixed price in the future would be recognized. As the Group is restricted to use, sell or pledge the transferred financial assets throughout the term of transaction, and is still exposed to interest rate risks and credit risks on these instruments, the transferred financial assets are not derecognized in their entirety. The details of financial assets that were not derecognized in their entirety and the associated financial liabilities were as follows:

June 30, 2022					
Category of Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets	Fair Value of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Net Position
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 1,197,849	\$ 1,203,820	\$ 1,205,394	\$ 1,203,820	\$ 1,574

December 31, 2021					
Category of Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets	Fair Value of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Net Position
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 1,211,468	\$ 1,205,559	\$ 1,241,778	\$ 1,205,559	\$ 36,219

June 30, 2021					
Category of Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets	Fair Value of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Net Position
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 2,993,188	\$ 2,963,834	\$ 3,070,610	\$ 2,963,834	\$ 106,776

41. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The Group did not hold financial instruments covered by Section 42 of the IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation" endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission; thus, it made an offset of financial assets and liabilities and reported the net amount in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Group engages in transactions on the following financial assets and liabilities that are not subject to balance sheet offsetting based on IAS 32 but are under master netting arrangements or similar agreements. These agreements allow both the Group and its counterparties to opt for the net settlement of financial assets and financial liabilities. If one party defaults, the other party may choose net settlement.

The netting information of financial assets and financial liabilities is set out below:

June 30, 2022

Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	
Securities purchased under resale agreements	\$ 6,217,996	\$ -	\$ 6,217,996	\$ 6,217,996	\$ -	\$ -

Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 1,203,820	\$ -	\$ 1,203,820	\$ 1,203,820	\$ -	\$ -

December 31, 2021

Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	
Securities purchased under resale agreements	\$ 11,258,439	\$ -	\$ 11,258,439	\$ 11,258,439	\$ -	\$ -

Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 1,205,559	\$ -	\$ 1,205,559	\$ 1,205,559	\$ -	\$ -

June 30, 2021

Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	
Securities purchased under resale agreements	\$ 14,604,913	\$ -	\$ 14,604,913	\$ 14,604,913	\$ -	\$ -

Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 2,963,834	\$ -	\$ 2,963,834	\$ 2,963,834	\$ -	\$ -

42. INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK

a. Asset quality

Items		June 30, 2022					June 30, 2021				
		Non-performing Loan (Note 1)	Total Loan	NPL Ratio (Note 2)	Allowance For Loan Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)	Non-performing Loan (Note 1)	Total Loan	NPL Ratio (Note 2)	Allowance For Loan Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)
Corporate loans	Secured	\$ 298,117	\$ 152,651,838	0.20%	\$ 1,526,518	512.05%	\$ 647,717	\$ 153,501,299	0.42%	\$ 1,537,869	237.43%
	Unsecured	19,261	91,812,560	0.02%	2,574,704	13,367.45%	212,678	82,569,148	0.26%	2,343,100	1,101.71%
Consumer loans	Mortgage (Note 4)	175,274	71,138,924	0.25%	1,116,017	636.73%	131,075	60,134,104	0.22%	937,777	715.45%
	Cash card	-	2	-	1	-	-	6	-	-	-
	Microcredit (Note 5)	2,577	949,050	0.27%	74,502	2,891.04%	2,040	918,199	0.22%	61,417	3,010.64%
	Other (Note 6)	Secured	182,694	159,682,398	0.11%	1,563,949	856.05%	212,636	150,539,054	0.14%	1,140,595
Unsecured		26,554	31,284,957	0.08%	528,592	1,990.63%	26,312	24,418,974	0.11%	340,887	1,295.56%
Loans		704,477	507,519,729	0.14%	7,384,283	1,048.19%	1,232,458	472,080,784	0.26%	6,361,645	516.18%

Items		June 30, 2022					June 30, 2021				
		Overdue Receivable	Accounts Receivable	Delinquency Ratio	Allowance for Credit Losses	Coverage Ratio	Overdue Receivable	Accounts Receivable	Delinquency Ratio	Allowance for Credit Losses	Coverage Ratio
Credit card		\$ 1,942	\$ 703,818	0.28%	\$ 28,197	1,451.96%	\$ 3,799	\$ 602,256	0.63%	\$ 26,620	700.71%
Accounts receivable without recourse (Note 7)		-	387,874	-	7,821	-	-	315,360	-	4,661	-

Non-reportable overdue loans and receivables

	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	
	Non-Reportable NPL Balance	Non-reportable Overdue Receivable Balance	Non-Reportable NPL Balance	Non-reportable Overdue Receivable Balance
Non-reportable amount upon performance of debt negotiation program (Note 8)	\$ 915	\$ 563	\$ 1,331	\$ 735
Amount received from performance of debt negotiation program (Note 9)	10,827	16,654	8,837	18,343
Total	11,742	17,217	10,168	19,078

Note 1: The amount recognized as non-performing loans (NPL) is in compliance with the “Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans”. Non-performing credit loans represent the amounts of non-performing loans reported to the FSC, as required by the FSC in its letter dated July 6, 2005 (Ref. No. 0944000378).

Note 2: Non-performing loan ratio = Non-performing loans ÷ Outstanding loan balance;
Non-performing credit loan ratio = Non-performing loans ÷ Accounts receivable balance.

Note 3: Allowance for doubtful accounts ratio = Allowance for doubtful accounts in loans ÷ Overdue loans;
Allowance for doubtful accounts ratio of credit card = Allowance for doubtful accounts in credit cards ÷ Overdue loans.

Note 4: Home mortgage refers to financing obtained to buy, build, or fix houses owned by the borrowers’ spouse or children, with the house used as loan collateral.

Note 5: Micro credit is covered by the FSC pronouncement dated December 19, 2005 (Ref No. 09440010950) and is excluded from credit card and cash card loans.

Note 6: “Others” under consumer loans refers to secured or unsecured loans other than mortgage loans, cash cards, micro credit, and credit cards.

Note 7: As required by the FSC in its letter dated July 19, 2005 (Ref No. 094000494), provision for bad-debt is recognized once no compensation is made by a factor or insurance company for accounts receivable factored without recourse.

Note 8: Accounts under “loans not required to be classified as NPL upon performance of a debt negotiation program” and “accounts receivable not required to be classified as overdue receivable upon debt negotiation program” were processed according the FSC pronouncement dated April 25, 2006 (Ref No. 09510001270).

Note 9: Accounts under “loans not required to be classified as NPL upon performance of a debt discharge program and rehabilitation program” and “accounts receivable not required to be classified as overdue receivable upon debt discharge program and rehabilitation program” were processed according the FSC pronouncement dated September 15, 2008 (Ref No. 09700318940).

b. Concentration of credit extensions

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

Year	June 30, 2022		
Top 10 Rank (Note 1)	Group (Note 2)	Total Credit (Note 3)	Percentage of Net Worth (%)
1	Group A 016700 real estate development activities	\$ 4,932,835	7.74
2	Group B 016700 real estate development activities	3,020,474	4.74
3	Group C 016700 real estate development activities	2,175,707	3.41
4	Group D 016700 real estate development activities	2,170,422	3.41
5	Group E 014290 civil engineering constructions	2,116,519	3.32
6	Group F 012411 smelting and refining of iron and steel	1,946,301	3.05
7	Group G 012699 manufacture of other electronic parts and components not elsewhere classified	1,832,267	2.87
8	Group H 016499 other financial intermediation	1,811,500	2.84
9	Group I 010892 manufacture of macaroni, noodles, couscous and similar farinaceous products	1,809,880	2.84
10	Group J 012630 bare printed circuit boards manufacturing	1,696,892	2.66

Year	June 30, 2021		
Top 10 Rank (Note 1)	Group (Note 2)	Total Credit (Note 3)	Percentage of Net Worth (%)
1	Group A 016700 real estate development activities	\$ 4,130,161	6.89
2	Group B 016700 real estate development activities	2,684,400	4.48
3	Group K 016700 real estate development activities	2,541,470	4.24
4	Group I 010892 manufacture of macaroni, noodles, couscous and similar farinaceous products	2,323,860	3.88
5	Group D 016700 real estate development activities	2,196,191	3.67
6	Group F 012411 smelting and refining of iron and steel	2,159,224	3.60
7	Group J 012630 bare printed circuit boards manufacturing	1,739,760	2.90
8	Group L 016700 real estate development activities	1,720,129	2.87
9	Group M 013822 hazardous industrial waste treatment	1,390,699	2.32
10	Group N 016499 other financial intermediation	1,385,516	2.31

Note 1: The ranking is arranged in descending order of the outstanding loan balance, excluding all the government entities and nation-owned enterprises. If the borrower is a member company of a group, then the disclosed amount will be the total granted loan amount for that entire group. (i.e., Group A real estate development activities).

Note 2: According to Article 6 of the “Supplementary Provisions to the Stock Exchange Corporation Criteria for the Review of Securities Listings”, Group refers to the entity that has a controlling or subordinate relationship with the counterparty that obtained loans from the Bank.

Note 3: Credit balance means the sum of all the loans (including import bill negotiated, discounted export bills negotiated, overdrafts, short-term secured and unsecured loans, securities margin loan receivables, medium-term secured and unsecured loans, long-term secured and unsecured loans and delinquent receivables), exchange bills negotiated, accounts receivable factored without recourse, acceptances receivable, and guarantees issued.

c. Interest rate sensitivity information

**Interest Rate Sensitivity
June 30, 2022**

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest-sensitive assets	\$ 521,375,745	\$ 10,486,906	\$ 17,683,631	\$ 94,628,128	\$ 644,174,410
Interest-sensitive liabilities	162,453,169	380,905,002	55,066,293	9,092,453	607,516,917
Interest sensitivity gap	358,922,576	(370,418,096)	(37,382,662)	85,535,675	36,657,493
Net equity					63,741,752
Ratio of interest-sensitive assets to liabilities					106.03%
Ratio of interest sensitivity gap to net equity					57.51%

June 30, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest-sensitive assets	\$ 511,148,970	\$ 7,743,608	\$ 8,424,119	\$ 93,632,943	\$ 620,949,640
Interest-sensitive liabilities	143,357,850	364,823,295	77,372,966	6,689,453	592,243,564
Interest sensitivity gap	367,791,120	(357,079,687)	(68,948,847)	86,943,490	28,706,076
Net equity					59,909,236
Ratio of interest-sensitive assets to liabilities					104.85%
Ratio of interest sensitivity gap to net equity					47.92%

Note 1: The above amounts included only the New Taiwan dollar amounts held by the head office and branches of the Bank (i.e., excluding foreign currency).

Note 2: Interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities mean the revenues or costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities affected by interest rate changes.

Note 3: Interest rate sensitivity gap = Interest rate-sensitive assets - Interest rate-sensitive liabilities.

Note 4: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest rate-sensitive assets ÷ Interest rate-sensitive liabilities (in New Taiwan dollars).

**Interest Rate Sensitivity
June 30, 2022**

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest-sensitive assets	\$ 1,430,529	\$ 285,895	\$ 96,706	\$ 281,259	\$ 2,094,389
Interest-sensitive liabilities	919,783	1,194,407	204,730	-	2,318,920
Interest sensitivity gap	510,746	(908,512)	(108,024)	281,259	(224,531)
Net equity					2,144,743
Ratio of interest-sensitive assets to liabilities					90.32%
Ratio of interest sensitivity gap to net equity					(10.47%)

June 30, 2021

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest-sensitive assets	\$ 1,498,036	\$ 262,606	\$ 108,063	\$ 337,553	\$ 2,206,258
Interest-sensitive liabilities	746,623	1,242,395	306,167	-	2,295,185
Interest sensitivity gap	751,413	(979,789)	(198,104)	337,553	(88,927)
Net equity					2,150,059
Ratio of interest-sensitive assets to liabilities					96.13%
Ratio of interest sensitivity gap to net equity					(4.14%)

Note 1: The above amounts included only the U.S. dollar amounts held by the head office, domestic branches, OBU and overseas branches of the Bank and excluded contingent assets and contingent liabilities.

Note 2: Interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities mean the revenues or costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities affected by interest rate changes.

Note 3: Interest rate sensitivity gap = Interest rate-sensitive assets - Interest rate-sensitive liabilities.

Note 4: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest rate-sensitive assets ÷ Interest rate-sensitive liabilities (in U.S. dollars)

d. Profitability

Unit: %

Items	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	
Return on total assets	Pretax	0.42	0.35
	After tax	0.34	0.31
Return on net equity	Pretax	5.03	4.42
	After tax	4.10	3.88
Profit margin	39.89	37.81	

Note 1: Return on total assets = Income before (after) income tax ÷ Average total assets

Note 2: Return on equity = Income before (after) income tax ÷ Average equity

Note 3: Net income ratio = Income after income tax ÷ Total net revenues

Note 4: Income before (after) income tax represents income for the one month ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

e. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

**Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities
June 30, 2022**

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Total	Period Remaining until Due Date and Amount Due					
		0-10 Days	11-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 695,099,146	\$ 75,319,813	\$ 53,858,664	\$ 38,149,688	\$ 62,372,955	\$ 113,981,857	\$ 351,416,169
Main capital outflow on maturity	839,210,117	30,698,441	38,990,517	104,186,863	137,203,566	175,825,118	352,305,612
Gap	(144,110,971)	44,621,372	14,868,147	(66,037,175)	(74,830,611)	(61,843,261)	(889,443)

June 30, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Total	Period Remaining until Due Date and Amount Due					
		0-10 Days	11-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 666,719,778	\$ 78,280,143	\$ 62,550,258	\$ 37,932,893	\$ 58,399,903	\$ 99,135,973	\$ 330,420,608
Main capital outflow on maturity	790,678,436	29,719,846	34,882,691	82,311,680	125,383,234	161,299,648	357,081,337
Gap	(123,958,658)	48,560,297	27,667,567	(44,378,787)	(66,983,331)	(62,163,675)	(26,660,729)

Note: The above amounts included only the New Taiwan dollar amounts held by the head office and domestic branches of the Bank (excluding foreign currency).

**Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities
June 30, 2022**

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	Total	Remaining Period to Maturity				
		0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 2,888,923	\$ 441,961	\$ 508,796	\$ 433,134	\$ 482,480	\$ 1,022,552
Main capital outflow on maturity	3,530,518	781,842	1,020,456	485,374	864,546	378,300
Gap	(641,595)	(339,881)	(511,660)	(52,240)	(382,066)	644,252

June 30, 2021

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	Total	Remaining Period to Maturity				
		0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 2,723,539	\$ 452,943	\$ 418,782	\$ 340,046	\$ 327,963	\$ 1,183,805
Main capital outflow on maturity	3,257,118	591,913	887,548	540,288	929,853	307,516
Gap	(533,579)	(138,970)	(468,766)	(200,242)	(601,890)	876,289

Note 1: The above amounts included only the U.S. dollar amounts held by the head office, domestic branches, OBU and overseas branches of the Bank and excluded contingent assets and contingent liabilities.

Note 2: When the OBU's assets account for 10% of total assets of the Bank, the Bank should provide complimentary disclosed information.

43. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

- a. The purpose of capital management is to meet the criteria set by administration which is the basic goal of the Group's capital management. The calculation method of the relevant qualified eligible capital and legal capital should be handled in accordance with the provisions of the competent authority.

To maintain the ratio of eligible capital to risk - weighted assets above the target level, the capital management structure of the Group should be properly planned depending on the conditions of capital market, the characteristics of various capital instruments, the efficiency of capital utilization and the impact of operational performance.

- b. The Group follows the relevant regulations of the competent authority and the internal operating procedures of the Bank, to regularly disclose relevant information on capital adequacy and report to the competent authority on a quarterly basis.

Self-owned capital of the Bank is divided into Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital according to principles of capital adequacy management.

- 1) The term "Net Tier 1 Capital" shall mean the aggregate amount of net common Equity Tier 1 and net additional Tier 1 Capital.

- a) The common equity Tier 1 capital consists of the common shares and additional paid-in capital in excess of par - common shares, the capital collected in advance, the capital reserves, the statutory surplus reserves, the special reserves, the accumulated profit or loss, the non-controlling interests and the other items of interest.

- b) Additional Tier 1 capital consists of non-cumulative perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premium, the non-cumulative perpetual subordinated debts, the non-cumulative perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premium, and the non-cumulative perpetual subordinated debts which are issued by banks' subsidiaries, and are not directly or indirectly held by banks.

- 2) Tier 2 capital

The Tier 2 capital consists of cumulative perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premium, the cumulative perpetual subordinated debts, the convertible subordinated debts, the long-term subordinated debts, the non-perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premium, when applying International Financial Reporting Standards in real estate and using the fair value method or the re-estimated value method as the deemed cost for the first time, the difference in amount between the deemed cost and the book value recognized in retained earnings, the 45% of unrealized gains on changes in the fair value of investment properties using the fair value method, as well as the 45% of unrealized gains on available-for-sale financial assets, the operational reserves and loan-loss provisions and the cumulative perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premium, the cumulative perpetual subordinated debts, the convertible subordinated debts, the long-term subordinated debts, and the non-perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premiums, which are issued by banks' subsidiaries, and are not directly or indirectly held by banks.

c. Capital adequacy ratio (CAR)

(Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

Items		Year	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	
Eligible capital	Common equity		\$ 62,952,635	\$ 62,409,217	\$ 58,647,783	
	Other Tier 1 capital		11,500,000	11,458,719	11,459,398	
	Tier 2 capital		11,835,961	10,993,346	5,788,215	
	Eligible capital		86,288,596	84,861,282	75,895,396	
Risk-weighted assets	Credit risk	Standardized approach	513,441,957	486,145,054	464,268,169	
		Internal ratings-based approach	-	-	-	
		Securitization	-	-	-	
	Operational risk	Basic indicator approach	23,351,900	23,351,900	22,082,050	
		Standardized approach/alternative standardized approach	-	-	-	
		Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-	
	Market risk	Standardized approach	11,274,350	10,622,413	10,438,925	
		Internal model approach	-	-	-	
	Risk-weighted assets			548,068,207	520,119,367	496,789,144
	Capital adequacy ratio (%)			15.74%	16.32%	15.28%
Ratio of common equity to risk-weighted assets (%)			11.49%	12.00%	11.81%	
Ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets (%)			13.58%	14.20%	14.11%	
Leverage ratio (%)			9.06%	9.08%	8.85%	

Note 1: Eligible capital and risk-weighted assets are calculated under the “Regulations Governing the Capital Adequacy Ratio of Banks” and “Explanation of Methods for Calculating the Eligible Capital and Risk-Weighted Assets of Banks”.

Note 2: Annual financial statements should include capital adequacy ratio of the current and prior year. Semi-annual financial statements in addition to exposing the current and prior year’s financial status, should also include the capital adequacy ratio at the end of prior year.

Note 3: Formulas used were as follows:

- 1) Eligible capital = Common equity + Other Tier 1 capital + Tier 2 capital.
- 2) Risk-weighted assets = Risk-weighted asset for credit risk + Capital requirements for operational risk and market risk x 12.5.
- 3) Capital adequacy ratio = Eligible capital ÷ Risk-weighted assets.
- 4) Ratio of the common equity to risk-weighted assets = Common equity ÷ Risk-weighted assets.
- 5) Ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets = (Common equity + Other Tier 1 capital) ÷ Risk-weighted assets.
- 6) Leverage ratio = Tier 1 capital ÷ Exposure measurement.

Note 4: Exempt from disclosure in the preparation of the first and third quarters of the financial reports.

44. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Details of significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	June 30, 2022						
	USD	CNY	JPY	AUD	EUR	Others	Total
<u>Financial assets in foreign currencies</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,232,213	\$ 934,113	\$ 525,605	\$ 135,583	\$ 164,529	\$ 507,060	\$ 5,499,103
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	89,160	88,799	-	163,599	-	1,137,307	1,478,865
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,615,968	6,386	-	-	1,921	137,068	1,761,343
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,371,172	1,960,164	-	110,885	-	-	3,442,221
Notes discounted and loans receivables	35,967,445	820,845	1,408,857	130,364	1,102,424	748,565	40,178,500
Financial assets at amortized cost	873,851	3,490,303	189,382	11,351	11,779	47,002	4,623,668
Other assets	20,582,562	4,083,264	-	1,399,920	-	823,726	26,889,472
	812,608	-	-	-	-	67	812,675
<u>Financial liabilities in foreign currencies</u>							
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	-	3,025,096	-	-	-	-	3,025,096
Deposits and remittances	67,373,865	3,334,065	1,430,757	1,812,088	749,568	1,830,407	76,530,750
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	565,187	-	-	-	2,247	137,067	704,501
Other financial liabilities	1,602,206	-	-	-	-	925,973	2,528,179
Payables	527,993	75,151	185,867	1,331	7,794	9,234	807,370
Lease liabilities	-	33,712	-	-	-	6,265	39,977
Provisions	24,476	-	-	-	-	-	24,476
Other liabilities	168,112	36,140	5,780	-	10,529	-	220,561
New Taiwan dollars exchange rate	29.72	4.44	0.22	20.45	31.03		
	December 31, 2021						
	USD	CNY	JPY	AUD	EUR	Others	Total
<u>Financial assets in foreign currencies</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,215,275	\$ 812,902	\$ 342,361	\$ 178,519	\$ 89,890	\$ 1,119,524	\$ 7,758,471
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	1,181,979	86,880	-	140,560	-	225,289	1,634,708
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,203,661	-	-	-	1,098	5,439	1,210,198
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,373,965	1,938,370	-	117,670	-	-	3,430,005
Notes discounted and loans receivables	32,874,107	874,568	1,234,805	75,300	1,215,774	615,252	36,889,806
Financial assets at amortized cost	996,226	3,323,823	109,965	10,772	11,751	33,762	4,486,299
Other assets	18,899,657	3,213,098	-	1,344,923	-	779,584	24,237,262
	301,792	-	-	-	-	896	302,688
<u>Financial liabilities in foreign currencies</u>							
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	-	2,803,782	-	-	-	-	2,803,782
Deposits and remittances	60,943,986	3,721,575	901,938	1,980,233	703,282	1,918,283	70,169,297
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	280,123	19,722	-	-	1,162	5,438	306,445
Other financial liabilities	467,255	-	-	-	-	117,238	584,493
Payables	742,228	142,482	106,541	1,314	7,629	3,529	1,003,723
Lease liabilities	-	35,879	-	-	-	4,524	40,403
Provisions	22,520	-	-	-	-	-	22,520
Other liabilities	156,307	26,646	2,524	-	16,918	-	202,395
New Taiwan dollars exchange rate	27.68	4.34	0.24	20.08	31.32		

	June 30, 2021						
	USD	CNY	JPY	AUD	EUR	Others	Total
<u>Financial assets in foreign currencies</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,307,505	\$ 865,356	\$ 723,666	\$ 425,114	\$ 209,487	\$ 766,108	\$ 8,297,236
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	75,233	107,725	-	-	-	-	182,958
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,204,088	-	-	-	-	135,676	1,339,764
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,721,110	1,933,348	-	125,736	-	-	3,780,194
Notes discounted and loans Receivables	34,156,416	1,451,434	846,000	157,128	980,795	886,664	38,478,437
Financial assets at amortized cost	845,154	3,453,040	180,674	5,154	33,765	29,207	4,546,994
Other assets	19,419,273	3,467,738	-	1,382,373	-	876,773	25,146,157
	597,156	86,180	-	-	-	255	683,591
<u>Financial liabilities in foreign currencies</u>							
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	417,960	-	-	-	-	-	417,960
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	-	2,749,572	-	-	-	-	2,749,572
Deposits and remittances	61,712,574	4,247,229	786,752	2,047,510	588,919	1,743,048	71,126,032
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	301,259	41,947	-	-	-	5,432	348,638
Other financial liabilities	33,158	-	-	-	-	131,850	165,008
Payables	610,812	115,922	178,963	1,585	31,633	3,622	942,537
Lease liabilities	-	38,508	-	-	-	4,014	42,522
Securities sold under repurchased agreements	1,759,257	-	-	-	-	-	1,759,257
Provisions	22,669	-	-	-	-	-	22,669
Other liabilities	182,594	23,768	7,781	-	12,453	-	226,596
New Taiwan dollars exchange rate	27.86	4.31	0.25	20.95	33.16		

45. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Changes in Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	Opening Balance	Cash Inflows (Outflows)	Non-cash Changes		Closing Balance
			New Leases	Lease Term End	
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 10,459,156	\$ (3,425,226)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,033,930
Commercial papers	2,063,676	453,361	-	-	2,517,037
Bank debentures	16,500,000	-	-	-	16,500,000
Guarantee deposit received	641,997	42,174	-	-	684,171
Lease liabilities	853,218	(73,427)	65,545	(7,671)	837,665
	<u>\$ 30,518,047</u>	<u>\$ (3,003,118)</u>	<u>\$ 65,545</u>	<u>\$ (7,671)</u>	<u>\$ 27,572,803</u>

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	Opening Balance	Cash Inflows (Outflows)	Non-cash Changes		Closing Balance
			New Leases	Lease Term End	
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 8,510,652	\$ 1,542,300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,052,952
Commercial papers	1,588,567	864,773	-	-	2,453,340
Bank debentures	11,500,000	-	-	-	11,500,000
Guarantee deposit received	567,148	103,354	-	-	670,502
Lease liabilities	<u>1,006,781</u>	<u>(119,548)</u>	<u>208,522</u>	<u>(92,063)</u>	<u>1,003,692</u>
	<u>\$ 23,173,148</u>	<u>\$ 2,390,879</u>	<u>\$ 208,522</u>	<u>\$ (92,063)</u>	<u>\$ 25,680,486</u>

46. OTHER SIGNIFICANT EVENT

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, future economic and financial development are uncertain. The Group strengthened its management towards the provision of loan, monitored and assessed financial information (including net revenue, expected impairment loss, operating expenses and capital adequacy ratio, etc.) by applying stress testing under additional pressure. Based on the information available as of the balance sheet date, the epidemic did not have significant influence on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, asset impairment and financing risk.

47. OPERATING SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided. The Group's reportable segments are as follows:

- Northern area
- Central area
- Southern area
- OBU
- Overseas branch
- Head office and others

a. Segment revenues and results

The analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segment was as follows:

	Northern Area	Central Area	Southern Area	OBU	Overseas Branch	Head Office and Others	Adjustment and Write-off	Total
For the six months ended June 30, 2022								
Interest revenue	\$ 1,618,323	\$ 2,403,776	\$ 1,336,856	\$ 750,959	\$ 50,196	\$ 2,008,163	\$ (1,343,955)	\$ 6,824,318
Interest expense	<u>(710,246)</u>	<u>(788,433)</u>	<u>(468,553)</u>	<u>(519,081)</u>	<u>(17,630)</u>	<u>(519,893)</u>	<u>1,343,955</u>	<u>(1,679,881)</u>
Net revenue	908,077	1,615,343	868,303	231,878	32,566	1,488,270	-	5,144,437
Net income and loss other than interest								
Service fee income	415,152	602,753	351,713	53,459	4,888	294,639	-	1,722,604
Gain on financial instruments	-	-	-	21,739	-	495,454	-	517,193
Others	6,644	13,047	9,718	(32,000)	(1,559)	(298,435)	(37,198)	(339,783)
Provision for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantee liabilities	(359,219)	(441,531)	(210,808)	(29,478)	(4,428)	709,769	-	(335,695)
Operating expenses	<u>(422,671)</u>	<u>(742,970)</u>	<u>(501,872)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(22,293)</u>	<u>(1,792,232)</u>	<u>37,198</u>	<u>(3,444,840)</u>
Income before income tax	<u>\$ 547,983</u>	<u>\$ 1,046,642</u>	<u>\$ 517,054</u>	<u>\$ 245,598</u>	<u>\$ 9,174</u>	<u>\$ 897,465</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,263,916</u>
For the six months ended June 30, 2021								
Interest revenue	\$ 1,525,707	\$ 2,217,281	\$ 1,286,655	\$ 656,405	\$ 41,876	\$ 1,559,199	\$ (1,204,887)	\$ 6,082,236
Interest expense	<u>(641,351)</u>	<u>(646,534)</u>	<u>(401,647)</u>	<u>(258,518)</u>	<u>(9,677)</u>	<u>(766,379)</u>	<u>1,204,887</u>	<u>(1,519,219)</u>
Net revenue	884,356	1,570,747	885,008	397,887	32,199	792,820	-	4,563,017
Net income and loss other than interest								
Service fee income	279,130	438,120	274,174	64,621	4,119	566,942	-	1,627,106
Gain on financial instruments	4,553	31,542	9,583	(7,372)	-	345,796	-	384,102
Others	8,818	12,063	10,778	49,446	722	(28,589)	(37,646)	15,592
Provision for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantee liabilities	44,701	157,076	(521,640)	7,617	(5,907)	(354,825)	-	(672,978)
Operating expenses	<u>(410,956)</u>	<u>(739,597)</u>	<u>(494,467)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(17,117)</u>	<u>(1,657,378)</u>	<u>37,646</u>	<u>(3,281,869)</u>
Income before income tax	<u>\$ 810,602</u>	<u>\$ 1,469,951</u>	<u>\$ 163,436</u>	<u>\$ 512,199</u>	<u>\$ 14,016</u>	<u>\$ (335,234)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,634,970</u>

This measure is provided to the chief operating decision maker for resources allocation and measurement of segment performance.

b. Segment assets

Segment Assets	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Northern area	\$ 153,378,570	\$ 145,565,777	\$ 139,970,327
Central area	205,952,291	206,673,851	199,674,269
Southern area	86,308,949	85,045,094	85,519,350
OBU	61,301,114	54,677,735	59,093,358
Overseas branch	3,285,760	3,118,161	3,107,796
Head office and others	<u>269,636,067</u>	<u>277,597,775</u>	<u>266,229,299</u>
	<u>\$ 779,862,751</u>	<u>\$ 772,678,393</u>	<u>\$ 753,594,399</u>

c. Revenue from major products and services

The main business of the Group is interest revenue; therefore, no product or service information is available.

d. Geographical information

Location	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2022	2021
Taiwan	\$ 6,885,873	\$ 6,447,461
Asia	158,072	141,870
America	<u>506</u>	<u>486</u>
	<u>\$ 7,044,451</u>	<u>\$ 6,589,817</u>

e. Information about major customers

The interest revenue of the Group from any single customer does not exceed 10% of the total interest revenue; therefore, information on major customers is not available.

48. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

a. Information about significant transactions and investees:

Disclosures of relevant information in accordance with Article 18 of Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks are as follows:

No.	Item	Note
1	Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital.	None
2	Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital.	None
3	Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital.	None
4	Allowance of service fees to related parties amounting to at least NT\$5 million.	None
5	Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital.	None
6	Sale of nonperforming loans.	None
7	Financial asset securitization and real estate securitization.	None
8	Other significant transactions which may affect the decisions of users of financial reports.	None

b. The related information of the Group's investees (Note):

No.	Item	Note
1	Related information and proportionate share in investees.	Table 1
2	Financing provided.	Table 2
3	Endorsement/guarantee provided.	Table 3
4	Marketable securities held.	Table 4
5	Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital	None
6	Derivative transactions.	Note 8
7	Other significant transactions which may affect the decisions of users of financial reports.	None

Note: Subsidiaries are exempt from disclosure if they belong to the financial, insurance, and securities industries, and the main business items of business registration include fund loans to others, endorsements, and trading of securities.

- c. Investment in mainland China: Table 5 (attached).
- d. Business relationships and significant transactions between the parent company and subsidiaries: Table 6 (attached).
- e. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 7)

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

THE RELATED INFORMATION AND PROPORTIONATE SHARE IN INVESTEEES
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Investor Company	Investee Company (Note 1)	Location	Main Businesses and Products	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value	Investment Gain (Loss)	Proportionate Share of the Bank and Its Affiliates in Investees (Note 1)				Note
							Shares (In Thousands)	Pro Forma Shares (Note 2)	Total		
									Shares (In Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	
Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Taichung Bank Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	Taichung City	Insurance broker industry	100.00	\$ 1,809,214	\$ 153,586	128,600	-	128,600	100.00	
	Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Securities investment trust industry	38.46	171,353	(2,638)	19,783	-	19,783	63.41	
	Taichung Commercial Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	Taichung City	Securities industry	100.00	1,685,676	(111,251)	162,450	-	162,450	100.00	
	Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	Taipei City	Leasing business	100.00	2,123,286	67,280	207,983	-	207,983	100.00	
Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	TCCBL Co., Ltd. (B.V.I.)	British Virgin Islands	Financial leasing and investment business	100.00	873,012	26,038	30,000	-	30,000	100.00	
TCCBL Co., Ltd. (B.V.I.)	Taichung Bank Financial Leasing (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Suzhou	Financial leasing business	100.00	824,557	25,602	-	-	-	100.00	
Taichung Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	Taichung Bank Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Venture capital business	100.00	203,027	(5,567)	21,000	-	21,000	100.00	

Note 1: Shares or pro forma shares held by the Bank, directors, supervisors, president, vice president and affiliates have all been included in accordance with the Company Act.

Note 2: a. Pro forma shares are shares assumed to be obtained through buying equity-based securities or entering into equity-linked derivative contracts for purposes defined in Article 74 of the Banking Law.
b. Equity-based securities, such as convertible bonds and warrants, are covered by Article 11 of "Securities and Exchange Law Enforcement Rules."
c. Derivative contracts, such as share options, are those conforming to the definition of derivatives in International Financial Reporting Standard 9.

Note 3: This table of "information of investees' names, locations, etc." can only be seen in the second and fourth quarter's financial statements.

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No. (Note 1)	Lender	Borrower	Financial Statements Account (Note 2)	Related Party	Highest Balance for the Period (Note 3)	Ending Balance (Note 8)	Actual Amount Borrowed	Interest Rate (%)	Nature of Financing (Note 4)	Business Transaction Amount (Note 5)	Reasons for Short-term Financing (Note 6)	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Collateral		Financing Limit for Each Borrower (Note 7)	Aggregate Financing Limit (Note 7)	Note
													Item	Value			
1	Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	Wan Ku Fu Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Not related	\$ 51,018	\$ 42,611	\$ 42,611	4-10	Necessary for short-term financing	\$ -	Business turnover	\$ 426	Real estate	\$ 86,610	\$ 212,329	\$ 849,314	Note 9
		Da Fang Skill Color Marketing Consulting Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Not related	176,294	164,912	164,912	4-10	Necessary for short-term financing	-	Business turnover	1,649	Real estate	180,000	212,329	849,314	Note 9
		Qiyi Integrated Marketing Co., Ltd	Other receivables	Not related	174,424	162,976	162,976	4-10	Necessary for short-term financing	-	Business turnover	1,630	Real estate	326,301	212,329	849,314	Note 9
		TCCBL Co., Ltd. (B.V.I.)	Other receivables - related party	Related	9,932	9,932	9,932	-	Necessary for short-term financing	-	Business turnover	99	None	-	212,329	849,314	Note 9

Note 1: The description of the number column is as follows:

- a. Issuer: 0.
- b. The invested company is numbered sequentially by the Arabic number 1 according to the company.

Note 2: Items such as accounts receivable, corporate receivables, shareholder transactions, prepayments, provisional payments, etc., which are provided by financing are required to be filled in this field.

Note 3: The annual fund is provided to others to the highest balance.

Note 4: Nature of financing should be filled with business contracts or those who have short-term financing.

Note 5: Nature of the loan of the business contracts should be filled with the amount of business transactions. The amount of business transactions refers to the amount of business transactions between the company that lends the funds and the target of last year's loan.

Note 6: Nature of the loan required for short-term financing should specify the reasons for the loans and the use of funds for the loan, such as repayment of loans, purchase of equipment, business turnover, etc.

Note 7: The company shall fill in the borrowing limit and total limit for individual objects according to the operating procedures and explains the calculation method of the total limit in the column Note.

Note 8: If the board of directors of the public offering company according to Article 14 (1) of the Public Offering Company's Financing and Endorsement Guarantee Processing Guidelines will make a resolution, the amount of the resolution of the board of directors shall be included in the announcement balance to disclose its risk; however, if the funds are repaid, the balance after repayment should be disclosed to reflect the adjustment of risk. If the public offering company authorizes the chairman of the board to allocate or repay the loan in a certain amount and within one year according to the resolution of the board of directors in accordance with Article 14 (2) of the handling criteria, the fund's loan and the amount approved by the board of directors shall be the declared balance. Although the funds will be repaid afterwards, the consideration may still be re-loaned. Therefore, the fund loan and the amount approved by the board of directors should still be used as the announced balance.

Note 9: Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited should not exceed 10% of its own net value for a single enterprise. The total amount of financing provided to others is limited to 40% of the net value of Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No.	Endorser/Guarantor	Endorsee/Guarantee		Limit on Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Each Party (Note 1)	Maximum Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed During the Period (Note 2)	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Borrowing Amount	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collateral	Ratio of Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit (Note 1)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries (Note 3)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent (Note 3)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China (Note 3)
		Name	Relationship										
1	Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	TCCBL Co., Ltd. (B.V.I.)	Direct shareholding of 100% of subsidiary	\$ 12,739,716	\$ 546,488	\$ 89,160	\$ -	\$ -	4.20	\$ 21,232,860	-	-	-
		Taichung Bank Financial Leasing (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Indirect shareholding of 100% of subsidiary	12,739,716	4,427,520	4,427,520	2,013,313	-	208.52	21,232,860	-	-	Y

Note 1: According to Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited's "Operating Procedures to Fund Endorsement and Guarantee", the endorsement limit to single company cannot surpass six times of Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited's audited net worth. The endorsement limits to all subsidiaries cannot surpass 10 times of Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited's audited net worth.

Note 2: The maximum balance guaranteed for endorsement of others during the year.

Note 3: It is a guarantor of the listed parent company to the endorsement of the subsidiary, the subsidiary company's endorsement to the listed parent company and the endorsement of the mainland area must be filled with Y.

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

JUNE 30, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars or Shares)

Name of Holding Company	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship	Financial Statements Account	June 30, 2022				Note
				Number of Shares	Carrying Amount (Note)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Market Value or Net Asset Value (Note)	
Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	<u>Domestic unlisted shares</u> Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	Subsidiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	207,983	\$ 2,123,286	100	\$ 2,123,286	
	Taichung Bank Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	128,600	1,809,214	100	1,809,214	
	Taichung Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	162,450	1,685,676	100	1,685,676	
	Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	Association	Investment accounted for using the equity method	12,000	171,353	38	171,353	
Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	<u>Foreign unlisted shares</u> TCCBL Co., Ltd. (B.V.I.)	Sub-subsidiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	30,000	873,012	100	873,012	
TCCBL Co., Ltd. (B.V.I.)	<u>Foreign unlisted shares</u> Taichung Bank Financial Leasing (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	-	824,557	100	824,557	
Taichung Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	<u>Domestic unlisted shares</u> Taichung Bank Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	21,000	203,027	100	203,027	

Note: The financial industry, the insurance industry and the securities industry are exempt from disclosure.

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2022	Investment Flows		Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of June 30, 2022	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain	Carrying Value as of June 30, 2022	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as of June 30, 2022
					Outflow	Inflow					
Taichung Bank Financial Leasing (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Financial leasing business	\$ 893,373 (CNY 186,329 thousand)	Investment in mainland China companies through an existing company established in a third region.	\$ 893,373 (CNY 186,329 thousand)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 893,373 (CNY 186,329 thousand)	100	\$ 25,602 (CNY 5,788 thousand)	\$ 824,557 (CNY 185,711 thousand)	\$ -

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of June 30, 2022	Investment Amount Approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA	Maximum Investment Allowable (Note 2)
\$893,373	\$893,373	\$1,273,972

Note 1: Recognition of investment gains and losses based on the financial statements audited by the parent company's accountant.

Note 2: Based on the Investment Commission's "Regulation on the Examination of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China", investments are limited to the regulation of Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited's calculation.

Note 3: Foreign currency involved translation into the New Taiwan dollar at the spot rate and average exchange rate on the date of the financial statements (CNY1=NT\$4.44, CNY1=NT\$4.42)

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE PARENT COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No. (Note 1)	Transaction Company	Counterparty	Transaction Flow (Note 2)	Description of Transactions			Transaction Amount/Total Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Consolidated Assets (%) (Note 4)
				Financial Statement Account	Amount (Note 3)	Trading Terms	
0	June 30, 2022 Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Taichung Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	a	Deposits and remittances	\$ 1,342,305	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	a	Service fee income	100,002	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	1
		Taichung Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	a	Receivables	16,667	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Commercial Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	a	Deposits and remittances	31,574	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited.	a	Deposits and remittances	70,104	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Bank Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	a	Deposits and remittances	113,630	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
1	Taichung Commercial Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	b	Right-of-use assets	15,577	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	b	Lease liabilities	15,837	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-

Note 1: The parent company and subsidiaries are numbered as follows:

- a. Parent company: 0.
- b. Subsidiaries are numbered sequentially from 1.

(Continued)

Note 2: Transaction flows are as follows:

- a. From parent company to subsidiary,
- b. From subsidiary to parent company, and
- c. Between subsidiaries.

Note 3: Have been eliminated on consolidation.

Note 4: Percentage to the consolidated total assets is calculated by dividing the amount of a particular asset or liability account by the consolidated total assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021. Percentage to the consolidated total revenues is calculated by dividing the amount of a particular revenue or cost or expense account by the consolidated total operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Note 5: Referring to transactions exceeding \$10,000 thousand.

(Concluded)

TABLE 7**TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES****INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS****JUNE 30, 2022**

Name of Major Shareholder	Shares	
	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)
China Man-Made Fiber Corporation	987,604,374	21.76
Pan Asia Chemical Corporation	253,260,640	5.58

Note 1: According to Article 25 of the Banking Act of the Republic of China, the same person or same related party who individually, jointly or collectively acquires more than 5% of a bank's outstanding voting shares shall report such fact to the authorities within 10 days from the date of acquisition.

Note 2: If the shares of the major shareholders in the above table are held by trustees, the shareholdings should be separately disclosed by the trust accounts opened by the trustee. As for shareholders' handling of insider shareholding declarations with more than 10% of their shares in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act, their shareholdings include their own shareholdings plus those shares held under trust accounts with the right to utilize the trust assets, etc. For more information on insider shareholding declarations, please refer to the market observation post system website of the TWSE.